

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.3328, 20.1313,  
-15.5927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.3328, 20.1313,  
-15.5927) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(49.2603, 20.2454,  
-15.6643)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A478AB
RGB	164, 120, 171
RGB Percent	64%, 47%, 67%
CMY	0.3569, 0.5294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.04, 0.30, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	292°, 23%, 57%
HSV	292°, 30%, 67%
XYZ	29.3771, 24.2658, 41.6636
YIQ	138.9700, 9.8530, 25.1890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

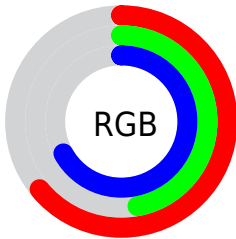
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	164, 120, 171
Decimal	10778795
CIELab	56.35, 26.19, -20.45
CIELCh	56, 33.230, 322.017
Yxy	24.2668, 0.3082, 0.2546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288968875 (0xFFA478AB)
YUV	138.9700, 15.7908, 21.9513
Hunter-Lab	49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643

# Details

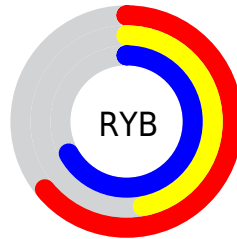
The HunterLab color  $49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $59.1562, -22.9387, 18.2395$ , and the grayscale version is  $50.7371, -2.7072, 2.7566$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $71.1293, 21.5429, -15.7687$ , and  $30.3610, 18.2340, -15.0549$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.0188, 28.3583, -22.5055$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53.8571, 12.1739, -9.0155$ .

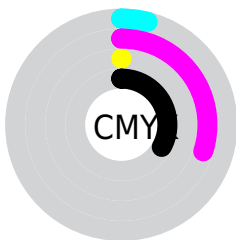
# Distribution



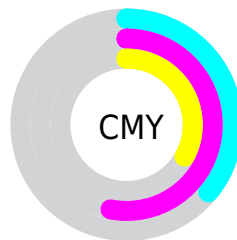
- Red (64%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.2603, 20.2454,  
-15.6643

■ 49.2603, 20.2454,  
-15.6643

165.5798, 23.8943,  
-16.1691

■ 39.4102, 19.4099,  
-15.3113

■ 71.0389, 21.5955,  
-16.1701

■ 30.3206, 18.4520,  
-14.8957

■ 82.8839, 22.1344,  
-16.3298

■ 22.0625, 17.3543,  
-14.4296

■ 95.3225, 22.5934,  
-16.4313

■ 14.7300, 16.1044,  
-13.9599

108.3278, 22.9794,  
-16.4777

■ 8.3870, 15.1044,  
-13.8818

121.8761, 23.2979,  
-16.4720

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

135.9463, 23.5538,

-16.4170

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.5198, 23.7514,  
-16.3153

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.2603, 20.2454,  
-15.6643

■ 49.2603, 20.2454,  
-15.6643

■ 45.0188, 28.3583,  
-22.5055

■ 53.8571, 12.1739,  
-9.0155

■ 41.1910, 36.3481,  
-29.4396

■ 58.7539, 4.2338,  
-2.6020

■ 37.8474, 43.9286,  
-36.2665

■ 63.9092, -3.5414,  
3.5748

■ 35.0591, 50.6809,  
-42.6667

■ 69.2881, -11.1466,  
9.5309

■ 32.8854, 56.0906,  
-48.2183

■ 74.8625, -18.5915,  
15.2905

■ 31.3532, 59.6814,  
-52.4943

■ 80.6097, -25.8929,  
20.8796

■ 30.3364, 61.5883,  
-55.5293

■ 86.5110, -33.0698,  
26.3234

■ 30.3192, 61.6201,  
-55.5822

■ 91.9241, -39.3357,  
31.1041

■ 92.0815, -38.7296,  
31.2542

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2614, 7.7896, -27.1764



49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643



49.2614, 26.7156, -0.9802

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.2614, 20.2440, -15.6631



49.2614, 1.1343, 21.7937



49.2614, -25.0325, -7.8289

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643



59.1562, -22.9387, 18.2395

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.2614, -26.3944, 6.0819



49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643



49.2614, -12.2517, 20.9025

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.2614, 20.2440, -15.6631



49.2614, 14.9121, 18.8012



49.2614, -21.9693, 15.8979



49.2614, -18.0180, -21.8497



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643



49.2614, 26.3170, 7.6847



49.2614, -21.9693, 15.8979



49.2614, -26.1327, -2.9087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.2614, 20.2440, -15.6631



79.0755, 4.9684, -2.9240



47.2035, 3.5026, -19.2459



36.8904, 3.0520, -1.9459



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.2614, 20.2440, -15.6631



61.9996, 34.4954, -27.1785



49.3931, 19.3544, -5.4799



28.4456, 1.8481, -1.1000



26.3564, 53.5458, -48.1589



4.5639, 9.1669, -7.5238



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6048, 15.3569, 5.7248



60.9469, 26.5852, 8.7258



59.1187, -22.2791, 11.9802



28.3418, 1.0912, 1.9207



25.6508, 44.1339, 14.9778

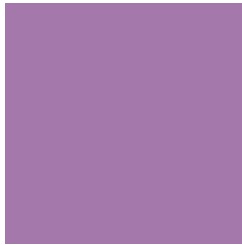


4.3413, 7.5937, 1.5727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

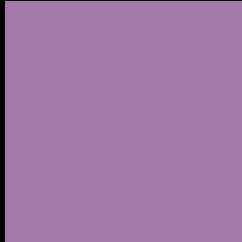
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

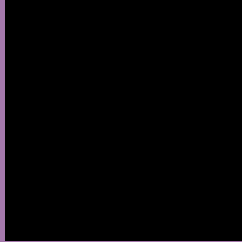
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643.

-15.6643.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643

### Protanopia

49.5217, 3.0585, -21.7706

### Deuteranopia

49.5431, 3.6058, -14.3295



## Tritanopia

49.3227, 8.9793, 2.5500

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643

## Protanomaly

49.1866, 8.6508, -19.6790

## Deuteranomaly

49.2645, 9.7193, -15.2428

## Tritanomaly

49.1552, 13.2250, -3.7756

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643

## Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

## Achromatomaly

50.0328, 5.3799, -3.7711

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 120, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 120, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 120, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 120, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 120, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 120, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 120, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 120, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 120, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 120,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.2603, 20.2454, -15.6643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 120, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
120, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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