

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.1403, -14.2868,
20.6712)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.1403, -14.2868,
20.6712) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.1486,
-14.2359, 20.6451)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F8D51
RGB	127, 141, 81
RGB Percent	50%, 55%, 32%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4470, 0.6823
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.43, 0.45
HSL	74°, 27%, 44%
HSV	74°, 43%, 55%
XYZ	19.7625, 24.1558, 11.4055
YIQ	129.9740, 10.9160, -21.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

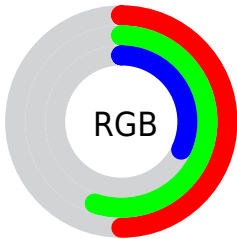
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 141, 95
Decimal	8359249
CIE _{Lab}	56.24, -15.18, 30.28
CIE _{LCh}	56, 33.873, 116.631
Yxy	24.1569, 0.3572, 0.4366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286549329 (0xFF7F8D51)
YUV	129.9740, -24.1442, -2.6082
Hunter-Lab	49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451

Details

The HunterLab color $49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $32.0023, 13.5524, -26.7320$, and the grayscale version is $47.3266, -2.5252, 2.5713$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.0582, -17.1690, 25.5686$, and $30.2910, -11.2267, 15.5064$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.7014, -16.3009, 23.2784$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.6465, -11.9305, 17.4246$.

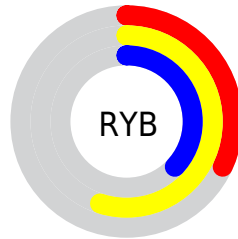
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (55%)

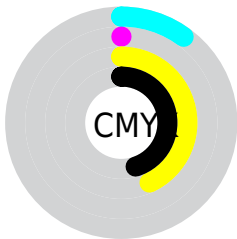
Blue (32%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (37%)

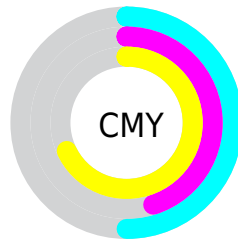


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.1486, -14.2359,
20.6451

■ 49.1486, -14.2359,
20.6451

165.4125,
-26.7194, 40.0622

■ 39.3066, -12.7924,
18.1278

■ 70.9127, -17.0504,
25.3448

■ 30.2256, -11.3031,
15.4493

■ 82.7510, -18.4360,
27.5745

■ 21.9770, -9.7447,
12.5540

■ 95.1834, -19.8151,
29.7461

■ 14.6554, -8.0736,
10.2588

■ 108.1826,
-21.1915, 31.8713

■ 8.3145, -8.4012,
5.8202

■ 121.7250,
-22.5681, 33.9591

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.7896,

-23.9472, 36.0165

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.3577,
-25.3305, 38.0493

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.1486, -14.2359,
20.6451

■ 49.1486, -14.2359,
20.6451

■ 48.7014, -16.3009,
23.2784

■ 49.6465, -11.9305,
17.4246

■ 48.3002, -18.1246,
25.3399

■ 50.1929, -9.3806,
13.6067

■ 47.9438, -19.7154,
26.8559

■ 50.7898, -6.5900,
9.1899

■ 47.6296, -21.0849,
27.8631

■ 51.4375, -3.5636,
4.1782

■ 47.3539, -22.2504,
28.4121

■ 52.1362, -0.3084,
-1.4191

■ 47.1645, -23.0385,
28.6592

■ 52.8857, 3.1673,
-7.5884

■ 53.6856, 6.8540,
-14.3125

■ 54.5355, 10.7410,
-21.5709

■ 55.4345, 14.8173,
-29.3413

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1497, -1.0156, 22.1359



49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451



49.1497, -23.3486, 14.8898

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1497, -14.2373, 20.6456



49.1497, -16.7147, -24.2240



49.1497, 27.5957, 1.1296

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451



32.0023, 13.5524, -26.7320

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1497, 22.2272, -13.7984



49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451



49.1497, -4.2142, -30.8151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1497, -14.2373, 20.6456



49.1497, -24.6612, -10.3992



49.1497, 10.1764, -26.5448



49.1497, 24.1414, 12.9213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451



49.1497, -26.3962, 8.2923



49.1497, 10.1764, -26.5448



49.1497, 26.7493, -3.6943

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1497, -14.2373, 20.6456



67.9060, -9.1001, 12.7533



38.0025, 11.2918, 11.4690



32.0156, -4.6602, 6.6053



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1497, -14.2373, 20.6456



65.1978, -21.6936, 31.0057



47.1024, -22.0204, 18.8396



24.9457, -2.7380, 3.7026



45.0439, -21.9667, 27.3713



4.5157, -1.7183, 2.7524

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0023, 13.5524, -26.7320



37.6603, 23.7791, -47.4242



34.8833, 21.8935, -20.9545



23.0477, 0.2502, -1.3027



14.3293, 36.7761, -85.5982



1.6818, 3.8770, -6.6401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

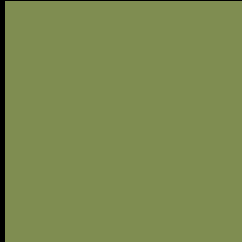
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

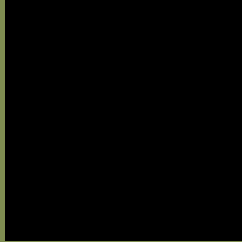
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1486,

-14.2359, 20.6451.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451

Protanopia

49.1817, -5.1758, 21.2974

Deuteranopia

49.1194, 3.2731, 20.2002



Tritanopia

49.2084, -0.6859, -1.4813

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451

Protanomaly

49.0367, -8.6112, 20.8891

Deuteranomaly

48.8709, -3.2462, 20.1288

Tritanomaly

49.1704, -6.5006, 8.3728

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451

Achromatopsia

47.2470, -2.5210, 2.5670

Achromatomaly

47.8405, -7.2213, 10.3548

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 141, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 141, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 141, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 141, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 141, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 141, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 141, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 141, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 141, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 141,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.1486, -14.2359, 20.6451 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 141, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
141, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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