

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.1543, 90.0807,  
-13.9929)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.1543, 90.0807,  
-13.9929) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(49.1551, 90.0838,  
-14.0051)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF00AA
RGB	255, 0, 170
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	320°, 100%, 50%
HSV	320°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	48.4956, 24.1622, 40.1379
YIQ	95.6250, 97.4100, 106.9300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

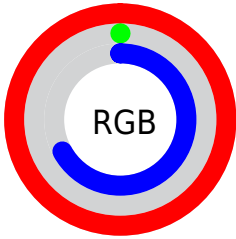
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 0, 170
Decimal	16711850
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.25, 88.11, -18.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 90.103, 347.935
Yxy	24.1636, 0.4299, 0.2142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901930 (0xFFFF00AA)
YUV	95.6250, 36.6669, 139.7719
Hunter-Lab	49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051

# Details

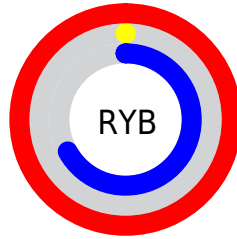
The HunterLab color **49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **84.9572, -70.0895, 45.1166**, and the grayscale version is **33.9161, -1.8097, 1.8427**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0030, 71.9516, -32.1545**, and **35.3758, 64.2795, -5.8022** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1544, 90.0811, -13.9944**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.2136, 88.7513, -17.5505**.

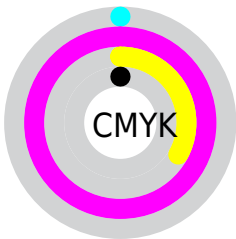
# Distribution



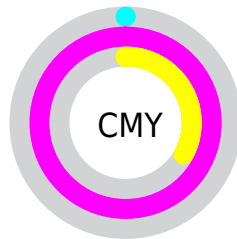
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



49.1551, 90.0838,  
-14.0051

49.1551, 90.0838,  
-14.0051

165.4226,  
111.1698, -14.0493

39.3129, 87.5455,  
-13.7017

70.9204, 95.2332,  
-14.4052

30.2314, 85.2060,  
-13.3317

82.7591, 97.7484,  
-14.5122

21.9822, 83.3722,  
-12.9009

95.1918, 100.1922,  
-14.5613

14.6599, 82.8217,  
-12.4431

108.1914,  
102.5558, -14.5560

8.3189, 87.1166,  
-12.3285

121.7342,  
104.8354, -14.4995

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

135.7991,

107.0303, -14.3946

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.3676,  
109.1411, -14.2437

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.1551, 90.0838,  
-14.0051

■ 49.1551, 90.0838,  
-14.0051

■ 49.1544, 90.0811,  
-13.9944

■ 50.2136, 88.7513,  
-17.5505

■ 52.1737, 84.5371,  
-19.7997

■ 55.1992, 77.2826,  
-20.4125

■ 59.2745, 67.6111,  
-19.4385

■ 64.3142, 56.3357,  
-17.1167

70.2021, 44.1834,  
-13.7491

76.8181, 31.6804,  
-9.6157

84.0526, 19.1534,  
-4.9390

91.8123, 6.7788,  
0.1191

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1565, 63.4820, -69.4260



49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



49.1565, 86.9403, 19.5078

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.1565, 90.0791, -14.0032



49.1565, -22.9890, 33.4600



49.1565, -42.3296, -80.8077

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



84.9572, -70.0895, 45.1166

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1565, -54.2770, -23.6021



49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



49.1565, -45.6482, 30.0647

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.1565, 90.0791, -14.0032



49.1565, 13.4385, 33.6614



49.1565, -55.2741, 15.0025



49.1565, -16.8594, -123.5230



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



49.1565, 68.4855, 28.9746



49.1565, -55.2741, 15.0025



49.1565, -47.6807, -61.2704

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.1565, 90.0791, -14.0032



76.8016, 31.7102, -9.6262



30.2564, 75.6658, -165.4234



34.2041, 17.1176, -5.2954

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.1565, 90.0791, -14.0032



49.1544, 90.0811, -13.9944



46.2952, 79.6443, 27.0492



42.6513, 2.8686, 0.1689



35.5722, 65.2615, -10.6812



11.1909, 20.6903, -4.5950



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1565, 90.0791, -14.0032



49.1544, 90.0811, -13.9944



87.3497, -55.3683, 10.3472



42.6513, 2.8686, 0.1689



35.5722, 65.2615, -10.6812



11.1909, 20.6903, -4.5950



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

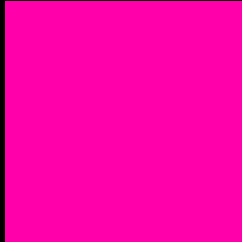
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051.

-14.0051.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051

### Protanopia

50.1308, 12.7585, -69.1728

### Deuteranopia

49.7319, 3.4416, -7.8599



## Tritanopia

49.4095, 64.6298, 24.6243

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



## Protanomaly

41.9116, 43.7642, -65.3114



## Deuteranomaly

43.5079, 42.1262, -19.0349



## Tritanomaly

48.2469, 75.5775, 14.2959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051



## Achromatopsia

34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582



## Achromatomaly

34.1139, 37.4694, -10.8914

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 0, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.1551, 90.0838, -14.0051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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