

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0512, 2.4157,
-2.2562)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0512, 2.4157, -2.2562)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.2032, 2.2192,
-1.9220)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D8491
RGB	141, 132, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 52%, 57%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4823, 0.4314
CMYK	0.03, 0.09, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	282°, 6%, 54%
HSV	282°, 9%, 57%
XYZ	24.3466, 24.2095, 30.1777
YIQ	136.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

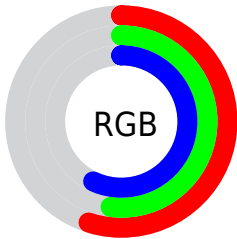
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 132, 145
Decimal	9274513
CIE _{Lab}	56.30, 5.92, -5.75
CIE _{LCh}	56, 8.249, 315.834
Yxy	24.2106, 0.3092, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287464593 (0xFF8D8491)
YUV	136.1730, 4.3517, 4.2333
Hunter-Lab	49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220

Details

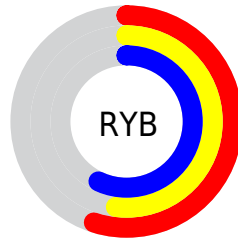
The HunterLab color $49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.1072, -7.4499, 7.1374$, and the grayscale version is $49.6712, -2.6503, 2.6987$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.0095, 1.8315, -1.3273$, and $30.3922, 2.4517, -2.3501$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.9043, 7.9639, -7.5611$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.6839, -3.4184, 3.4341$.

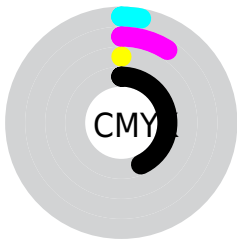
Distribution



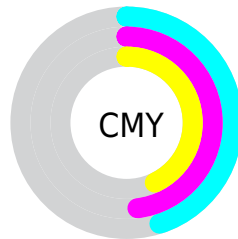
- Red (55%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.2032, 2.2192,
-1.9220

■ 49.2032, 2.2192,
-1.9220

165.4942, -1.6541,
2.2891

■ 39.3572, 2.4100,
-2.1584

■ 70.9744, 1.6623,
-1.2825

■ 30.2720, 2.5346,
-2.3324

■ 82.8159, 1.3094,
-0.8907

■ 22.0188, 2.5805,
-2.4340

■ 95.2514, 0.9117,
-0.4553

■ 14.6919, 2.5306,
-2.4505

108.2536, 0.4724,
0.0208

■ 8.3500, 2.6419,
-2.4956

121.7988, -0.0059,
0.5352

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.8662, -0.5209,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.0859

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.4369, -1.0709,
1.6711

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.2032, 2.2192,
-1.9220

■ 49.2032, 2.2192,
-1.9220

■ 44.9043, 7.9639,
-7.5611

■ 53.6839, -3.4184,
3.4341

■ 40.8132, 13.8143,
-13.5251

■ 58.3200, -8.9526,
8.5459

■ 36.9676, 19.7400,
-19.8393

■ 63.0942, -14.3969,
13.4531

■ 33.4133, 25.6663,
-26.4959

■ 67.9915, -19.7649,
18.1900

■ 30.2064, 31.4420,
-33.4175

■ 72.9996, -25.0699,
22.7857

■ 27.4118, 36.8032,
-40.4063

■ 78.1085, -30.3242,
27.2649

■ 25.0969, 41.3534,
-47.0975

■ 83.3098, -35.5385,
31.6482

■ 23.3167, 44.6125,
-52.9692

■ 88.5965, -40.7219,
35.9527

■ 21.9875, 46.5706,
-57.8716

■ 91.3277, -42.6226,
38.1385

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2043, -0.8062, -3.7830



49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220



49.2043, 3.9659, 1.1099

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2043, 2.2180, -1.9211



49.2043, -0.9951, 8.4087



49.2043, -8.8446, 0.9265

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220



52.1072, -7.4499, 7.1374

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.2043, -8.8920, 4.1968



49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220



49.2043, -4.4238, 8.3671

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2043, 2.2180, -1.9211



49.2043, 2.0765, 6.9905



49.2043, -7.2936, 6.8726



49.2043, -7.1622, -2.0633

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220



49.2043, 4.1419, 3.3150



49.2043, -7.2936, 6.8726



49.2043, -9.0507, 2.0330

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2043, 2.2180, -1.9211



69.3568, -1.5003, 1.7006



49.5904, -2.3821, -1.5124



32.4982, -0.4387, 0.5471



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2043, 2.2180, -1.9211



64.5201, 4.6974, -4.2455



49.4923, 3.0417, -0.3994



23.3000, 1.1070, -0.9643



20.2730, 43.3673, -53.9468



2.2570, 4.6079, -4.2995

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2959, 1.9866, 2.3945



64.6789, 4.3134, 3.0672



51.8545, -8.2265, 5.8583



23.3446, 0.9949, 1.1314



23.0816, 40.2395, 9.3987



2.3350, 4.2198, -0.2038

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

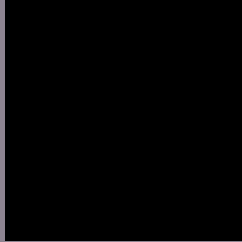
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220.



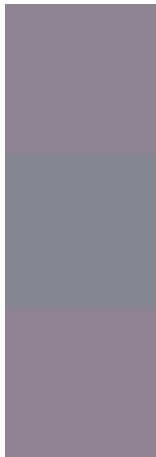
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220.

-1.9220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220

Protanopia

49.1872, -0.6334, -2.4818

Deuteranopia

49.1086, 3.3118, -2.0234



Tritanopia

49.1410, 1.8844, -1.0401

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220

Protanomaly

49.1617, 0.7172, -2.4909

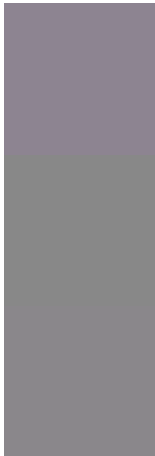
Deuteranomaly

49.0181, 3.0074, -2.1442

Tritanomaly

49.1720, 2.0512, -1.4794

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.5936, -1.1072, 1.3382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 132, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 132, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 132, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 132, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 132, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 132, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 132, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 132, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 132, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 132,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.2032, 2.2192, -1.9220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 132, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
132, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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