

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.7563, -0.5788,
3.3269)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.7563, -0.5788, 3.3269)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.6389, -0.4770,
3.3526)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8484
RGB	139, 132, 132
RGB Percent	55%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4823, 0.4823
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.45
HSL	0°, 3%, 53%
HSV	0°, 5%, 55%
XYZ	23.0636, 23.6574, 25.1805
YIQ	134.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

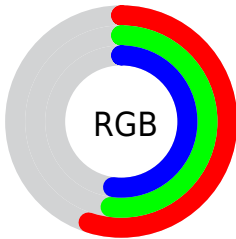
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 132, 132
Decimal	9143428
CIE Lab	55.74, 2.63, 0.93
CIE LCh	56, 2.787, 19.580
Yxy	23.6585, 0.3208, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287333508 (0xFF8B8484)
YUV	134.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034
Hunter-Lab	48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526

Details

The HunterLab color $48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.2339, -4.7302, 2.0411$, and the grayscale version is $48.8665, -2.6074, 2.6550$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.2902, -1.5091, 4.5702$, and $29.8913, 0.0879, 2.1880$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.4768, 4.0970, 4.5883$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.9979, -4.8688, 2.1943$.

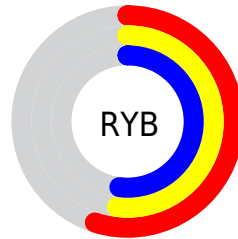
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (52%)

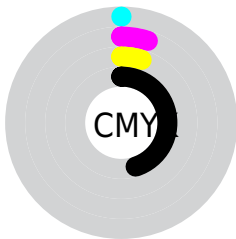
Blue (52%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (52%)

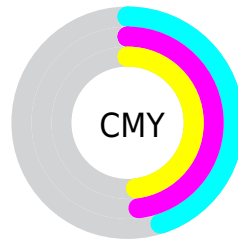


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.6389, -0.4770,
3.3526

■ 48.6389, -0.4770,
3.3526

■ 164.6479, -5.6263,
10.0264

■ 38.8336, -0.1050,
2.7678

■ 70.3365, -1.3642,
4.6280

■ 29.7924, 0.2148,
2.2193

■ 82.1443, -1.8695,
5.3137

■ 21.5877, 0.4737,
1.7105

■ 94.5476, -2.4125,
6.0297

■ 14.3156, 0.6604,
1.2442

■ 107.5191, -2.9911,
6.7748

■ 7.9744, 1.0087,
0.9195

■ 121.0348, -3.6033,
7.5480

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 135.0737, -4.2475,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.3482

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.6171, -4.9223,
9.1746

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.6389, -0.4770,
3.3526

■ 48.6389, -0.4770,
3.3526

■ 44.4768, 4.0970,
4.5883

■ 52.9979, -4.8688,
2.1943

■ 40.5416, 8.8691,
5.9053

■ 57.5241, -9.0950,
1.1022

■ 36.8761, 13.8300,
7.3047

■ 62.1975, -13.1795,
0.0681

■ 33.5318, 18.9320,
8.7742

■ 67.0012, -17.1441,
-0.9165

■ 30.5701, 24.0587,
10.2790

■ 71.9212, -21.0082,
-1.8591

■ 28.0597, 28.9923,
11.7511

■ 76.9464, -24.7890,
-2.7663

■ 26.0678, 33.4010,
13.0838

■ 82.0675, -28.5010,
-3.6436

■ 24.6435, 36.8862,
14.1473

■ 87.2764, -32.1565,
-4.4957

■ 23.7802, 39.1579,
14.8448

■ 91.7764, -35.2422,
-5.1839

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6400, -0.3844, 2.2622



48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526



48.6400, -1.1430, 4.2356

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6400, -0.4782, 3.3534



48.6400, -4.2846, 4.0035



48.6400, -3.0007, 0.5140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526



50.2339, -4.7302, 2.0411

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.6400, -4.0359, 1.0042



48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526



48.6400, -4.7725, 3.0299

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6400, -0.4782, 3.3534



48.6400, -3.3432, 4.6048



48.6400, -4.6819, 1.9311



48.6400, -1.8481, 0.6055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526



48.6400, -1.8171, 4.5946



48.6400, -4.6819, 1.9311



48.6400, -3.3738, 0.6166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6400, -0.4782, 3.3534



66.8100, -2.4230, 4.0132



48.8425, 0.6253, 0.4562



32.1076, -1.2010, 1.9164



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6400, -0.4782, 3.3534



64.4672, 0.0177, 4.6633



49.6216, -2.1357, 4.4557



23.0232, 0.0649, 1.6851



22.2600, 38.1090, 14.3837



1.8152, 3.1030, 1.1728

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2339, -4.7302, 2.0411



67.0609, -6.9018, 2.5277



49.2319, -3.0904, 0.8656



23.9925, -2.5213, 0.8869



42.8196, -22.6909, -4.5375



3.4907, -1.8502, -0.3690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

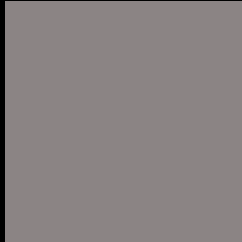
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

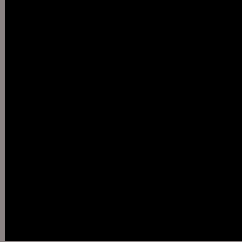
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.6389, -0.4770,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526

Protanopia

48.6855, -1.6993, 2.9463

Deuteranopia

48.5768, 3.6092, 2.9117



Tritanopia

48.7146, 1.7347, -0.6217

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526

Protanomaly

48.7718, -1.4009, 3.0525

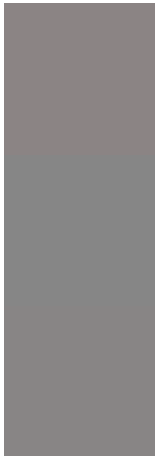
Deuteranomaly

48.5675, 2.1771, 2.8758

Tritanomaly

48.6241, 1.2464, 0.6647

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

48.6855, -1.6993, 2.9463

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 132, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 132, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 132, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 132, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 132, 132) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 132, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 132, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 132, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 132, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 132,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.6389, -0.4770, 3.3526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 132, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
132, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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