

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 9E6EE1 |
| RGB | 158, 110, 225 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 43%, 88% |
| CMY | 0.3804, 0.5686, 0.1176 |
| CMYK | 0.30, 0.51, 0.00, 0.12 |
| HSL | 265°, 66%, 66% |
| HSV | 265°, 51%, 88% |
| XYZ | 33.2670, 23.8572, 74.0856 |
| YIQ | 137.4620, -8.3070, 45.9410 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

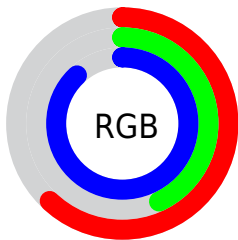
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 158, 110, 225 |
| Decimal | 10383073 |
| CIE Lab | 55.95, 42.26, -51.87 |
| CIE LCh | 56, 66.903, 309.174 |
| Yxy | 23.8581, 0.2535, 0.1818 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288573153 (0xFF9E6EE1) |
| YUV | 137.4620, 43.1562, 18.0118 |
| Hunter-Lab | 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 |

Details

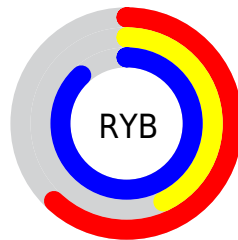
The HunterLab color $48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9966CC$. A complement of this color would be $80.2020, -33.8095, 37.9223$, and the grayscale version is $50.0367, -2.6698, 2.7186$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.1820, 31.6031, -37.8974$, and $29.9664, 33.1610, -55.2213$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42.8304, 44.6491, -71.4361$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.4490, 27.6402, -41.5178$.

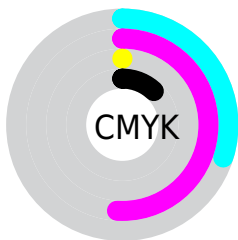
Distribution



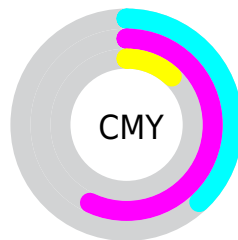
- Red (62%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396

48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396

164.9552, 45.1593,
-62.0695

39.0235, 34.5911,
-55.2860

70.5680, 38.7606,
-57.0981

29.9663, 32.9630,
-55.1984

82.3881, 39.9320,
-57.8586

21.7440, 31.2256,
-55.8550

94.8031, 41.0070,
-58.6240

14.4519, 29.4416,
-58.1794

107.7857, 41.9928,
-59.3756

8.1129, 28.6824,
-66.1150

121.3122, 42.8956,
-60.1018

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

135.3615, 43.7211,

-60.7955

0.0000, NaN, -NF

149.9148, 44.4742,
-61.4522

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396

■ 48.8438, 36.0980,
-55.7396

■ 42.8304, 44.6491,
-71.4361

■ 55.4490, 27.6402,
-41.5178

■ 37.5572, 52.9197,
-88.3860

■ 62.5279, 19.4167,
-28.6765

■ 33.2073, 60.1453,
-105.6708

■ 69.9958, 11.4523,
-17.0076

■ 29.9575, 65.1563,
-121.3827

■ 77.7894, 3.7244,
-6.2953

■ 27.9491, 67.3137,
-132.7134

■ 85.8609, -3.8047,
3.6506

■ 94.1742, -11.1741,
12.9864

■ 98.6085, -12.0195,
17.7207

■ 99.1041, -10.2661,
18.2710

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8447, 6.2395, -79.2888



48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396



48.8447, 58.3096, -19.1820

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8447, 36.0976, -55.7380



48.8447, 17.9603, 30.3462



48.8447, -45.0812, -6.1950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396



80.2020, -33.8095, 37.9223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8447, -43.3102, 17.5425



48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396



48.8447, -10.8690, 30.9685

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8447, 36.0976, -55.7380



48.8447, 46.3125, 25.1544



48.8447, -32.0812, 27.9790



48.8447, -37.6219, -41.7972

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396



48.8447, 63.4210, 1.9172



48.8447, -32.0812, 27.9790



48.8447, -45.5012, 3.3888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8447, 36.0976, -55.7380



86.0190, 7.8192, -12.0685



63.4265, -10.3568, -27.6871



38.9143, 4.4921, -6.7955

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8447, 36.0976, -55.7380



49.1547, 51.7628, -82.9199



55.7665, 53.8533, -40.4295



36.7714, 1.1417, -2.1326



21.3692, 51.2544, -99.8263



6.0680, 13.9699, -23.8169

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0766, 48.0435, -9.9979



58.3010, 66.5099, -12.4949



76.7724, -47.3288, 35.0851



37.1938, 2.2934, 0.5574



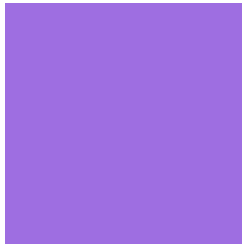
31.9276, 57.7132, -2.9054



8.5106, 15.5726, -2.2362

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

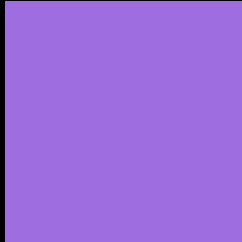
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

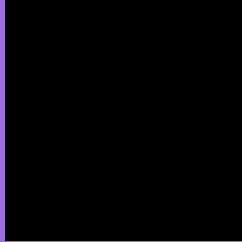
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396.

-55.7396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396

Protanopia

49.1280, 14.0330, -73.7368

Deuteranopia

49.1942, 4.2246, -51.2186



Tritanopia

48.8942, 2.3424, -0.3877

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396

Protanomaly

48.3768, 20.3498, -68.9707

Deuteranomaly

48.3568, 14.4136, -54.6825

Tritanomaly

48.4153, 13.8675, -17.7203

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

49.0541, 10.3220, -14.9610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 110, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 110, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 110, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 110, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 110, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 110, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 110, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 110, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 110, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 110,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.8438, 36.0980, -55.7396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 110, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
110, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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