

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.8295, 88.9120,
-9.4550)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.8295, 88.9120,
-9.4550) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.8193, 88.8752,
-9.3120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00A1
RGB	255, 0, 161
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 63%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	322°, 100%, 50%
HSV	322°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	47.6731, 23.8332, 35.8059
YIQ	94.5990, 100.2990, 104.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

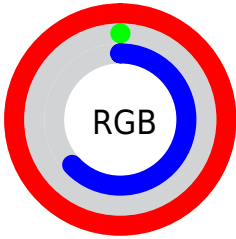
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 0, 161
Decimal	16711841
CIE _{Lab}	55.92, 87.26, -14.04
CIE _{LCh}	56, 88.383, 350.857
Yxy	23.8346, 0.4442, 0.2221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901921 (0xFFFF00A1)
YUV	94.5990, 32.7357, 140.6717
Hunter-Lab	48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120

Details

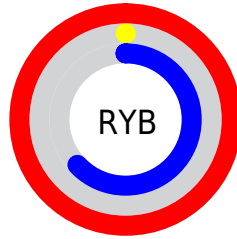
The HunterLab color **48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **85.0469, -69.5294, 43.7955**, and the grayscale version is **33.5482, -1.7900, 1.8227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.6030, 70.2574, -26.6674**, and **35.0865, 63.2334, -1.7213** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8184, 88.8723, -9.3005**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.8970, 87.5909, -13.1473**.

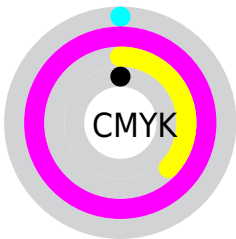
Distribution



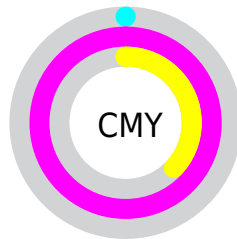
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

48.8193, 88.8752,
-9.3120

48.8193, 88.8752,
-9.3120

164.9191,
109.8059, -7.9133

39.0012, 86.3458,
-9.1782

70.5409, 93.9976,
-9.3716

29.9459, 84.0110,
-8.9711

82.3595, 96.4966,
-9.3113

21.7257, 82.1768,
-8.6850

94.7731, 98.9231,
-9.1962

14.4359, 81.6244,
-8.3242

107.7544,
101.2686, -9.0301

8.0968, 86.4735,
-8.2176

121.2796,
103.5295, -8.8161

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

135.3277,

105.7052, -8.5570

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.8798,
107.7967, -8.2554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.8193, 88.8752,
-9.3120

■ 48.8193, 88.8752,
-9.3120

■ 48.8184, 88.8723,
-9.3005

■ 49.8970, 87.5909,
-13.1473

■ 51.8850, 83.4353,
-15.7918

■ 54.9453, 76.2572,
-16.8863

■ 59.0597, 66.6870,
-16.4454

■ 64.1398, 55.5382,
-14.6744

■ 70.0674, 43.5328,
-11.8504

■ 76.7210, 31.1892,
-8.2380

■ 83.9907, 18.8268,
-4.0523

■ 91.7830, 6.6169,
0.5467

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8207, 65.3806, -61.8961



48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



48.8207, 82.7975, 21.0772

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8207, 88.8703, -9.3103



48.8207, -25.3563, 33.0007



48.8207, -39.7628, -83.8251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



85.0469, -69.5294, 43.7955

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8207, -52.7380, -27.9394



48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



48.8207, -46.2980, 28.9290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8207, 88.8703, -9.3103



48.8207, 9.1677, 33.3970



48.8207, -54.7105, 12.1993



48.8207, -13.3628, -121.6804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



48.8207, 63.3597, 29.3822



48.8207, -54.7105, 12.1993



48.8207, -45.4662, -65.1775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8207, 88.8703, -9.3103



76.7038, 31.2197, -8.2476



30.9464, 76.3153, -160.8534



34.1516, 16.8591, -4.5576

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8207, 88.8703, -9.3103



48.8184, 88.8723, -9.3005



46.2355, 79.4225, 27.9345



42.6381, 2.7977, 0.3569



35.3309, 64.3939, -7.3141



11.1198, 20.4357, -3.6106

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.8207, 88.8703, -9.3103



48.8184, 88.8723, -9.3005



87.6021, -53.8412, 6.7352



42.6381, 2.7977, 0.3569



35.3309, 64.3939, -7.3141



11.1198, 20.4357, -3.6106

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

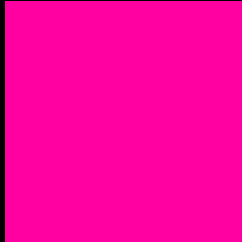
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120.

-9.3120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120

Protanopia

49.5976, 11.0575, -59.6200

Deuteranopia

49.4523, 3.3778, -4.0628



Tritanopia

49.1934, 65.8881, 25.2541

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



Protanomaly

41.7999, 43.2591, -56.3113



Deuteranomaly

43.2909, 41.8839, -14.4614



Tritanomaly

47.9945, 75.6575, 15.6889

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120



Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380



Achromatomaly

33.6689, 36.9462, -9.3404

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.8193, 88.8752, -9.3120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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