

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.8089, 10.0398,
-82.6799)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.8089, 10.0398,
-82.6799) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.8538, 9.9317,
-82.5027)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0085FD
RGB	0, 133, 253
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 99%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4784, 0.0078
CMYK	1.00, 0.47, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	208°, 100%, 50%
HSV	208°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	26.1172, 23.8669, 96.1588
YIQ	106.9130, -117.7880, 9.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

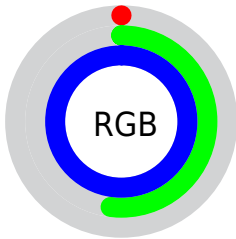
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 87, 253
Decimal	34301
CIE _{Lab}	55.95, 14.92, -67.82
CIE _{LCh}	56, 69.445, 282.403
Yxy	23.8676, 0.1787, 0.1633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224381 (0xFF0085FD)
YUV	106.9130, 72.0209, -93.7627
Hunter-Lab	48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027

Details

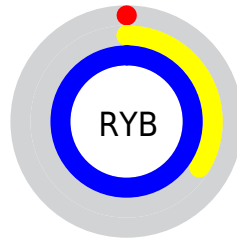
The HunterLab color **48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **58.5952, 41.3492, 36.8278**, and the grayscale version is **38.0868, -2.0322, 2.0693**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.3518, -6.3398, -41.8926**, and **32.3065, 15.8371, -74.5682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8440, 9.9508, -82.5317**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.4933, 4.2535, -72.5409**.

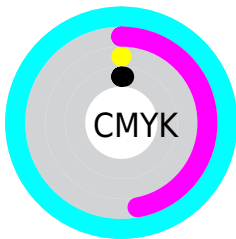
Distribution



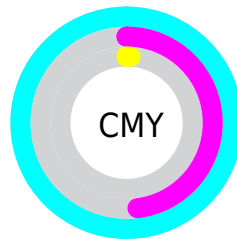
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.8538, 9.9317,
-82.5027

■ 48.8538, 9.9317,
-82.5027

■ 164.9698, 9.5155,
-89.0010

■ 39.0326, 9.6429,
-82.8010

■ 70.5791, 10.2639,
-83.2175

■ 29.9746, 9.2523,
-84.0032

■ 82.3997, 10.3221,
-83.9015

■ 21.7514, 8.7434,
-86.9249

■ 94.8152, 10.3180,
-84.6887

■ 14.4584, 8.0910,
-93.5344

■ 107.7984, 10.2566,
-85.5328

■ 8.1194, 7.7680,
-111.6112

■ 121.3254, 10.1423,
-86.4034

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

135.3751, 9.9787,

-87.2801

0.0000, NaN, -NF

149.9289, 9.7688,
-88.1491

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 48.8538, 9.9317,
-82.5027

■ 48.8538, 9.9317,
-82.5027

■ 48.8440, 9.9508,
-82.5317

■ 52.4933, 4.2535,
-72.5409

■ 56.4835, -0.4466,
-62.7495

■ 60.8338, -4.0596,
-53.1565

■ 65.5197, -6.6263,
-43.8364

■ 70.5120, -8.2312,
-34.8344

■ 75.7815, -8.9754,
-26.1669

■ 81.3010, -8.9618,
-17.8296

■ 87.0457, -8.2864,
-9.8053

■ 92.9942, -7.0349,
-2.0692

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8545, -18.3280, -79.5546



48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027



48.8545, 40.8896, -54.8433

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8545, 9.9333, -82.5015



48.8545, 45.6756, 26.5893



48.8545, -45.1594, 16.1145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027



58.5952, 41.3492, 36.8278

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8545, -34.7706, 27.8303



48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027



48.8545, 15.3881, 30.9978

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8545, 9.9333, -82.5015



48.8545, 64.5259, 12.7221



48.8545, -14.0018, 31.2606



48.8545, -45.9620, -10.1389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027



48.8545, 57.1713, -28.7886



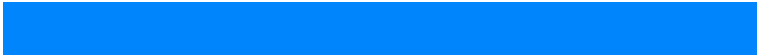
48.8545, -14.0018, 31.2606



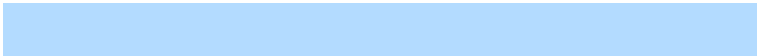
48.8545, -42.8079, 21.3823

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8545, 9.9333, -82.5015



82.0081, -9.0439, -18.0245



84.5944, -67.0075, 38.9176



36.8407, -4.2264, -9.9624

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8545, 9.9333, -82.5015



49.2692, 10.0671, -83.3142



26.9760, 70.7269, -186.3867



43.5406, -3.2510, -0.8021



36.0353, 6.4747, -59.0181



12.1788, 0.3242, -15.9223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.5162, 84.9280, 3.0771



47.9392, 85.6886, 3.1384



92.6973, -21.5898, 56.7403



42.5988, 2.5872, 0.9154



34.6970, 62.1001, 1.6425



10.9283, 19.7458, -0.9289

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

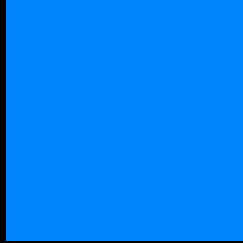
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

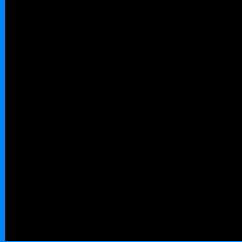
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

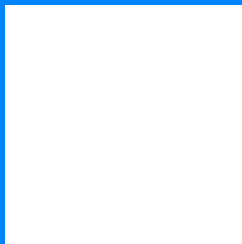
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027

Protanopia

48.8284, 14.9892, -78.4740

Deuteranopia

48.7661, 3.3738, -68.2364



Tritanopia

48.6297, -23.5773, -9.8863

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027

Protanomaly

48.3997, 12.3704, -80.7526

Deuteranomaly

48.7842, 5.5224, -72.8973

Tritanomaly

48.4718, -13.2071, -32.0753

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027

Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

Achromatomaly

40.3210, -4.2701, -24.1330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 253) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 133, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.8538, 9.9317, -82.5027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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