

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0412, -22.1091,
-3.8685)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0412, -22.1091,
-3.8685) contains.

HunterLab(49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(49.1515,
-22.2216, -3.8982)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	389494
RGB	56, 148, 148
RGB Percent	22%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.7804, 0.4196, 0.4196
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 45%, 40%
HSV	180°, 62%, 58%
XYZ	17.5661, 24.1587, 31.7543
YIQ	120.4920, -54.8320, -19.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

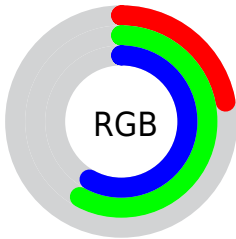
Format	Color
R _Y B	56, 102, 148
Decimal	3708052
CIE Lab	56.25, -26.60, -8.07
CIE LCh	56, 27.797, 196.871
Yxy	24.1596, 0.2391, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281898132 (0xFF389494)
YUV	120.4920, 13.5614, -56.5595
Hunter-Lab	49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982

Details

The HunterLab color **49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **30.6765, 29.7663, 12.1913**, and the grayscale version is **43.4947, -2.3208, 2.3631**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.7692, -26.1815, -3.6643**, and **30.6797, -16.2649, -3.2357** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7795, -23.6741, -4.4111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.6497, -20.3045, -3.2191**.

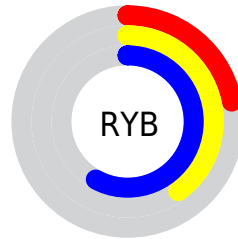
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (58%)

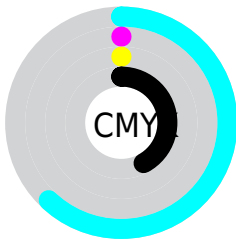
Blue (58%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (58%)

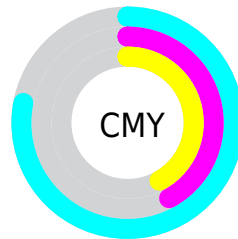


Cyan (62%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.1515, -22.2216,
-3.8982

■ 49.1515, -22.2216,
-3.8982

165.4166,
-39.6569, -0.5038

■ 39.3091, -20.0339,
-4.0238

■ 70.9158, -26.3556,
-3.4656

■ 30.2279, -17.7254,
-4.0809

■ 82.7543, -28.3390,
-3.1705

■ 21.9791, -15.2446,
-4.0595

■ 95.1868, -30.2831,
-2.8281

■ 14.6572, -12.5019,
-3.9476

■ 108.1862,
-32.1966, -2.4415

■ 8.3163, -14.3822,
-3.8874

■ 121.7287,
-34.0860, -2.0137

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.7935,

-35.9565, -1.5468

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.3617,
-37.8124, -1.0429

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.1515, -22.2216,
-3.8982

■ 49.1515, -22.2216,
-3.8982

■ 48.7795, -23.6741,
-4.4111

■ 49.6497, -20.3045,
-3.2191

■ 48.5218, -24.6845,
-4.7682

■ 50.2777, -17.9134,
-2.3725

■ 48.3674, -25.2932,
-4.9832

■ 51.0404, -15.0529,
-1.3588

■ 48.2894, -25.6012,
-5.0920

■ 51.9399, -11.7381,
-0.1830

■ 52.9765, -7.9929,
1.1470

■ 54.1488, -3.8480,
2.6207

■ 55.4543, 0.6616,
4.2263

■ 56.8896, 5.4986,
5.9510

■ 58.4500, 10.6252,
7.7818

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1524, -22.5370, 7.2602



49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982



49.1524, -16.9791, -15.4900

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1524, -22.2218, -3.8975



49.1524, 14.7571, -14.1753



49.1524, 2.5506, 19.1930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982



30.6765, 29.7663, 12.1913

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1524, 13.5918, 15.7911



49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982



49.1524, 21.0674, -2.3984

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1524, -22.2218, -3.8975



49.1524, 4.0250, -22.3034



49.1524, 20.6221, 8.4500



49.1524, -8.9398, 18.9720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982



49.1524, -11.0930, -21.1433



49.1524, 20.6221, 8.4500



49.1524, 6.4576, 18.4762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1524, -22.2218, -3.8975



69.3565, -14.2643, 0.2281



47.2778, -33.5694, 23.8520



32.9733, -7.4127, -0.1031



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1524, -22.2218, -3.8975



64.6275, -32.0980, -6.0896



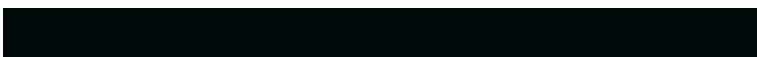
35.7585, -3.2724, -24.4788



25.6169, -3.2711, 0.7536



44.6287, -23.6604, -4.7060



4.9374, -2.6176, -0.5207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.6765, 29.7663, 12.1913



36.6323, 48.5891, 18.9299



39.7322, 9.2212, 19.0603



24.1151, 0.7361, 1.9881



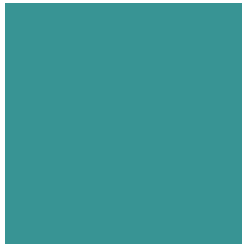
23.1899, 39.7135, 14.9846



2.5656, 4.3936, 1.6577

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

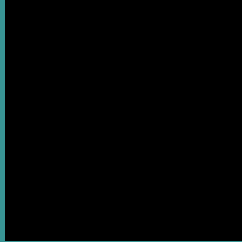
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982.



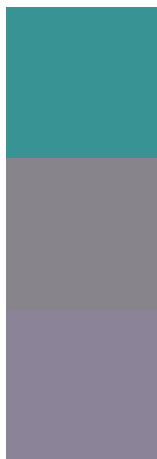
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1515,

-22.2216, -3.8982.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982

Protanopia

48.7750, -1.0399, 0.3448

Deuteranopia

48.9781, 3.3276, -5.7217



Tritanopia

49.0087, -18.8398, -9.2648

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982

Protanomaly

48.1603, -10.4687, -2.0124

Deuteranomaly

48.3497, -7.6801, -6.2447

Tritanomaly

49.1226, -20.3022, -6.9859

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

44.8535, -11.0722, -0.4718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 148, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 148, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 148, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 148, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 148, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 148, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 148, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 148, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 148,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.1515, -22.2216, -3.8982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 148, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 148,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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