

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.4336, -4.7359,
5.2842)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.4336, -4.7359, 5.2842)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.4599, -5.0605,
5.4917)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	858981
RGB	133, 137, 129
RGB Percent	52%, 54%, 51%
CMY	0.4784, 0.4627, 0.4941
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.06, 0.46
HSL	90°, 3%, 52%
HSV	90°, 6%, 54%
XYZ	22.5810, 24.4628, 24.3005
YIQ	134.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

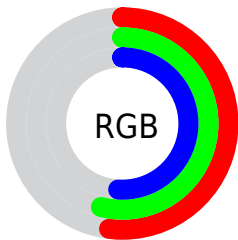
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 137, 133
Decimal	8751489
CIE Lab	56.55, -3.04, 3.77
CIE LCh	57, 4.839, 128.847
Yxy	24.4639, 0.3165, 0.3429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286941569 (0xFF858981)
YUV	134.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593
Hunter-Lab	49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917

Details

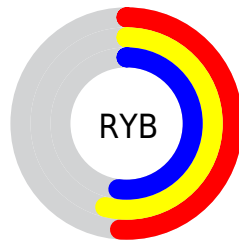
The HunterLab color $49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $47.4277, -0.0504, -0.3640$, and the grayscale version is $49.1913, -2.6247, 2.6727$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.1642, -6.3805, 6.8678$, and $30.4637, -3.4343, 3.9406$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.5633, -8.9590, 9.8544$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50.4273, -0.9151, 0.6425$.

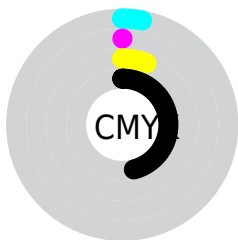
Distribution



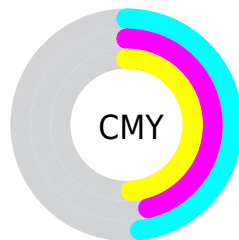
- Red (52%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.4599, -5.0605,
5.4917

■ 49.4599, -5.0605,
5.4917

165.8787,
-12.5015, 13.2916

■ 39.5956, -4.3583,
4.7427

■ 71.2644, -6.5452,
7.0626

■ 30.4904, -3.6804,
4.0153

■ 83.1212, -7.3249,
7.8834

■ 22.2153, -3.0271,
3.3080

■ 95.5712, -8.1291,
8.7277

■ 14.8636, -2.3955,
2.6154

108.5873, -8.9574,
9.5954

■ 8.5150, -2.0081,
2.2982

122.1459, -9.8093,
10.4860

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.2262,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.6843, 11.3992

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.8093,
-11.5819, 12.3345

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.4599, -5.0605,
5.4917

■ 49.4599, -5.0605,
5.4917

■ 48.5633, -8.9590,
9.8544

■ 50.4273, -0.9151,
0.6425

■ 47.7353, -12.5894,
13.7095

■ 51.4607, 3.4620,
-4.6730

■ 46.9777, -15.9368,
17.0436

■ 52.5596, 8.0505,
-10.4292

■ 46.2910, -18.9876,
19.8488

■ 53.7221, 12.8316,
-16.5996

■ 45.6747, -21.7313,
22.1245

■ 54.9461, 17.7867,
-23.1569

■ 45.1279, -24.1620,
23.8792

■ 56.2295, 22.8983,
-30.0739

■ 44.6492, -26.2786,
25.1323

■ 57.5701, 28.1496,
-37.3239

■ 44.2357, -28.0869,
25.9163

■ 58.9656, 33.5254,
-44.8810

■ 43.8826, -29.6093,
26.3008

■ 60.4139, 39.0115,
-52.7205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4610, -3.2395, 6.2159



49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917



49.4610, -6.2228, 4.0110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.4610, -5.0617, 5.4924



49.4610, -4.0397, -0.8901



49.4610, 1.2668, 3.2589

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917



47.4277, -0.0504, -0.3640

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.4610, 1.0441, 1.3362



49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917



49.4610, -2.0412, -1.1113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.4610, -5.0617, 5.4924



49.4610, -5.6394, 0.3109



49.4610, -0.1744, -0.2818



49.4610, 0.4290, 4.9608

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917



49.4610, -6.4767, 2.7668



49.4610, -0.1744, -0.2818



49.4610, 1.3137, 2.6177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.4610, -5.0617, 5.4924



66.6679, -4.7046, 4.9611



48.6614, -2.0087, 4.6441



31.5822, -2.1918, 2.3074



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.4610, -5.0617, 5.4924



66.0246, -7.4780, 8.1544



49.1370, -6.2082, 5.1086



24.0043, -2.7531, 3.0037



42.2299, -29.1044, 25.5124



3.5660, -1.8723, 2.1646

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.4277, -0.0504, -0.3640



62.6963, 0.7261, -1.4346



47.7762, 1.1393, 0.0874



22.7650, 0.3019, -0.5671



16.8876, 38.8826, -66.3128



1.6624, 3.5193, -4.1371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

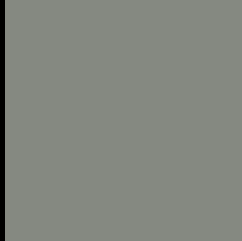
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

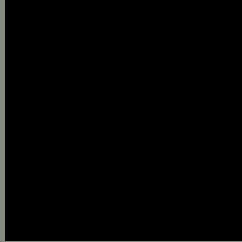
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917

Protanopia

49.4590, -2.1899, 5.9567

Deuteranopia

49.4203, 3.4795, 5.1766



Tritanopia

49.5209, -0.9943, -1.5755

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917

Protanomaly

49.4825, -3.5645, 5.9587

Deuteranomaly

49.3113, 0.2864, 4.9976

Tritanomaly

49.5386, -2.7517, 1.2430

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917

Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

Achromatomaly

49.3661, -3.6988, 3.7032

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 137, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 137, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 137, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 137, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 137, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 137, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 137, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 137, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 137, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 137,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.4599, -5.0605, 5.4917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 137, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
137, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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