

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.9841, 89.4689,  
-11.6194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.9841, 89.4689,  
-11.6194) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.9659, 89.4034,  
-11.3650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00A5
RGB	255, 0, 165
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	321°, 100%, 50%
HSV	321°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	48.0315, 23.9766, 37.6937
YIQ	95.0550, 99.0150, 105.3750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

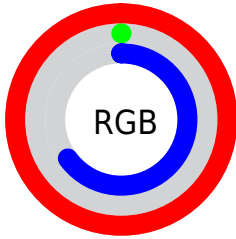
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 165
Decimal	16711845
CIELab	56.07, 87.63, -16.18
CIELCh	56, 89.115, 349.538
Yxy	23.9780, 0.4378, 0.2186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901925 (0xFFFF00A5)
YUV	95.0550, 34.4829, 140.2718
Hunter-Lab	48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650

# Details

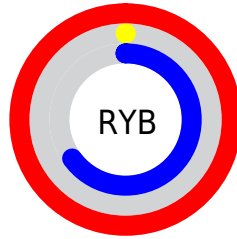
The HunterLab color **48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **85.0056, -69.7866, 44.4022**, and the grayscale version is **33.7115, -1.7988, 1.8316**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7785, 71.0016, -29.0786**, and **35.2118, 63.6872, -3.4935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9651, 89.4006, -11.3539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.0356, 88.0994, -15.0783**.

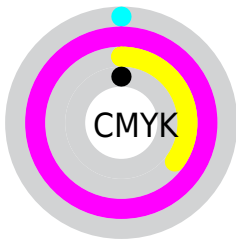
# Distribution



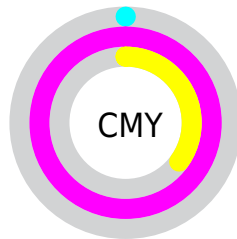
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



48.9659, 89.4034,  
-11.3650

48.9659, 89.4034,  
-11.3650

165.1390,  
110.4023, -10.6252

39.1373, 86.8701,  
-11.1517

70.7066, 94.5377,  
-11.5820

30.0705, 84.5332,  
-10.8668

82.5340, 97.0438,  
-11.5983

21.8376, 82.6992,  
-10.5089

94.9559, 99.4779,  
-11.5583

14.5336, 82.1477,  
-10.0937

107.9453,  
101.8313, -11.4654

8.1946, 86.7404,  
-9.9652

121.4781,  
104.1004, -11.3230

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

135.5336,

106.2845, -11.1338

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.0928,  
108.3845, -10.9005

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.9659, 89.4034,  
-11.3650

■ 48.9659, 89.4034,  
-11.3650

■ 48.9651, 89.4006,  
-11.3539

■ 50.0356, 88.0994,  
-15.0783

■ 52.0116, 83.9193,  
-17.5533

■ 55.0569, 76.7086,  
-18.4388

■ 59.1543, 67.0945,  
-17.7654

■ 64.2167, 55.8905,  
-15.7530

70.1269, 43.8206,  
-12.6901

76.7639, 31.4068,  
-8.8481

84.0181, 18.9717,  
-4.4454

91.7959, 6.6889,  
0.3568

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9673, 64.5236, -65.2041



48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



48.9673, 84.6286, 20.3928

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9673, 89.3986, -11.3632



48.9673, -24.3070, 33.2036



48.9673, -40.9130, -82.4602

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



85.0056, -69.7866, 44.4022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.9673, -53.4228, -25.9744



48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



48.9673, -46.0059, 29.4480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9673, 89.3986, -11.3632



48.9673, 11.0557, 33.5125



48.9673, -54.9569, 13.4773



48.9673, -14.9339, -122.4855



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



48.9673, 65.6257, 29.2040



48.9673, -54.9569, 13.4773



48.9673, -46.4568, -63.4116

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9673, 89.3986, -11.3632



76.7471, 31.4369, -8.8581



30.5934, 75.9800, -163.1681



34.1748, 16.9735, -4.8841

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9673, 89.3986, -11.3632



48.9651, 89.4006, -11.3539



46.2636, 79.5272, 27.5167



42.6440, 2.8292, 0.2734



35.4363, 64.7733, -8.7877



11.1509, 20.5474, -4.0427



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9673, 89.3986, -11.3632



48.9651, 89.4006, -11.3539



87.4743, -54.6134, 8.5619



42.6440, 2.8292, 0.2734



35.4363, 64.7733, -8.7877



11.1509, 20.5474, -4.0427



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

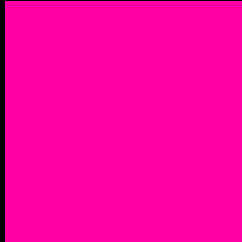
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650.

-11.3650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650

### Protanopia

49.6815, 11.9028, -63.8828

### Deuteranopia

49.4076, 3.4928, -6.1809



## Tritanopia

49.3332, 65.6355, 24.9754

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



## Protanomaly

41.6933, 43.4766, -60.2539



## Deuteranomaly

43.3063, 42.2347, -16.8623



## Tritanomaly

48.0358, 75.8165, 15.0884

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650



## Achromatopsia

33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380



## Achromatomaly

33.7047, 37.1014, -9.8398

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 0, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.9659, 89.4034, -11.3650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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