

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.0885, 2.0315,  
-6.7942)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.0885, 2.0315, -6.7942)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(48.9760, 2.0391,  
-6.7955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	87849A
RGB	135, 132, 154
RGB Percent	53%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4823, 0.3961
CMYK	0.12, 0.14, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	248°, 10%, 56%
HSV	248°, 14%, 60%
XYZ	24.0756, 23.9865, 33.9327
YIQ	135.4050, -5.2740, 7.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

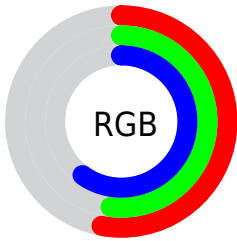
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	135, 132, 154
Decimal	8881306
CIE Lab	56.08, 5.70, -11.33
CIE LCh	56, 12.681, 296.687
Yxy	23.9875, 0.2936, 0.2925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287071386 (0xFF87849A)
YUV	135.4050, 9.1673, -0.3552
Hunter-Lab	48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955

# Details

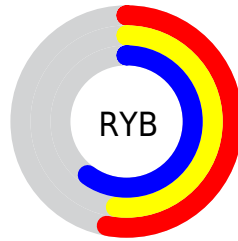
The HunterLab color  $48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $55.9973, -7.1991, 11.2647$ , and the grayscale version is  $49.3498, -2.6332, 2.6813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $70.6706, 1.2859, -6.4953$ , and  $30.1614, 2.1841, -6.6010$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $43.6796, 5.8298, -14.4809$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $54.4521, -1.5475, 0.2376$ .

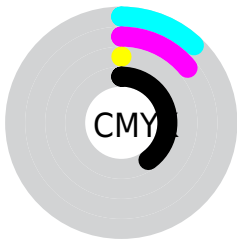
# Distribution



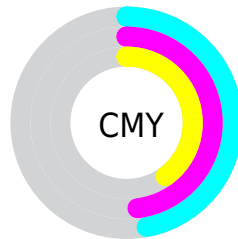
- Red (53%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48.9760, 2.0391,  
-6.7955

■ 48.9760, 2.0391,  
-6.7955

165.1536, -1.9124,  
-4.5115

■ 39.1463, 2.2410,  
-6.7745

■ 70.7176, 1.4624,  
-6.6394

■ 30.0788, 2.3772,  
-6.6803

■ 82.5456, 1.1001,  
-6.4753

■ 21.8451, 2.4355,  
-6.5042

■ 94.9681, 0.6935,  
-6.2593

■ 14.5401, 2.3992,  
-6.2403

107.9579, 0.2457,  
-5.9952

■ 8.2010, 2.5880,  
-6.1147

121.4913, -0.2409,  
-5.6858

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.5473, -0.7639,

-5.3339

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.1070, -1.3217,  
-4.9418

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.9760, 2.0391,  
-6.7955

■ 48.9760, 2.0391,  
-6.7955

■ 43.6796, 5.8298,  
-14.4809

■ 54.4521, -1.5475,  
0.2376

■ 38.5917, 9.8893,  
-23.0161

■ 60.0813, -4.9760,  
6.7652

■ 33.7571, 14.2898,  
-32.6449

■ 65.8466, -8.2849,  
12.9014

■ 29.2383, 19.1036,  
-43.6440

■ 71.7341, -11.5031,  
18.7322

■ 25.1249, 24.3608,  
-56.2361

■ 77.7326, -14.6526,  
24.3232

■ 21.5448, 29.9400,  
-70.3326

■ 83.8329, -17.7507,  
29.7248

■ 18.6676, 35.3574,  
-84.9782

■ 90.0275, -20.8103,  
34.9761

■ 16.6719, 39.5994,  
-97.7568

■ 96.2424, -23.7428,  
40.0545

■ 15.7875, 41.8144,  
-104.3538

■ 97.4978, -19.1649,  
41.1508

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9770, -3.2025, -8.0149



48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955



48.9770, 6.1805, -2.9535

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.9770, 2.0381, -6.7946



48.9770, 3.0985, 10.0845



48.9770, -12.3656, 3.2220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955



55.9973, -7.1991, 11.2647

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.9770, -10.8322, 7.6895



48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955



48.9770, -2.0265, 11.3780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.9770, 2.0381, -6.7946



48.9770, 6.8107, 6.8169



48.9770, -7.1024, 10.5495



48.9770, -11.3795, -1.8834



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955



48.9770, 7.6841, 0.3843



48.9770, -7.1024, 10.5495



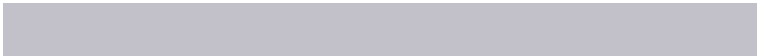
48.9770, -12.1294, 4.8428

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.9770, 2.0381, -6.7946



73.5432, -2.1819, 0.5058



54.2161, -7.8723, -0.1633



34.7339, -0.8773, -0.0698



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.9770, 2.0381, -6.7946



63.8016, 4.2762, -12.2201



49.9415, 5.2702, -5.4290



24.6266, 0.0952, -1.5054



14.2844, 37.7692, -93.9204



1.9908, 4.8367, -9.7787



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6042, 7.2613, -2.9955



66.4931, 12.8086, -5.7875



55.0989, -10.4187, 10.2778



25.1180, 1.7023, -0.3996



26.4215, 50.4847, -23.5241



3.2843, 6.3610, -3.5871



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

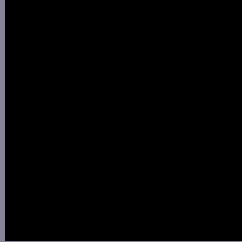
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955.

-6.7955.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955

### Protanopia

48.9560, 0.6090, -7.3791

### Deuteranopia

48.9581, 3.3954, -6.7964



## Tritanopia

49.0412, -1.2622, -1.7029

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955

## Protanomaly

49.0379, 0.8882, -7.2611

## Deuteranomaly

48.8713, 3.1039, -6.9207

## Tritanomaly

48.9709, 0.1934, -3.7416

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955

## Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

## Achromatomaly

49.1468, -1.0214, -0.6067

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 132, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 132, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 132, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 132, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

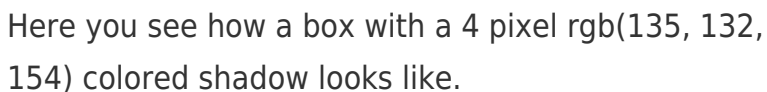
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 132, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 132, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 132, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 132, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 132, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 132,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.9760, 2.0391, -6.7955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 132, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
132, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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