

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.4860, -0.7622,
4.7943)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.4860, -0.7622, 4.7943)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.4365, -0.6618,
4.6984)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E8683
RGB	142, 134, 131
RGB Percent	56%, 53%, 51%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4745, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.08, 0.44
HSL	16°, 5%, 54%
HSV	16°, 8%, 56%
XYZ	23.7772, 24.4397, 24.9368
YIQ	136.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

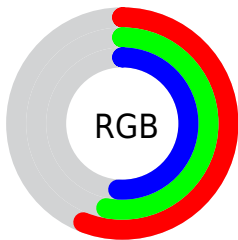
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 135, 131
Decimal	9340547
CIE Lab	56.53, 2.44, 2.68
CIE LCh	57, 3.623, 47.708
Yxy	24.4407, 0.3250, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287530627 (0xFF8E8683)
YUV	136.0500, -2.4897, 5.2181
Hunter-Lab	49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984

Details

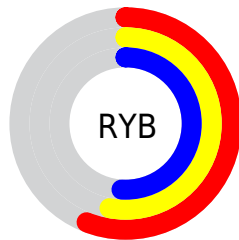
The HunterLab color $49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.2425, -4.5228, 0.6801$, and the grayscale version is $49.6474, -2.6491, 2.6974$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.2300, -1.3914, 6.1212$, and $30.3729, 0.3684, 3.1395$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.2230, 2.2224, 7.0127$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.7705, -3.3707, 2.2690$.

Distribution



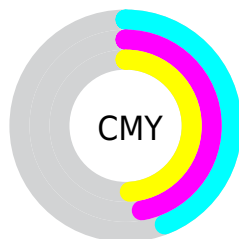
- Red (56%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.4365, -0.6618,
4.6984

■ 49.4365, -0.6618,
4.6984

■ 165.8437, -5.9105,
12.0696

■ 39.5738, -0.2754,
4.0123

■ 71.2380, -1.5752,
6.1565

■ 30.4705, 0.0603,
3.3536

■ 83.0934, -2.0924,
6.9257

■ 22.1973, 0.3369,
2.7227

■ 95.5421, -2.6467,
7.7212

■ 14.8480, 0.5439,
2.1177

■ 108.5569, -3.2361,
8.5423

■ 8.5001, 0.7956,
1.7695

■ 122.1143, -3.8587,
9.3882

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 136.1934, -4.5128,

10.2584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

150.7754, -5.1971,
11.1524

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.4365, -0.6618,
4.6984

■ 49.4365, -0.6618,
4.6984

■ 46.2230, 2.2224,
7.0127

■ 52.7705, -3.3707,
2.2690

■ 43.1415, 5.3026,
9.1853

■ 56.2093, -5.9180,
-0.2591

■ 40.2106, 8.5903,
11.1860

■ 59.7434, -8.3226,
-2.8706

■ 37.4506, 12.0900,
12.9758

■ 63.3638, -10.6007,
-5.5542

■ 34.8851, 15.7920,
14.5068

■ 67.0630, -12.7672,
-8.3009

■ 32.5407, 19.6628,
15.7237

■ 70.8345, -14.8354,
-11.1039

■ 30.4460, 23.6347,
16.5685

■ 74.6726, -16.8169,
-13.9576

■ 28.6293, 27.5957,
16.9918

■ 78.5725, -18.7220,
-16.8575

■ 27.1106, 31.3621,
17.0535

■ 82.3801, -21.4115,
-17.7030

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.4376, 0.1679, 3.5273



49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984



49.4376, -2.0182, 5.3252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.4376, -0.6631, 4.6992



49.4376, -5.4574, 3.2779



49.4376, -1.7505, -0.0249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984



50.2425, -4.5228, 0.6801

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.4376, -3.2597, -0.0966



49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984



49.4376, -5.3876, 1.8399

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.4376, -0.6631, 4.6992



49.4376, -4.7790, 4.5213



49.4376, -4.5873, 0.5949



49.4376, -0.4651, 0.7879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984



49.4376, -3.0310, 5.3615



49.4376, -4.5873, 0.5949



49.4376, -2.2488, -0.1373

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.4376, -0.6631, 4.6992



68.1563, -2.9591, 4.4164



48.8362, 2.0283, 0.4420



32.2392, -1.4214, 2.0665



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.4376, -0.6631, 4.6992



65.0244, -0.3436, 6.6930



50.9714, -3.2340, 6.3742



23.7672, -0.1261, 2.4459



25.4553, 30.3025, 16.2159



3.0773, 1.4841, 1.9222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2425, -4.5228, 0.6801



66.2901, -6.4136, 0.3729



48.6922, -1.9656, -1.1920



24.2297, -2.3439, 0.1368



32.4613, -8.5511, -22.1144



3.7081, -1.5657, -1.2549

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

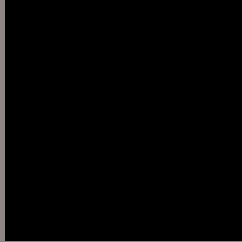
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.4365, -0.6618,

4.6984.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984

Protanopia

49.4802, -1.8994, 4.2985

Deuteranopia

49.3787, 3.4499, 4.2759



Tritanopia

49.4115, 2.7980, -0.6858

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984

Protanomaly

49.5675, -1.5972, 4.4036

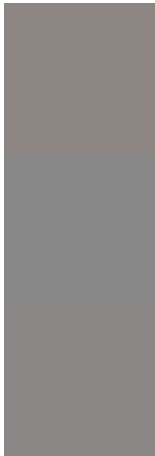
Deuteranomaly

49.3675, 2.0071, 4.2378

Tritanomaly

49.4760, 1.3588, 1.2395

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.4494, -1.8941, 3.3947

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 134, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 134, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 134, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 134, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 134, 131) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 134, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 134, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 134, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 134, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 134,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.4365, -0.6618, 4.6984 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 134, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
134, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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