

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.1213, -26.0124,
-5.2441)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.1213, -26.0124,
-5.2441) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.0048,
-25.9800, -5.1684)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009696
RGB	0, 150, 150
RGB Percent	0%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4118, 0.4118
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	180°, 100%, 29%
HSV	180°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	16.4114, 24.0147, 32.6245
YIQ	105.1500, -89.4000, -31.8000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

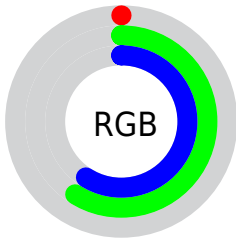
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 150
Decimal	38550
CIELab	56.10, -32.36, -9.52
CIELCh	56, 33.733, 196.385
Yxy	24.0156, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228630 (0xFF009696)
YUV	105.1500, 22.1110, -92.2166
Hunter-Lab	49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684

Details

The HunterLab color **49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **25.4653, 43.6052, 16.4533**, and the grayscale version is **37.5882, -2.0056, 2.0422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.8491, -30.9005, -4.6906**, and **31.0423, -16.2585, -3.7026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.0056, -25.9806, -5.1679**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.1093, -25.5709, -5.0232**.

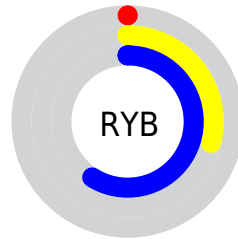
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (59%)

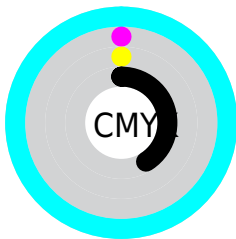
Blue (59%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (59%)

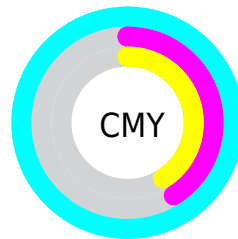


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.0048, -25.9800,
-5.1684

■ 49.0048, -25.9800,
-5.1684

165.1966,
-45.9919, -2.2761

■ 39.1729, -23.4005,
-5.2270

■ 70.7500, -30.8062,
-4.8617

■ 30.1032, -20.6582,
-5.2144

■ 82.5797, -33.1015,
-4.6259

■ 21.8670, -17.6866,
-5.1208

■ 95.0039, -35.3398,
-4.3407

■ 14.5593, -14.3714,
-4.9363

■ 107.9953,
-37.5322, -4.0094

■ 8.2200, -14.3850,
-4.8505

■ 121.5301,
-39.6874, -3.6349

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 135.5875,

-41.8122, -3.2198

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.1486,
-43.9122, -2.7663

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.0048, -25.9800,
-5.1684

■ 49.0048, -25.9800,
-5.1684

■ 49.0056, -25.9806,
-5.1679

■ 49.1093, -25.5709,
-5.0232

■ 49.2867, -24.8721,
-4.7762

■ 49.5721, -23.7545,
-4.3811

■ 49.9769, -22.1812,
-3.8247

■ 50.5097, -20.1319,
-3.0994

■ 51.1765, -17.6006,
-2.2029

■ 51.9810, -14.5941,
-1.1373

■ 52.9248, -11.1301,
0.0918

■ 54.0078, -7.2346,
1.4755

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0057, -26.2515, 8.3508



49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684



49.0057, -19.9292, -19.8809

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.0057, -25.9800, -5.1677



49.0057, 18.5638, -18.6303



49.0057, 3.9195, 21.6768

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684



25.4653, 43.6052, 16.4533

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0057, 17.4907, 17.8899



49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684



49.0057, 26.5680, -3.7902

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.0057, -25.9800, -5.1677



49.0057, 5.2559, -29.0306



49.0057, 26.1545, 9.3906



49.0057, -10.0231, 21.5013

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684



49.0057, -12.9978, -27.2826



49.0057, 26.1545, 9.3906



49.0057, 8.7059, 20.8839

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.0057, -25.9800, -5.1677



68.9829, -19.6471, -1.6030



46.7223, -39.9744, 28.0894



32.2750, -9.9908, -1.0176



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.0057, -25.9800, -5.1677



65.1004, -34.5134, -6.8652



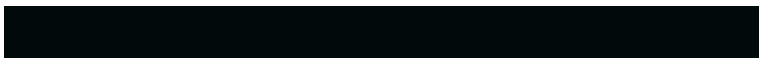
27.5353, 4.9401, -45.0781



25.6169, -3.2711, 0.7536



44.6288, -23.6602, -4.7064



4.9374, -2.6176, -0.5207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.4653, 43.6052, 16.4533



33.8273, 57.9304, 21.8583



33.4449, 21.1488, 20.9777



24.1151, 0.7361, 1.9882



23.1899, 39.7134, 14.9847



2.5656, 4.3936, 1.6577

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

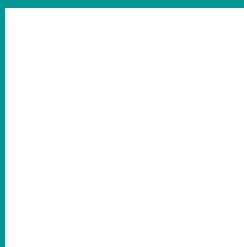
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684.



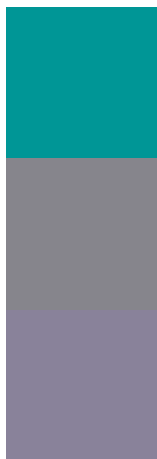
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.0048,

-25.9800, -5.1684.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684

Protanopia

48.7205, -1.1678, -0.1926

Deuteranopia

48.5970, 3.5932, -7.2905



Tritanopia

48.9396, -22.2277, -10.5242

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684

Protanomaly

47.3394, -14.9233, -4.1375

Deuteranomaly

47.1354, -11.9513, -9.0729

Tritanomaly

49.0045, -23.9100, -8.2763

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

40.3094, -14.7310, -2.0262

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 150, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 150, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 150, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 150, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 150, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 150, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 150, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 150, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.0048, -25.9800, -5.1684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 150, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 150,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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