

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0006, -15.2270,
6.1195)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0006, -15.2270,
6.1195) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.8422,
-15.0690, 5.8716)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	698E7E
RGB	105, 142, 126
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 49%
CMY	0.5882, 0.4431, 0.5059
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.11, 0.44
HSL	154°, 15%, 48%
HSV	154°, 26%, 56%
XYZ	19.2646, 23.8556, 23.3279
YIQ	129.1130, -16.9160, -12.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

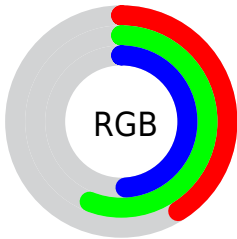
Format	Color
RYB	105, 129, 142
Decimal	6917758
CIELab	55.94, -16.40, 4.37
CIELCh	56, 16.967, 165.089
Yxy	23.8566, 0.2899, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285107838 (0xFF698E7E)
YUV	129.1130, -1.5347, -21.1471
Hunter-Lab	48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716

Details

The HunterLab color $48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $41.5151, 11.8750, -0.0463$, and the grayscale version is $46.9095, -2.5030, 2.5487$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.6418, -18.0489, 7.4186$, and $30.0514, -12.2135, 4.4513$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.8681, -19.0716, 7.2081$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.9529, -10.6493, 4.6236$.

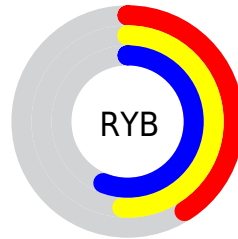
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (56%)

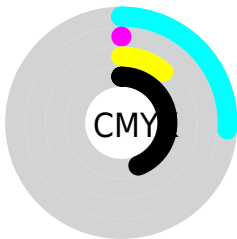
Blue (49%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (56%)

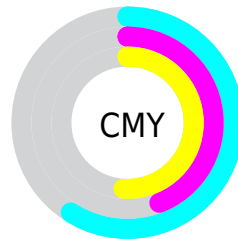


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.8422, -15.0690,
5.8716

■ 48.8422, -15.0690,
5.8716

164.9529,
-28.0706, 13.8963

■ 39.0221, -13.5467,
5.0889

■ 70.5663, -18.0215,
7.5022

■ 29.9651, -11.9709,
4.3244

■ 82.3863, -19.4697,
8.3501

■ 21.7429, -10.3146,
3.5753

■ 94.8012, -20.9080,
9.2201

■ 14.4509, -8.5285,
2.8339

■ 107.7837,
-22.3406, 10.1122

■ 8.1119, -9.2404,
2.6725

121.3101,
-23.7709, 11.0261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.3593,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-25.2014, 11.9616

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.9126,
-26.6341, 12.9184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.8422, -15.0690,
5.8716

■ 48.8422, -15.0690,
5.8716

■ 47.8681, -19.0716,
7.2081

■ 49.9529, -10.6493,
4.6236

■ 47.0283, -22.6209,
8.6179

■ 51.1951, -5.8493,
3.4724

■ 46.3225, -25.6923,
10.0854

■ 52.5665, -0.7120,
2.4262

■ 45.7475, -28.2717,
11.5921

■ 54.0628, 4.7199,
1.4894

■ 45.2974, -30.3589,
13.1174

■ 55.6791, 10.4049,
0.6641

■ 44.9637, -31.9710,
14.6393

■ 57.4100, 16.3041,
-0.0500

■ 44.7300, -33.1622,
16.1308

■ 59.2499, 22.3818,
-0.6547

■ 44.6485, -33.5847,
16.6931

■ 61.1930, 28.6065,
-1.1534

■ 63.2336, 34.9505,
-1.5504

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8432, -11.8732, 10.9399



48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716



48.8432, -15.0600, -0.8310

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.8432, -15.0698, 5.8722



48.8432, 0.9827, -11.5567



48.8432, 7.3698, 10.9631

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716



41.5151, 11.8750, -0.0463

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.8432, 11.2300, 5.9084



48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716



48.8432, 7.4021, -7.3868

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.8432, -15.0698, 5.8722



48.8432, -6.0597, -11.5700



48.8432, 11.2421, -0.7893



48.8432, 0.9407, 13.5821

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716



48.8432, -13.2476, -5.3795



48.8432, 11.2421, -0.7893



48.8432, 9.0266, 9.5271

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.8432, -15.0698, 5.8722



67.6199, -9.1510, 4.9221



49.4311, -13.8731, 14.1858



31.8484, -4.7428, 2.4229



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.8432, -15.0698, 5.8722



64.1136, -23.0521, 8.7757



48.5565, -11.3813, -1.5286



24.6524, -3.5860, 1.8547



42.3101, -31.7952, 15.7527



4.1903, -2.7825, 0.7692

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.5151, 11.8750, -0.0463



52.4236, 20.0443, -0.6026



41.6944, 8.4294, 6.8344



23.3675, 1.1178, 0.8058



23.3953, 41.3905, 4.8442



2.3794, 4.3795, -0.8244

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

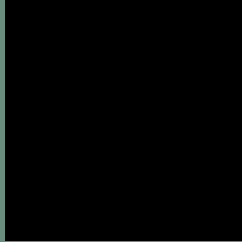
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

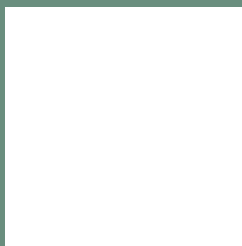
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.8422,

-15.0690, 5.8716.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716

Protanopia

48.6256, -2.5502, 7.8618

Deuteranopia

48.5607, 3.3319, 4.6235



Tritanopia

48.9717, -8.5436, -4.9072

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716

Protanomaly

48.5288, -7.1980, 6.8829

Deuteranomaly

48.4915, -4.1083, 4.8385

Tritanomaly

48.8543, -11.0681, -0.6721

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716

Achromatopsia

46.8536, -2.5000, 2.5456

Achromatomaly

47.5413, -7.4773, 3.6949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 142, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 142, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 142, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 142, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 142, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 142, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 142, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 142, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 142, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 142,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.8422, -15.0690, 5.8716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 142, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
142, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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