

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.0695,
-33.5700, 16.2774)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	289960
RGB	40, 153, 96
RGB Percent	16%, 60%, 38%
CMY	0.8431, 0.4000, 0.6235
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.37, 0.40
HSL	150°, 59%, 38%
HSV	150°, 74%, 60%
XYZ	14.3777, 24.0782, 14.9561
YIQ	112.7150, -49.0510, -41.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

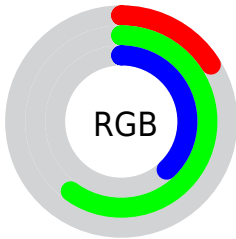
Format	Color
RYB	40, 116, 153
Decimal	2660704
CIELab	56.17, -44.65, 21.23
CIELCh	56, 49.440, 154.568
Yxy	24.0791, 0.2692, 0.4508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280850784 (0xFF289960)
YUV	112.7150, -8.2405, -63.7711
Hunter-Lab	49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774

Details

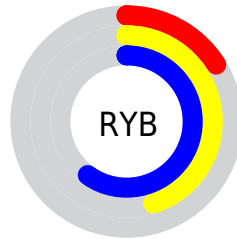
The HunterLab color $49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339966 . A complement of this color would be $30.2548, 41.7719, -2.7907$, and the grayscale version is $40.5723, -2.1648, 2.2044$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70.7412, -39.7671, 19.7588$, and $30.8693, -23.9059, 13.0220$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.6781, -35.4683, 18.0539$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.5964, -31.1220, 14.4488$.

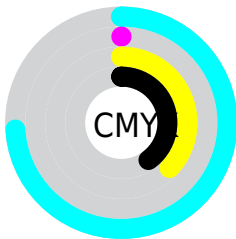
Distribution



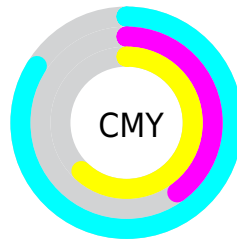
- Red (16%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774

■ 49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774

165.2938,
-59.2080, 31.5073

■ 39.2331, -30.1321,
14.4021

■ 70.8232, -39.9132,
19.8419

■ 30.1582, -26.4386,
12.4306

■ 82.6568, -42.8906,
21.5619

■ 21.9165, -22.3929,
10.3211

■ 95.0846, -45.7714,
23.2545

■ 14.6025, -18.0834,
8.3362

■ 108.0795,
-48.5724, 24.9269

■ 8.2627, -14.4597,
5.7839

■ 121.6178,
-51.3071, 26.5844

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 135.6785,

-53.9858, 28.2315

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.2427,
-56.6171, 29.8716

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774

■ 49.0695, -33.5700,
16.2774

■ 48.6781, -35.4683,
18.0539

■ 49.5964, -31.1220,
14.4488

■ 48.4062, -36.8527,
19.7519

■ 50.2647, -28.1089,
12.5921

■ 48.2729, -37.5533,
20.7298

■ 51.0812, -24.5363,
10.7321

■ 52.0489, -20.4250,
8.8918

■ 53.1685, -15.8081,
7.0924

■ 54.4385, -10.7276,
5.3521

■ 55.8561, -5.2309,
3.6862

■ 57.4171, 0.6325,
2.1065

■ 59.1161, 6.8130,
0.6218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0705, -23.1735, 24.7015



49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774



49.0705, -36.2526, -0.4323

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0705, -33.5705, 16.2778



49.0705, 0.5805, -51.8481



49.0705, 34.5316, 19.6290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774



30.2548, 41.7719, -2.7907

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0705, 43.5491, 5.5841



49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774



49.0705, 21.9938, -39.7077

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0705, -33.5705, 16.2778



49.0705, -18.5310, -45.1320



49.0705, 38.6199, -16.4700



49.0705, 15.6163, 25.9998

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774



49.0705, -33.7560, -15.7655



49.0705, 38.6199, -16.4700



49.0705, 38.9513, 15.9202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0705, -33.5705, 16.2778



71.3799, -20.2258, 9.1551



50.5518, -28.9551, 28.2880



33.3577, -10.2508, 4.5739



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0705, -33.5705, 16.2778



64.8747, -48.8120, 25.7421



50.4706, -25.1490, -3.7946



26.4085, -3.9471, 2.1917



43.8922, -34.0918, 18.7330



5.4346, -3.7505, 1.3036

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2548, 41.7719, -2.7907



37.2145, 62.8944, -0.0081



29.0805, 36.9593, 14.1219



25.0441, 1.3055, 0.6517



24.5945, 43.9553, 1.6560



3.1269, 5.8056, -1.4736

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0695,

-33.5700, 16.2774.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774

Protanopia

48.7591, -4.9229, 18.7324

Deuteranopia

48.5446, 3.3770, 14.6192



Tritanopia

49.1430, -18.3987, -8.5250

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774

Protanomaly

47.8862, -18.6553, 16.9261

Deuteranomaly

47.3168, -14.2013, 13.8004

Tritanomaly

49.1060, -24.8387, 2.1487

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774

Achromatopsia

40.6365, -2.1683, 2.2079

Achromatomaly

42.9864, -16.2164, 7.0186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 153, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 153, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 153, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 153, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 153, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 153, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 153, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 153, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 153, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 153,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.0695, -33.5700, 16.2774 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 153, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 153,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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