

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.4743, 0.5974,
-4.0784)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.4743, 0.5974, -4.0784)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.4838, 0.6390,
-4.0693)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	888696
RGB	136, 134, 150
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 59%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4745, 0.4118
CMYK	0.09, 0.11, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	247°, 7%, 56%
HSV	247°, 11%, 59%
XYZ	24.1835, 24.4865, 32.3059
YIQ	136.4220, -3.9440, 5.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

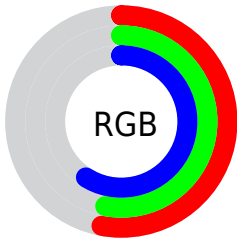
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 134, 150
Decimal	8947350
CIE Lab	56.57, 4.02, -8.27
CIE LCh	57, 9.196, 295.941
Yxy	24.4875, 0.2987, 0.3024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137430 (0xFF888696)
YUV	136.4220, 6.6940, -0.3701
Hunter-Lab	49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693

Details

The HunterLab color $49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.6173, -5.9563, 9.0655$, and the grayscale version is $49.7626, -2.6552, 2.7037$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.2173, -0.1728, -3.6785$, and $30.3643, 1.2995, -4.3163$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.2698, 4.1888, -11.2923$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.8631, -2.7283, 2.5758$.

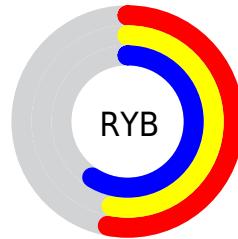
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (53%)

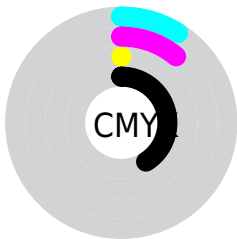
Blue (59%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (59%)

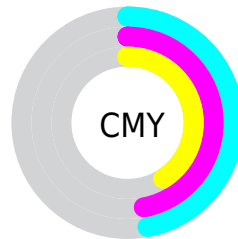


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.4838, 0.6390,
-4.0693

■ 49.4838, 0.6390,
-4.0693

165.9144, -3.9857,
-0.7316

■ 39.6177, 0.9368,
-4.1874

■ 71.2913, -0.1124,
-3.6504

■ 30.5107, 1.1766,
-4.2372

■ 83.1496, -0.5551,
-3.3619

■ 22.2335, 1.3482,
-4.2083

■ 95.6009, -1.0384,
-3.0260

■ 14.8796, 1.4381,
-4.0891

108.6184, -1.5597,
-2.6458

■ 8.5301, 1.5995,
-3.9691

122.1782, -2.1168,
-2.2241

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.2596, -2.7079,

-1.7631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.8440, -3.3313,
-1.2651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.4838, 0.6390,
-4.0693

■ 49.4838, 0.6390,
-4.0693

■ 44.2698, 4.1888,
-11.2923

■ 54.8631, -2.7283,
2.5758

■ 39.2456, 7.9808,
-19.2691

■ 60.3840, -5.9538,
8.7723

■ 34.4499, 12.0832,
-28.2207

■ 66.0316, -9.0723,
14.6210

■ 29.9359, 16.5723,
-38.4118

■ 71.7936, -12.1095,
20.1977

■ 25.7800, 21.5050,
-50.0989

■ 77.6598, -15.0852,
25.5603

■ 22.0921, 26.8424,
-63.3560

■ 83.6219, -18.0145,
30.7535

■ 19.0235, 32.2801,
-77.6429

■ 89.6732, -20.9093,
35.8122

■ 16.7550, 37.0170,
-91.1333

■ 95.8079, -23.7788,
40.7636

■ 15.2900, 40.5859,
-101.7572

■ 97.3753, -19.7437,
42.0875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4848, -3.1660, -4.8603



49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693



49.4848, 3.6421, -1.4159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.4848, 0.6380, -4.0684



49.4848, 1.5725, 8.1811



49.4848, -9.8146, 3.1896

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693



54.6173, -5.9563, 9.0655

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.4848, -8.6293, 6.4783



49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693



49.4848, -2.1178, 9.2173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.4848, 0.6380, -4.0684



49.4848, 4.1931, 5.6769



49.4848, -5.8407, 8.6183



49.4848, -9.1271, -0.4879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693



49.4848, 4.7466, 0.9518



49.4848, -5.8407, 8.6183



49.4848, -9.6230, 4.3743

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.4848, 0.6380, -4.0684



71.1537, -2.5727, 1.3686



53.3785, -6.6407, 0.7253



33.2383, -1.0525, 0.3332



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.4848, 0.6380, -4.0684



63.9205, 2.0435, -7.8091



50.1703, 2.9610, -3.1330



23.8026, 0.0623, -1.4474



13.9546, 36.9847, -92.4314



1.7485, 4.2728, -8.7796

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6689, 4.5053, -1.4844



65.8929, 8.4249, -3.4208



53.9644, -8.2781, 8.3263



24.2834, 1.6410, -0.4092



25.9730, 49.7475, -24.0527



2.9220, 5.6735, -3.3011

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

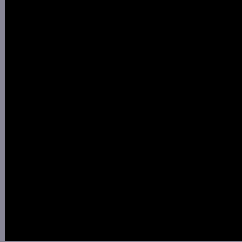
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693.

-4.0693.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693

Protanopia

49.5967, -0.4155, -3.9396

Deuteranopia

49.4523, 3.3778, -4.0628



Tritanopia

49.5209, -0.9943, -1.5755

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693

Protanomaly

49.6798, -0.1302, -3.8256

Deuteranomaly

49.5505, 2.2935, -3.9527

Tritanomaly

49.5837, -0.6525, -2.4655

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.4826, -1.3713, 0.2732

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 134, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 134, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 134, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 134, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 134, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 134, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 134, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 134, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 134, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 134,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.4838, 0.6390, -4.0693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 134, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
134, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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