

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.3754, 0.7549,
-3.2772)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.3754, 0.7549, -3.2772)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.5042, 0.5797,
-3.0408)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	898694
RGB	137, 134, 148
RGB Percent	54%, 53%, 58%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4745, 0.4196
CMYK	0.07, 0.09, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	253°, 6%, 55%
HSV	253°, 9%, 58%
XYZ	24.1869, 24.5067, 31.4724
YIQ	136.4930, -2.7060, 4.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

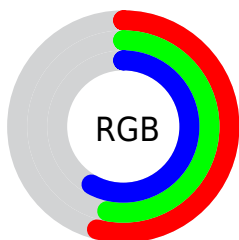
Format	Color
RYB	137, 134, 148
Decimal	9012884
CIELab	56.59, 3.95, -7.08
CIELCh	57, 8.107, 299.176
Yxy	24.5077, 0.3017, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287202964 (0xFF898694)
YUV	136.4930, 5.6730, 0.4446
Hunter-Lab	49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408

Details

The HunterLab color $49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53.7786, -5.9194, 8.1675$, and the grayscale version is $49.7943, -2.6569, 2.7054$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.2405, -0.2273, -2.6097$, and $30.3808, 1.2309, -3.3286$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.4614, 4.4064, -9.8875$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.7045, -3.0999, 3.2885$.

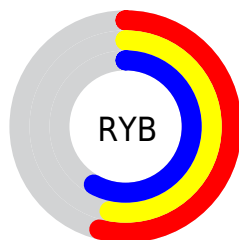
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (53%)

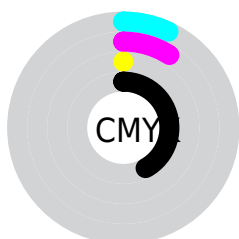
Blue (58%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (58%)

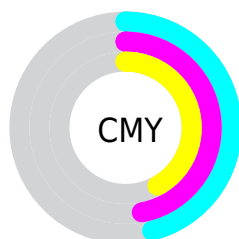


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (47%)


Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49.5042, 0.5797,
-3.0408


 49.5042, 0.5797,
-3.0408


165.9450, -4.0736,
0.7114


 39.6367, 0.8815,
-3.2148


 71.3144, -0.1791,
-2.5174

 30.5281, 1.1257,
-3.3231


 83.1739, -0.6252,
-2.1800

 22.2492, 1.3022,
-3.3554

 95.6264, -1.1118,
-1.7968

 14.8933, 1.3975,
-3.2994

108.6449, -1.6362,
-1.3711

 8.5431, 1.5594,
-3.2326

122.2058, -2.1964,
-0.9053

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.2882, -2.7903,

-0.4017

0.0000, NaN, NaN


150.8735, -3.4166,
0.1377

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 49.5042, 0.5797,
-3.0408


 49.5042, 0.5797,
-3.0408


 44.4614, 4.4064,
-9.8875


 54.7045, -3.0999,
3.2885


 39.5982, 8.4268,
-17.4023


 60.0399, -6.6642,
9.2123


 34.9499, 12.6904,
-25.7713

 65.4967, -10.1419,
14.8189

 30.5638, 17.2472,
-35.2150

 71.0630, -13.5544,
20.1757

 26.5066, 22.1226,
-45.9486

 76.7294, -16.9185,
25.3347

■ 22.8725, 27.2554,
-58.0553

■ 82.4880, -20.2472,
30.3362

■ 19.7894, 32.3687,
-71.1806

■ 88.3322, -23.5508,
35.2120

■ 17.4116, 36.7997,
-84.0313

■ 94.2565, -26.8373,
39.9869

■ 15.7097, 40.2283,
-95.3557

■ 96.1653, -24.2290,
41.5585

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5052, -2.7380, -3.9255



49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408



49.5052, 3.0875, -0.5942

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5052, 0.5786, -3.0399



49.5052, 0.7456, 7.7364



49.5052, -9.0040, 2.7840

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408



53.7786, -5.9194, 8.1675

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5052, -8.1263, 5.7724



49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408



49.5052, -2.5502, 8.5107

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5052, 0.5786, -3.0399



49.5052, 3.1857, 5.6274



49.5052, -5.7865, 7.8160



49.5052, -8.2161, -0.4292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408



49.5052, 3.9324, 1.5142



49.5052, -5.7865, 7.8160



49.5052, -8.8943, 3.8468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5052, 0.5786, -3.0399



70.1552, -2.3773, 1.4093



52.4587, -5.6006, 0.5609



33.2657, -0.9578, 0.3683



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5052, 0.5786, -3.0399



64.5625, 1.6485, -5.5855



50.1006, 2.5986, -2.2390



23.8522, 0.2321, -1.3803



14.4732, 37.4039, -88.4609



1.9092, 4.4403, -7.8419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.3900, 3.3861, -0.4115



65.9658, 6.0721, -1.3728



53.2184, -7.9107, 7.5257



24.2655, 1.5447, -0.1543



25.4261, 47.8184, -16.7134



2.8877, 5.5535, -2.8493

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

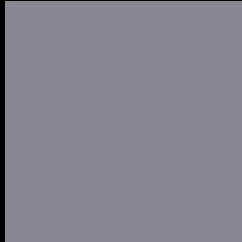
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

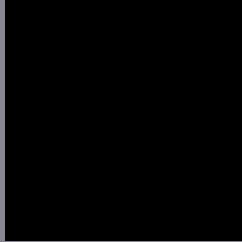
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408.

-3.0408.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408

Protanopia

49.5322, -0.7660, -3.0282

Deuteranopia

49.4776, 3.3334, -3.0271



Tritanopia

49.4094, 0.0659, -1.6980

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408

Protanomaly

49.6155, -0.4797, -2.9156

Deuteranomaly

49.5741, 2.2443, -2.9214

Tritanomaly

49.4408, 0.2359, -2.1423

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.4526, -1.5347, 0.6992

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 134, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 134, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 134, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 134, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 134, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 134, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 134, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 134, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 134,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.5042, 0.5797, -3.0408 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 134, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
134, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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