

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.8049, -25.0267,
-6.9764)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.8049, -25.0267,
-6.9764) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.7799,
-24.9967, -7.0099)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009599
RGB	0, 149, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4157, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	182°, 100%, 30%
HSV	182°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.4972, 23.7948, 33.8603
YIQ	104.9050, -90.0880, -30.3440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

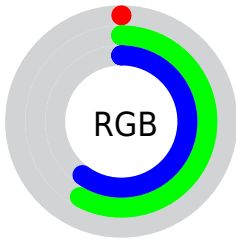
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 153
Decimal	38297
CIELab	55.88, -30.93, -11.57
CIELCh	56, 33.019, 200.504
Yxy	23.7957, 0.2225, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228377 (0xFF009599)
YUV	104.9050, 23.7108, -92.0017
Hunter-Lab	48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099

Details

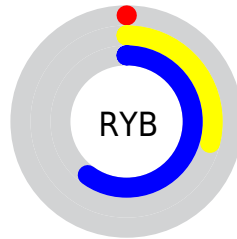
The HunterLab color **48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.1912, 43.9964, 16.9075**, and the grayscale version is **37.4898, -2.0004, 2.0369**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.6147, -29.8656, -6.5748**, and **31.1363, -15.7002, -5.0255** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7804, -24.9971, -7.0097**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.0169, -24.7342, -6.6827**.

Distribution



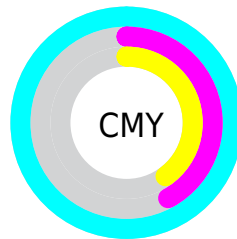
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.7799, -24.9967,
-7.0099

■ 48.7799, -24.9967,
-7.0099

164.8593,
-44.3721, -4.8123

■ 38.9642, -22.5124,
-6.9778

■ 70.4958, -29.6532,
-6.8756

■ 29.9120, -19.8747,
-6.8719

■ 82.3120, -31.8717,
-6.7216

■ 21.6952, -17.0201,
-6.6840

■ 94.7233, -34.0373,
-6.5155

■ 14.4093, -13.8388,
-6.4091

■ 107.7025,
-36.1607, -6.2608

■ 8.0700, -14.1224,
-6.3285

■ 121.2256,
-38.2500, -5.9606

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 135.2717,

-40.3117, -5.6177

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.8219,
-42.3510, -5.2342

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.7799, -24.9967,
-7.0099

■ 48.7799, -24.9967,
-7.0099

■ 48.7804, -24.9971,
-7.0097

■ 49.0169, -24.7342,
-6.6827

■ 49.3305, -24.1690,
-6.2478

■ 49.7556, -23.1720,
-5.6589

■ 50.3036, -21.7076,
-4.9045

■ 50.9822, -19.7576,
-3.9793

■ 51.7967, -17.3188,
-2.8835

■ 52.7501, -14.4007,
-1.6216

■ 53.8430, -11.0228,
-0.2014

■ 55.0746, -7.2130,
1.3663

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.7808, -26.0549, 6.6279



48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099



48.7808, -18.3191, -21.0340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.7808, -24.9967, -7.0092



48.7808, 19.5371, -16.2191



48.7808, 1.8370, 21.5282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099



26.1912, 43.9964, 16.9075

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.7808, 15.3895, 18.3585



48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099



48.7808, 26.3299, -1.6824

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.7808, -24.9967, -7.0092



48.7808, 7.0126, -27.2921



48.7808, 24.7333, 10.6743



48.7808, -11.5316, 20.8368

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099



48.7808, -11.1256, -27.5288



48.7808, 24.7333, 10.6743



48.7808, 6.5428, 20.9218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.7808, -24.9967, -7.0092



70.5088, -19.5271, -2.2791



47.7374, -40.8917, 28.6079



32.8932, -9.9105, -1.3862



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.7808, -24.9967, -7.0092



65.2452, -33.4107, -9.4268



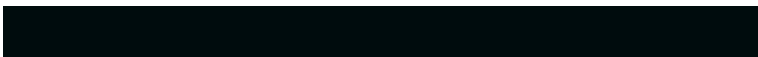
26.8193, 7.6192, -49.9661



26.4553, -3.3120, 0.7149



44.3555, -22.7357, -6.3606



5.4916, -2.8617, -0.6865

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9047, 58.4643, -36.9247



40.0126, 78.2234, -49.3429



35.1759, 19.3179, 22.0122



25.1413, 1.8270, -0.7299



27.1872, 53.1582, -33.5891



3.3355, 6.5388, -4.2533

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

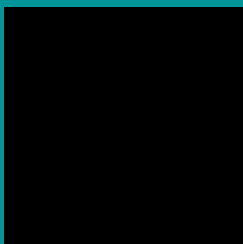
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

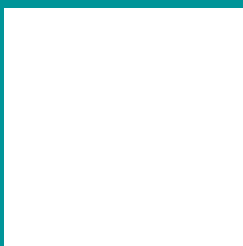
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.7799,

-24.9967, -7.0099.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099

Protanopia

48.4482, -0.4788, -1.9568

Deuteranopia

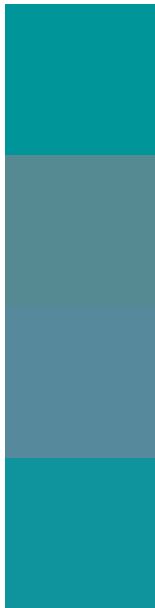
48.5288, 3.5730, -9.0059



Tritanopia

48.8877, -22.4294, -10.6026

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099

Protanomaly

47.1326, -13.9293, -5.9248

Deuteranomaly

47.1912, -11.5337, -10.6392

Tritanomaly

48.6988, -23.3777, -9.2370

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

40.3400, -14.5540, -2.4591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 149, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 149, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 149, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 149, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 149, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 149, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 149, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 149, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.7799, -24.9967, -7.0099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 149, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 149,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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