

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0668, -25.7224,
11.9102)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0668, -25.7224,
11.9102) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.1500,
-25.9346, 12.0367)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C956E
RGB	76, 149, 110
RGB Percent	30%, 58%, 43%
CMY	0.7020, 0.4157, 0.5686
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.26, 0.42
HSL	148°, 32%, 44%
HSV	148°, 49%, 58%
XYZ	16.5425, 24.1572, 18.5428
YIQ	122.7270, -30.9890, -27.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

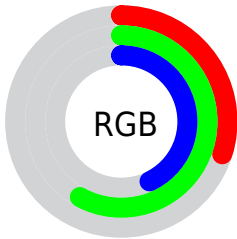
Format	Color
RYB	76, 126, 149
Decimal	5018990
CIELab	56.25, -32.24, 13.70
CIElCh	56, 35.029, 156.973
Yxy	24.1582, 0.2792, 0.4078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283209070 (0xFF4C956E)
YUV	122.7270, -6.2744, -40.9796
Hunter-Lab	49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367

Details

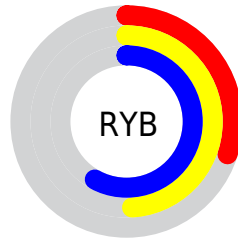
The HunterLab color **49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **35.7727, 27.5853, -4.3584**, and the grayscale version is **44.4319, -2.3708, 2.4141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.0363, -30.9184, 14.7008**, and **30.3671, -20.7793, 9.4502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4265, -29.1654, 13.9263**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.0221, -22.1636, 10.1343**.

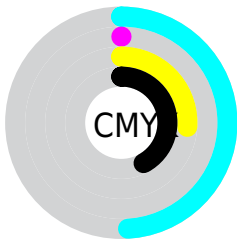
Distribution



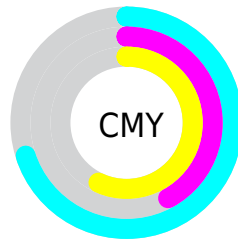
- Red (30%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.1500, -25.9346,
12.0367

■ 49.1500, -25.9346,
12.0367

165.4144,
-45.8846, 23.9401

■ 39.3078, -23.3662,
10.6712

■ 70.9142, -30.7437,
14.7023

■ 30.2267, -20.6361,
9.2643

■ 82.7526, -33.0313,
16.0185

■ 21.9780, -17.6790,
7.7918

■ 95.1850, -35.2624,
17.3311

■ 14.6563, -14.3823,
6.2110

■ 108.1843,
-37.4481, 18.6437

■ 8.3154, -14.5519,
5.8208

■ 121.7268,
-39.5970, 19.9590

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.7914,

-41.7160, 21.2792

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.3596,
-43.8103, 22.6058

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.1500, -25.9346,
12.0367

■ 49.1500, -25.9346,
12.0367

■ 48.4265, -29.1654,
13.9263

■ 50.0221, -22.1636,
10.1343

■ 47.8445, -31.8405,
15.7778

■ 51.0414, -17.8782,
8.2403

■ 47.3979, -33.9636,
17.5671

■ 52.2085, -13.1166,
6.3760

■ 47.0764, -35.5585,
19.2704

■ 53.5212, -7.9237,
4.5593

■ 46.8510, -36.7330,
20.8520

■ 54.9758, -2.3478,
2.8052

■ 46.8299, -36.8435,
21.0011

■ 56.5677, 3.5620,
1.1256

■ 58.2913, 9.7576,
-0.4709

■ 60.1406, 16.1940,
-1.9784

■ 62.1093, 22.8304,
-3.3937

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1510, -18.4310, 19.6171



49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367



49.1510, -27.5552, -0.6866

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1510, -25.9352, 12.0372



49.1510, 0.8379, -32.0037



49.1510, 21.9382, 16.2061

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367



35.7727, 27.5853, -4.3584

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1510, 28.5426, 5.8156



49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367



49.1510, 15.4707, -23.8764

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1510, -25.9352, 12.0372



49.1510, -13.1558, -28.8877



49.1510, 26.0472, -8.9902



49.1510, 8.8741, 21.4859

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367



49.1510, -25.2748, -11.0811



49.1510, 26.0472, -8.9902



49.1510, 25.0530, 13.3344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1510, -25.9352, 12.0372



70.4913, -15.0533, 7.6270



50.7357, -20.9727, 22.9052



33.0311, -7.6970, 3.8095



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1510, -25.9352, 12.0372



64.7009, -39.4999, 18.9379



50.0876, -20.4170, -1.3726



25.5161, -3.8321, 2.1922



42.9682, -33.7572, 19.1656



4.8149, -3.3569, 1.2284

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.7727, 27.5853, -4.3584



43.6013, 45.6962, -6.3595



34.8325, 23.1604, 9.0653



24.2159, 1.2784, 0.5514



24.2205, 43.4956, 0.0133



2.7886, 5.2038, -1.5177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1500,

-25.9346, 12.0367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367

Protanopia

48.8560, -4.0194, 14.4621

Deuteranopia

48.7703, 3.2753, 10.7560



Tritanopia

49.0777, -14.0048, -7.4669

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367

Protanomaly

48.4023, -13.0053, 12.8946

Deuteranomaly

48.2039, -8.8561, 10.3322

Tritanomaly

48.9895, -18.5365, 0.3007

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367

Achromatopsia

44.5050, -2.3747, 2.4180

Achromatomaly

45.6888, -11.7216, 5.7062

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 149, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 149, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 149, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 149, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 149, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 149, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 149, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 149, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 149, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 149,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.1500, -25.9346, 12.0367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 149, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 149,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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