

Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.8757, -3.9625,
-2.9587)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(48.8757, -3.9625,
-2.9587) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(49.0343, -4.0854,
-2.7387)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D8892
RGB	125, 136, 146
RGB Percent	49%, 53%, 57%
CMY	0.5098, 0.4667, 0.4274
CMYK	0.14, 0.07, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	209°, 9%, 53%
HSV	209°, 14%, 57%
XYZ	22.4499, 24.0436, 30.6518
YIQ	133.8510, -9.7660, 0.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

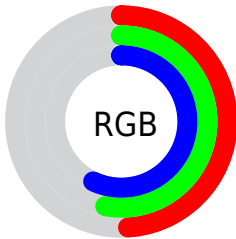
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 132, 146
Decimal	8226962
CIE _{Lab}	56.13, -1.84, -6.71
CIE _{LCh}	56, 6.959, 254.680
Y _{xy}	24.0446, 0.2910, 0.3117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286417042 (0xFF7D8892)
YUV	133.8510, 5.9895, -7.7623
Hunter-Lab	49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387

Details

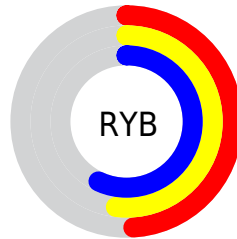
The HunterLab color $49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.9194, -0.7546, 7.7023$, and the grayscale version is $48.7478, -2.6011, 2.6486$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.7321, -5.2145, -2.3106$, and $30.0609, -2.6116, -3.3487$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.9678, -4.6214, -6.8317$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.1990, -3.2862, 1.2185$.

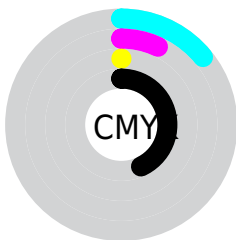
Distribution



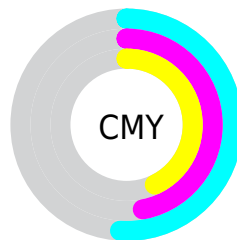
- Red (49%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.0343, -4.0854,
-2.7387

■ 49.0343, -4.0854,
-2.7387

165.2410,
-11.0327, 1.1244

■ 39.2004, -3.4542,
-2.9274

■ 70.7835, -5.4410,
-2.1878

■ 30.1283, -2.8537,
-3.0508

■ 82.6149, -6.1615,
-1.8373

■ 21.8896, -2.2858,
-3.0987

■ 95.0408, -6.9095,
-1.4415

■ 14.5790, -1.7508,
-3.0585

108.0338, -7.6841,
-1.0035

■ 8.2395, -1.4125,
-3.0806

121.5702, -8.4844,
-0.5259

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.6291, -9.3097,

-0.0108

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.1916,
-10.1594, 0.5398

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.0343, -4.0854,
-2.7387

■ 49.0343, -4.0854,
-2.7387

■ 45.9678, -4.6214,
-6.8317

■ 52.1990, -3.2862,
1.2185

■ 43.0061, -4.8533,
-11.0763

■ 55.4505, -2.2543,
5.0514

■ 40.1613, -4.7388,
-15.4830

■ 58.7825, -1.0189,
8.7743

■ 37.4456, -4.2300,
-20.0591

■ 62.1884, 0.3957,
12.4001

■ 34.8726, -3.2768,
-24.8048

■ 65.6628, 1.9690,
15.9404

■ 32.4568, -1.8309,
-29.7096

■ 69.2007, 3.6832,
19.4058

■ 30.2120, 0.1461,
-34.7491

■ 72.7978, 5.5236,
22.8058

■ 28.1488, 2.6664,
-39.8881

■ 76.4503, 7.4771,
26.1489

■ 27.0408, 4.2118,
-42.8908

■ 79.9883, 8.9813,
29.2881

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0353, -6.5283, -1.2165



49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387



49.0353, -1.1953, -2.7549

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0353, -4.0863, -2.7379



49.0353, 2.9029, 3.9969



49.0353, -6.4856, 6.2994

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387



49.9194, -0.7546, 7.7023

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0353, -4.0267, 7.5366



49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387



49.0353, 1.4167, 6.2607

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0353, -4.0863, -2.7379



49.0353, 2.8861, 1.2442



49.0353, -1.1343, 7.5229



49.0353, -7.8915, 4.0525

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387



49.0353, 0.6003, -1.9052



49.0353, -1.1343, 7.5229



49.0353, -5.7574, 6.8412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0353, -4.0863, -2.7379



69.4591, -4.3276, 1.7746



51.6351, -10.5201, 5.3975



32.6222, -2.0809, 0.6687



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0353, -4.0863, -2.7379



63.9081, -5.6766, -5.2264



46.1312, 0.7938, -6.5120



24.7095, -1.8064, -0.3298



25.4546, 3.7865, -39.9901



3.7196, -1.0442, -2.3950

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.4935, 5.7058, 0.2857



61.4818, 9.9589, -0.2760



52.8533, -5.6046, 10.7044



24.2138, 1.2676, 0.5800



24.1815, 43.3540, 0.5679



2.7844, 5.1890, -1.4609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

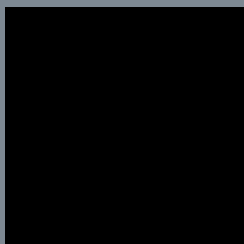
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

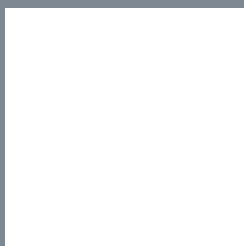
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387.

-2.7387.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387

Protanopia

49.1245, -0.9749, -1.5924

Deuteranopia

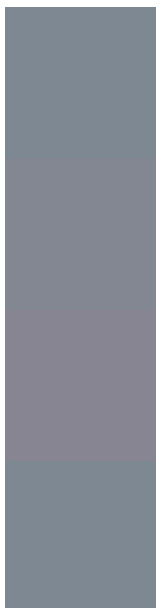
49.0815, 3.3476, -3.0427



Tritanopia

49.0662, -3.9099, -3.1896

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387

Protanomaly

49.1910, -2.1345, -2.0138

Deuteranomaly

49.1079, 0.5972, -3.0566

Tritanomaly

49.0662, -3.9099, -3.1896

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

48.9778, -3.3033, 1.0147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 136, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 136, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 136, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 136, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 136, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 136, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 136, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 136, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 136, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 136,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.0343, -4.0854, -2.7387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 136, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
136, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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