

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.1811, 21.5274,
-83.3717)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.1811, 21.5274,
-83.3717) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.3106, 21.3166,
-82.9961)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A7EFF
RGB	90, 126, 255
RGB Percent	35%, 49%, 100%
CMY	0.6470, 0.5059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.65, 0.51, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	227°, 100%, 68%
HSV	227°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	29.7273, 24.3154, 97.7342
YIQ	129.9420, -62.8650, 32.4870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

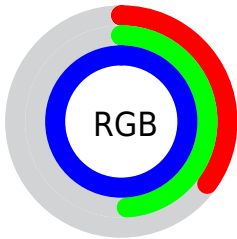
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 120, 255
Decimal	5930751
CIE Lab	56.40, 27.32, -68.09
CIE LCh	56, 73.371, 291.861
Yxy	24.3160, 0.1959, 0.1602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284120831 (0xFF5A7EFF)
YUV	129.9420, 61.6536, -35.0291
Hunter-Lab	49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961

Details

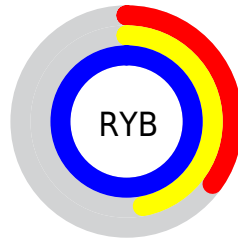
The HunterLab color **49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **85.2443, -5.9081, 45.6945**, and the grayscale version is **47.0083, -2.5082, 2.5540**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.7723, 5.9698, -40.9013**, and **30.7896, 20.3392, -82.3908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.1836, 29.2470, -102.7724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.0697, 14.7558, -65.2331**.

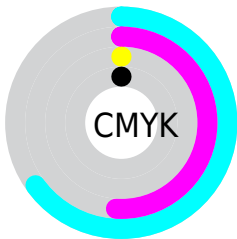
Distribution



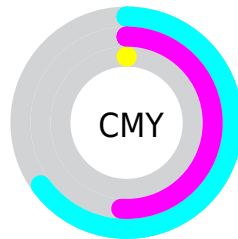
- Red (35%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.3106, 21.3166,
-82.9961

■ 49.3106, 21.3166,
-82.9961

165.6546, 25.3600,
-89.5159

■ 39.4566, 20.4327,
-83.2822

■ 71.0953, 22.7659,
-83.7195

■ 30.3630, 19.4228,
-84.4601

■ 82.9432, 23.3509,
-84.4056

■ 22.1007, 18.2728,
-87.3251

■ 95.3847, 23.8546,
-85.1946

■ 14.7634, 16.9729,
-93.7826

■ 108.3927, 24.2838,
-86.0404

■ 8.4192, 15.9174,
-110.6037

121.9436, 24.6443,
-86.9126

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.0163, 24.9410,

-87.7910

0.0000, NaN, -NF

150.5922, 25.1784,
-88.6619

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 49.3106, 21.3166,
-82.9961

■ 49.3106, 21.3166,
-82.9961

■ 43.1836, 29.2470,
-102.7724

■ 56.0697, 14.7558,
-65.2331

■ 37.8513, 38.5689,
-124.1938

■ 63.3330, 9.3726,
-49.3786

■ 33.5082, 48.8758,
-145.8975

■ 71.0079, 4.9519,
-35.1539

■ 31.6421, 54.3261,
-156.8243

■ 79.0254, 1.3015,
-22.2630

■ 87.3344, -1.7351,
-10.4431

■ 95.8958, -4.2806,
0.5220

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.3113, -10.7122, -91.4818



49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961



49.3113, 52.8865, -46.0852

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.3113, 21.3176, -82.9942



49.3113, 39.3533, 29.5684



49.3113, -48.5060, 9.9876

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961



85.2443, -5.9081, 45.6945

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.3113, -40.9907, 26.2887



49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961



49.3113, 6.0007, 32.1901

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.3113, 21.3176, -82.9942



49.3113, 64.9473, 19.3446



49.3113, -22.7382, 31.5289



49.3113, -46.3169, -23.1251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961



49.3113, 66.9013, -18.1828



49.3113, -22.7382, 31.5289



49.3113, -47.1129, 17.1562

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.3113, 21.3176, -82.9942



83.7304, -0.4966, -15.4068



88.7006, -49.7024, 10.1340



37.6404, 0.1768, -8.7002

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.3113, 21.3176, -82.9942



41.3281, 32.1751, -109.6964



44.2751, 49.6740, -98.5401



42.4500, -1.4401, -2.1509



23.2566, 37.9687, -111.0323



8.2395, 8.8501, -29.4034

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8455, 62.3985, 13.5495



50.0083, 72.8754, 17.9498



92.7942, -38.3735, 50.3258



42.4876, 1.9896, 2.5011



33.5767, 57.9931, 17.8834



10.5503, 18.3657, 4.5064

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

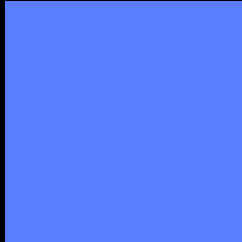
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

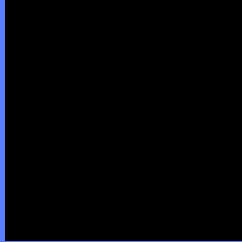
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961.

-82.9961.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961

Protanopia

49.3042, 15.8579, -83.1103

Deuteranopia

49.2364, 3.8283, -69.8055



Tritanopia

49.3248, -22.3107, -10.5273

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961

Protanomaly

49.3724, 17.4475, -82.8834

Deuteranomaly

48.7362, 8.6539, -75.8868

Tritanomaly

48.6762, -9.1262, -33.0534

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961

Achromatopsia

47.2470, -2.5210, 2.5670

Achromatomaly

47.3714, 2.4789, -21.5282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 126, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 126, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 126, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 126, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 126, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 126, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 126, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 126, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 126, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 126,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.3106, 21.3166, -82.9961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 126, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 126,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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