

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.6887, 88.4042,  
-7.4785)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.6887, 88.4042,  
-7.4785) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.6768, 88.3614,  
-7.3119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF009D
RGB	255, 0, 157
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	323°, 100%, 50%
HSV	323°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	47.3258, 23.6943, 33.9774
YIQ	94.1430, 101.5830, 102.8870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

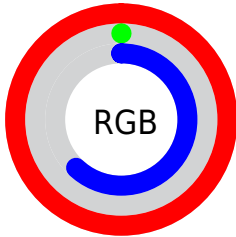
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 157
Decimal	16711837
CIELab	55.78, 86.90, -11.90
CIELCh	56, 87.707, 352.205
Yxy	23.6957, 0.4507, 0.2257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901917 (0xFFFF009D)
YUV	94.1430, 30.9885, 141.0716
Hunter-Lab	48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119

# Details

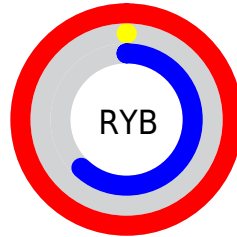
The HunterLab color **48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **85.0902, -69.2589, 43.1574**, and the grayscale version is **33.3845, -1.7813, 1.8138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4313, 69.5275, -24.3007**, and **34.9958, 62.9048, -0.4361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.6760, 88.3584, -7.3003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.7617, 87.0942, -11.2581**.

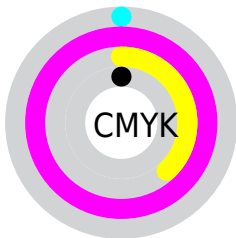
# Distribution



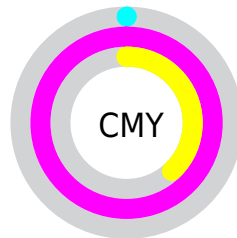
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48.6768, 88.3614,  
-7.3119

48.6768, 88.3614,  
-7.3119

164.7053,  
109.2254, -5.2261

38.8690, 85.8358,  
-7.2642

70.3798, 93.4723,  
-7.2044

29.8249, 83.5030,  
-7.1434

82.1898, 95.9643,  
-7.0637

21.6169, 81.6687,  
-6.9407

94.5953, 98.3834,  
-6.8705

14.3410, 81.1154,  
-6.6521

107.5689,  
100.7210, -6.6282

8.0005, 86.2362,  
-6.5961

121.0866,  
102.9739, -6.3401

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

135.1275,

105.1414, -6.0089

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.6727,  
107.2246, -5.6369

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.6768, 88.3614,  
-7.3119

■ 48.6768, 88.3614,  
-7.3119

■ 48.6760, 88.3584,  
-7.3003

■ 49.7617, 87.0942,  
-11.2581

■ 51.7607, 82.9610,  
-14.0624

■ 54.8354, 75.8136,  
-15.3575

■ 58.9661, 66.2855,  
-15.1423

■ 64.0634, 55.1905,  
-13.6071

70.0079, 43.2482,  
-11.0177

76.6778, 30.9737,  
-7.6317

83.9629, 18.6834,  
-3.6609

91.7694, 6.5459,  
0.7359

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6782, 66.2592, -58.6504



48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



48.6782, 80.9826, 21.7404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6782, 88.3565, -7.3102



48.6782, -26.4009, 32.7968



48.6782, -38.5969, -85.2292

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



85.0902, -69.2589, 43.1574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.6782, -52.0516, -29.9662



48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



48.6782, -46.5953, 28.3858

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6782, 88.3565, -7.3102



48.6782, 7.2962, 33.2846



48.6782, -54.4708, 10.8678



48.6782, -11.7637, -120.8976



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



48.6782, 61.1132, 29.5555



48.6782, -54.4708, 10.8678



48.6782, -44.4650, -66.9919

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6782, 88.3565, -7.3102



76.6608, 31.0038, -7.6408



31.3149, 76.6721, -158.4867



34.1286, 16.7455, -4.2332

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6782, 88.3565, -7.3102



48.6760, 88.3584, -7.3003



46.2105, 79.3300, 28.3042



42.6322, 2.7663, 0.4402



35.2285, 64.0246, -5.8775



11.0893, 20.3264, -3.1872



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6782, 88.3565, -7.3102



48.6760, 88.3584, -7.3003



87.7329, -53.0516, 4.8673



42.6322, 2.7663, 0.4402



35.2285, 64.0246, -5.8775



11.0893, 20.3264, -3.1872



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

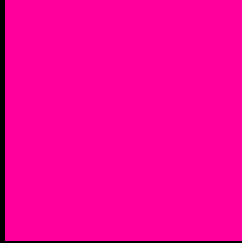
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119.

-7.3119.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119

### Protanopia

49.4774, 9.9987, -54.6988

### Deuteranopia

49.1402, 3.4807, -2.4702



## Tritanopia

48.9440, 66.4835, 25.4472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



## Protanomaly

41.6903, 42.3108, -51.2815



## Deuteranomaly

43.1032, 42.0370, -12.3940



## Tritanomaly

47.7934, 75.8900, 16.4438

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119



## Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177



## Achromatomaly

33.5982, 36.6401, -8.3544

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.6768, 88.3614, -7.3119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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