

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	968376
RGB	150, 131, 118
RGB Percent	59%, 51%, 46%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4863, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.21, 0.41
HSL	24°, 13%, 53%
HSV	24°, 21%, 59%
XYZ	23.9640, 24.0246, 20.5137
YIQ	135.1990, 15.4970, -0.0150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

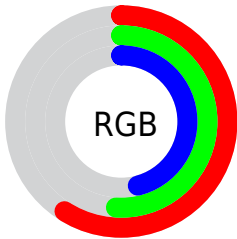
Format	Color
RYB	150, 140, 118
Decimal	9864054
CIELab	56.11, 5.04, 9.68
CIELCh	56, 10.912, 62.491
Yxy	24.0257, 0.3498, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288054134 (0xFF968376)
YUV	135.1990, -8.4791, 12.9805
Hunter-Lab	49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964

Details

The HunterLab color $49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $48.9329, -5.6654, -4.9085$, and the grayscale version is $49.3300, -2.6321, 2.6802$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.7253, 0.6516, 11.7107$, and $30.2149, 1.8783, 7.2811$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.2674, 3.8992, 12.1340$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.8720, -0.6994, 6.5869$.

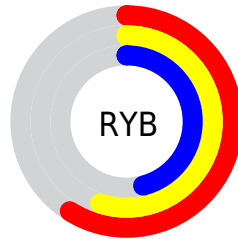
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (51%)

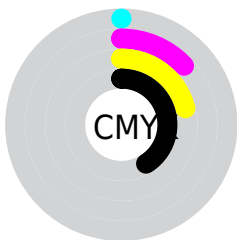
Blue (46%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (46%)

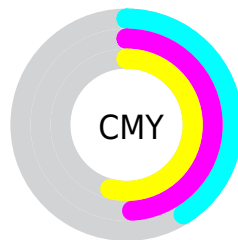


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964

■ 49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964

165.2121, -2.7152,
19.6929

■ 39.1825, 1.7326,
8.3896

■ 70.7617, 0.8507,
11.7045

■ 30.1119, 1.9082,
7.2684

■ 82.5920, 0.4576,
12.8142

■ 21.8749, 2.0096,
6.1183

■ 95.0167, 0.0217,
13.9319

■ 14.5661, 2.0209,
4.9122

108.0087, -0.4543,
15.0596

■ 8.2268, 2.2301,
5.3242

121.5441, -0.9679,
16.1986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.6020, -1.5171,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.3501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.1636, -2.1000,
18.5146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964

■ 49.0149, 1.4947,
9.4964

■ 46.2674, 3.8992,
12.1340

■ 51.8720, -0.6994,
6.5869

■ 43.6374, 6.5332,
14.4591

■ 54.8253, -2.6947,
3.4369

■ 41.1388, 9.4053,
16.4295

■ 57.8672, -4.5098,
0.0758

■ 38.7858, 12.5179,
17.9994

■ 60.9902, -6.1611,
-3.4719

■ 36.5935, 15.8614,
19.1233

■ 64.1874, -7.6641,
-7.1854

■ 34.5780, 19.4081,
19.7628

■ 67.4532, -9.0332,
-11.0472

■ 32.7549, 23.1050,
19.8986

■ 70.7823, -10.2815,
-15.0423

■ 31.3311, 26.3211,
19.7669

■ 74.1702, -11.4206,
-19.1581

■ 77.6131, -12.4612,
-23.3839

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0160, 4.9900, 6.9357



49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964



49.0160, -2.9981, 10.2830

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0160, 1.4931, 9.4971



49.0160, -11.0644, 2.3046



49.0160, 2.1758, -4.8921

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964



48.9329, -5.6654, -4.9085

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0160, -2.2367, -6.4064



49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964



49.0160, -9.7886, -2.0215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0160, 1.4931, 9.4971



49.0160, -10.1465, 6.3623



49.0160, -6.5979, -5.3113



49.0160, 5.3942, -1.3381

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964



49.0160, -5.9235, 9.7583



49.0160, -6.5979, -5.3113



49.0160, 0.7775, -5.6705

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0160, 1.4931, 9.4971



70.9397, -2.3426, 6.6054



46.1011, 10.6467, -1.9412



33.2904, -1.0318, 3.2215



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0160, 1.4931, 9.4971



63.2052, 3.6024, 14.4792



53.4766, -5.9623, 13.8446



24.8581, -0.5411, 2.8087



28.6384, 23.7027, 18.0618



3.9471, 0.9011, 2.4479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9329, -5.6654, -4.9085



63.0671, -8.1353, -9.1524



44.4716, 1.8011, -11.0341



24.8412, -2.0222, -0.1701



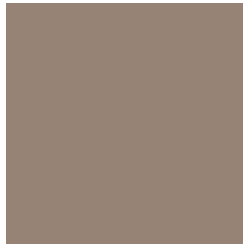
27.9691, -0.6725, -33.5072



3.9218, -1.3281, -2.0348

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

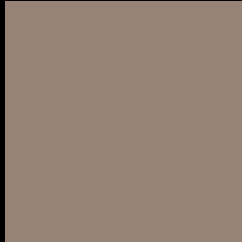
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964.

9.4964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964

Protanopia

48.9711, -2.8468, 8.6124

Deuteranopia

49.1358, 3.3028, 9.6536



Tritanopia

48.9374, 6.4793, 1.1371

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964

Protanomaly

49.0268, -1.2600, 9.0817

Deuteranomaly

49.0363, 2.9683, 9.5444

Tritanomaly

48.9066, 4.5986, 4.1849

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964

Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

Achromatomaly

49.2043, -1.5713, 5.2659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 131, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 131, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 131, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 131, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 131, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 131, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 131, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 131, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 131, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 131,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.0149, 1.4947, 9.4964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 131, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
131, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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