

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193) contains.

HunterLab(49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008BE9
RGB	0, 139, 233
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 91%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4549, 0.0863
CMYK	1.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	204°, 100%, 46%
HSV	204°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	23.9406, 24.3484, 80.5286
YIQ	108.1550, -113.0180, -0.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

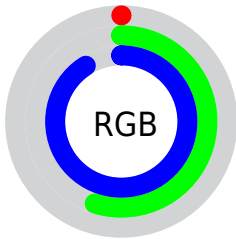
Format	Color
RYB	0, 87, 233
Decimal	35817
CIELab	56.44, 3.55, -55.98
CIELCh	56, 56.091, 273.629
Yxy	24.3491, 0.1859, 0.1890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225897 (0xFF008BE9)
YUV	108.1550, 61.5486, -94.8519
Hunter-Lab	49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193

Details

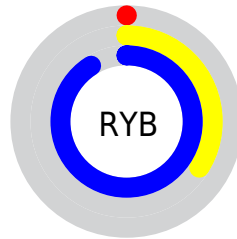
The HunterLab color **49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **50.3389, 45.2811, 31.8093**, and the grayscale version is **38.5947, -2.0593, 2.0969**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.2701, -10.8205, -38.4827**, and **32.3831, 7.2261, -56.0751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.3373, 0.2638, -62.2368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.3223, -3.8088, -55.1834**.

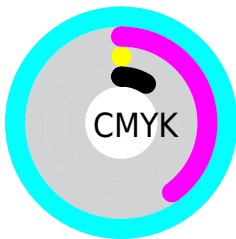
Distribution



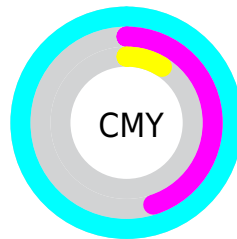
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193

■ 49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193

■ 165.7048, -4.5522,
-68.8016

■ 39.4877, 0.5774,
-61.8847

■ 71.1332, -0.5444,
-63.5034

■ 30.3916, 0.8449,
-62.0151

■ 82.9831, -1.0088,
-64.2736

■ 22.1263, 1.0467,
-63.0643

■ 95.4265, -1.5127,
-65.0676

■ 14.7859, 1.1702,
-66.1252

■ 108.4364, -2.0538,
-65.8615

■ 8.4408, 1.3819,
-75.1840

■ 121.9889, -2.6300,
-66.6399

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.0633, -3.2395,

-67.3931

0.0000, NaN, -NF

150.6409, -3.8807,
-68.1150

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193

■ 49.3441, 0.2517,
-62.2193

■ 49.3373, 0.2638,
-62.2368

■ 52.3223, -3.8088,
-55.1834

■ 55.5581, -7.0788,
-48.1589

■ 59.0742, -9.4439,
-41.1370

■ 62.8607, -10.9207,
-34.1690

■ 66.9015, -11.5622,
-27.2985

■ 71.1781, -11.4397,
-20.5562

■ 75.6719, -10.6301,
-13.9596

■ 80.3647, -9.2092,
-7.5159

■ 85.2400, -7.2478,
-1.2245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.3448, -21.1204, -53.3183



49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193



49.3448, 24.9210, -48.0830

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.3448, 0.2528, -62.2181



49.3448, 40.8333, 21.0341



49.3448, -36.9027, 18.2005

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193



50.3389, 45.2811, 31.8093

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.3448, -25.2199, 26.7254



49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193



49.3448, 19.0479, 27.7425

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.3448, 0.2528, -62.2181



49.3448, 50.9499, 5.3261



49.3448, -5.4590, 29.1900



49.3448, -40.0743, -0.1086

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193



49.3448, 39.2035, -30.1480



49.3448, -5.4590, 29.1900



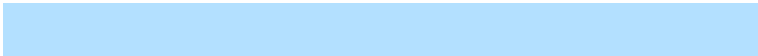
49.3448, -33.9640, 21.9617

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.3448, 0.2528, -62.2181



83.7408, -11.7976, -15.5899



76.8590, -62.2149, 38.2399



37.7543, -5.6720, -8.6362

0.0000, NaN, NaN



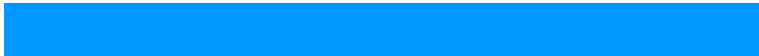
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.3448, 0.2528, -62.2181



54.5054, 0.5512, -69.3170



25.5159, 60.4381, -162.3526



40.0538, -3.3432, -0.4269



37.4983, -0.3732, -46.0639



11.3665, -1.5136, -10.9396

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.8054, 79.2658, -4.6804



48.5080, 87.7513, -4.9336



79.5439, -12.2360, 48.7991



38.9935, 2.4529, 0.5100



33.0338, 59.8482, -4.0558



9.3586, 17.1378, -2.5637

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

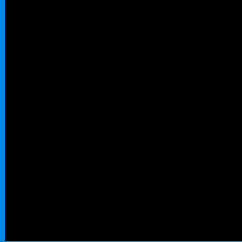
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193

Protanopia

49.1492, 10.4605, -56.3283

Deuteranopia

49.3569, 4.8736, -63.0088



Tritanopia

49.3465, -23.9528, -9.9715

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193

Protanomaly

48.6498, 4.8708, -60.2785

Deuteranomaly

49.1825, 2.8135, -63.4840

Tritanomaly

49.1382, -16.0694, -26.7292

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193

Achromatopsia

38.7246, -2.0663, 2.1040

Achromatomaly

40.9375, -7.1044, -18.5465

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 139, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 139, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 139, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 139, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 139, 233) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 139, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 139, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 139, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 139, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 139,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.3441, 0.2517, -62.2193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 139, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 139,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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