

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(48.9894, 58.8939,  
-19.2484)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(48.9894, 58.8939,  
-19.2484) contains.

<b>HunterLab(48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**HunterLab(48.9496, 58.6286,  
-19.1928)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	D952B1
RGB	217, 82, 177
RGB Percent	85%, 32%, 69%
CMY	0.1490, 0.6784, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.18, 0.15
HSL	318°, 64%, 59%
HSV	318°, 62%, 85%
XYZ	39.5684, 23.9606, 44.1343
YIQ	133.1950, 49.9650, 58.1650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

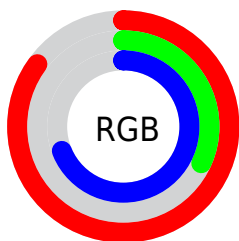
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">217, 82, 177</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14242481</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">56.05, 62.79, -23.79</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">56, 67.142, 339.247</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">23.9618, 0.3675, 0.2226</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292432561</a> (0xFFD952B1)
YUV	<a href="#">133.1950, 21.5959, 73.4970</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **72.6812, -49.0772, 28.9047**, and the grayscale version is **48.4124, -2.5832, 2.6303**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5340, 54.0951, -25.1190**, and **30.1090, 54.3527, -18.0453** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.7599, 66.4232, -20.2823**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9438, 49.3846, -16.9449**.

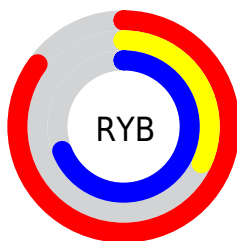
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (32%)

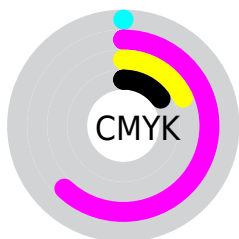
Blue (69%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (69%)

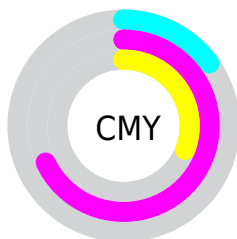


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 48.9496, 58.6286,  
-19.1928

 48.9496, 58.6286,  
-19.1928


165.1143, 73.7161,  
-20.6263


 39.1220, 56.4870,  
-18.7447

 70.6880, 62.6432,  
-19.9047


 30.0565, 54.3059,  
-18.2487

 82.5144, 64.5035,  
-20.1703

 21.8250, 52.1841,  
-17.7322

 94.9354, 66.2645,  
-20.3775

 14.5226, 50.4009,  
-17.2809

 107.9238, 67.9297,  
-20.5289

 8.1837, 50.8810,  
-17.5537

121.4558, 69.5030,  
-20.6269

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

135.5104, 70.9890,

-20.6743

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.0689, 72.3919,  
-20.6733

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.9496, 58.6286,  
-19.1928

■ 48.9496, 58.6286,  
-19.1928

■ 45.7599, 66.4232,  
-20.2823

■ 52.9438, 49.3846,  
-16.9449

■ 43.4311, 72.1255,  
-20.0129

■ 57.6489, 39.3154,  
-13.8085


■ 41.9625, 75.2834,  
-18.3456


■ 62.9694, 28.8825,  
-10.0293


■ 41.2818, 76.2434,  
-16.3253


■ 68.8147, 18.3850,  
-5.8042

■ 75.1065, 7.9915,  
-1.2756

 81.7795, -2.2178,  
3.4591

 88.7802, -12.2156,  
8.3354

 95.8633, -21.7029,  
13.0961

 96.0534, -20.6300,  
10.3720

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9508, 36.3383, -55.9447



48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



48.9508, 62.7027, 10.2042

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9508, 58.6257, -19.1912



48.9508, -10.9732, 31.0568



48.9508, -37.7347, -42.1030

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



72.6812, -49.0772, 28.9047

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.9508, -45.2420, -6.3054



48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



48.9508, -32.2446, 28.0542

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9508, 58.6257, -19.1912



48.9508, 17.9715, 30.4427



48.9508, -43.4878, 17.5657



48.9508, -20.2762, -73.5498



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



48.9508, 53.8073, 21.6704



48.9508, -43.4878, 17.5657



48.9508, -41.3049, -29.5637

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9508, 58.6257, -19.1912



84.8513, 18.2645, -5.3499



38.8031, 39.3861, -75.7056



38.2701, 10.1246, -3.1873

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9508, 58.6257, -19.1912



53.8434, 82.4411, -24.4293



46.8410, 49.5629, 10.6015



36.3396, 2.4299, 0.0087



32.1489, 59.4281, -13.1179



8.2731, 15.4482, -4.5784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9508, 58.6257, -19.1912



53.8434, 82.4411, -24.4293



74.1892, -39.9817, 7.1048



36.3396, 2.4299, 0.0087



32.1489, 59.4281, -13.1179



8.2731, 15.4482, -4.5784



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

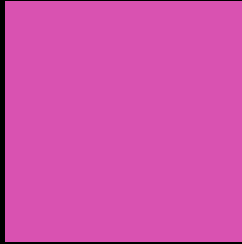
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

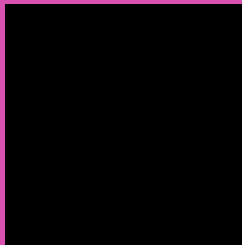
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928

### Protanopia

49.2800, 8.3905, -47.6489

### Deuteranopia

49.1049, 3.5569, -15.0012



## Tritanopia

48.8646, 37.9177, 13.8963

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



## Protanomaly

47.1468, 24.1824, -40.7940



## Deuteranomaly

47.6388, 22.9104, -18.8195



## Tritanomaly

48.6218, 45.3119, 4.1343

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928



## Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313



## Achromatomaly

47.0075, 19.3212, -6.5591

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 82, 177) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 82, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 82, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 82, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 82, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 82, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 82, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 82, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 82, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 82,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.9496, 58.6286, -19.1928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 82, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217, 82,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor