

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.4494, 96.7756,
-61.7824)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.4494, 96.7756,
-61.7824) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.5211, 96.9184,
-61.8905)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F000EB
RGB	240, 0, 235
RGB Percent	94%, 0%, 92%
CMY	0.0588, 0.9998, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.02, 0.06
HSL	301°, 100%, 47%
HSV	301°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	50.9305, 24.5234, 80.6464
YIQ	98.5500, 67.6050, 123.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

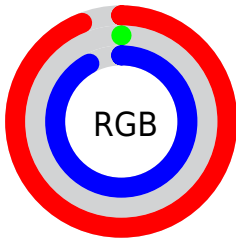
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 0, 235
Decimal	15728875
CIE Lab	56.61, 93.15, -55.77
CIE LCh	57, 108.566, 329.091
Yxy	24.5246, 0.3263, 0.1571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918955 (0xFFFF00EB)
YUV	98.5500, 67.2698, 124.0516
Hunter-Lab	49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905

Details

The HunterLab color **49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **78.9508, -67.6495, 47.3561**, and the grayscale version is **34.9012, -1.8622, 1.8962**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6301, 77.6309, -51.6802**, and **35.7744, 70.2495, -46.5321** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5213, 96.9187, -61.8895**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.2071, 94.6330, -60.6704**.

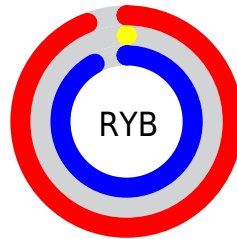
Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (0%)

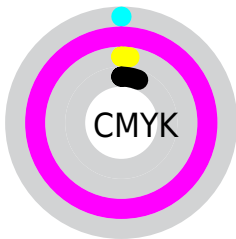
Blue (92%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (92%)

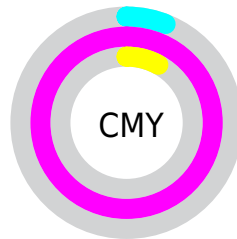


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

49.5211, 96.9184,
-61.8905

49.5211, 96.9184,
-61.8905

165.9704,
118.9808, -68.4649

39.6525, 94.3540,
-61.5413

71.3336, 102.2201,
-63.1833

30.5426, 92.0465,
-61.6471

83.1941, 104.8363,
-63.9541

22.2622, 90.3520,
-62.6494

95.6476, 107.3907,
-64.7472

14.9047, 90.1541,
-65.6114

108.6670,
109.8712, -65.5390

8.5538, 94.9019,
-74.2564

122.2288,
112.2718, -66.3145

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.3121,

114.5902, -67.0644

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.8982,
116.8262, -67.7824

■ 49.5211, 96.9184,
-61.8905

■ 49.5211, 96.9184,
-61.8905

■ 49.5213, 96.9187,
-61.8895

■ 50.2071, 94.6330,
-60.6704

■ 51.6710, 89.6778,
-57.6496

■ 54.0840, 81.8229,
-52.6558

■ 57.4571, 71.5857,
-46.0196

■ 61.7349, 59.7123,
-38.2309

■ 66.8263, 46.9207,
-29.7683

■ 72.6281, 33.7644,
-21.0053

■ 79.0411, 20.6063,
-12.1911

■ 85.9768, 7.6520,
-3.4701

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5223, 47.4389, -138.9800



49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905



49.5223, 118.6078, 1.3580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5223, 96.9156, -61.8880



49.5223, -1.2504, 34.6656



49.5223, -58.2300, -57.1915

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905



78.9508, -67.6495, 47.3561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5223, -63.2526, 3.9970



49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905



49.5223, -38.3894, 34.4369

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5223, 96.9156, -61.8880



49.5223, 50.7467, 34.2928



49.5223, -57.5511, 29.2140



49.5223, -40.0308, -134.9350

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905



49.5223, 110.0268, 22.9130



49.5223, -57.5511, 29.2140



49.5223, -61.1455, -32.9542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5223, 96.9156, -61.8880



77.7289, 36.3325, -22.6104



25.1362, 68.0659, -177.7728



34.7064, 19.5755, -12.3064

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5223, 96.9156, -61.8880



53.0494, 103.8220, -66.2868



44.4835, 79.0100, 6.7623



40.0317, 3.2463, -1.4054



36.6430, 71.7197, -45.8369



10.5774, 20.7155, -13.3311

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.5223, 96.9156, -61.8880



53.0494, 103.8220, -66.2868



79.8605, -61.9719, 33.9628



40.0317, 3.2463, -1.4054



36.6430, 71.7197, -45.8369



10.5774, 20.7155, -13.3311

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

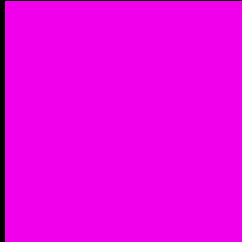
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

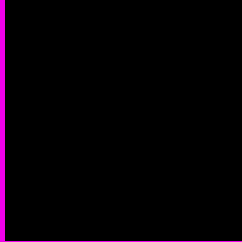
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905.

-61.8905.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905

Protanopia

50.2963, 14.7715, -80.2741

Deuteranopia

50.1378, 4.5648, -49.9190



Tritanopia

49.7040, 47.3159, 17.6719

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905

Protanomaly

42.6378, 49.7520, -96.3462

Deuteranomaly

42.5993, 44.7186, -73.1102

Tritanomaly

47.1752, 68.2806, -4.9474

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905

Achromatopsia

35.3231, -1.8847, 1.9192

Achromatomaly

34.8958, 39.7049, -25.4048

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 0, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 0, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 0, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 0, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 0, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 0, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.5211, 96.9184, -61.8905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 0, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 0,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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