

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.5533, -40.7119,
-19.6164)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.5533, -40.7119,
-19.6164) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.5017,
-24.9616, -12.9876)**

Conversions

| Conversions Part 1 | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Format | Color |
| Hex | 00A1B0 |
| RGB | 0, 161, 176 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 63%, 69% |
| CMY | 0.9999, 0.3686, 0.3098 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.31 |
| HSL | 185°, 100%, 35% |
| HSV | 185°, 100%, 69% |
| XYZ | 20.5813, 28.6243, 45.5146 |
| YIQ | 114.5710, -100.7710, -29.4670 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

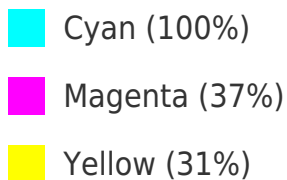
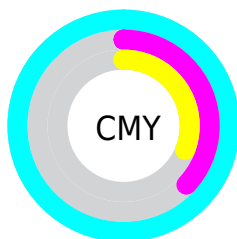
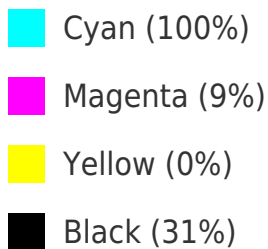
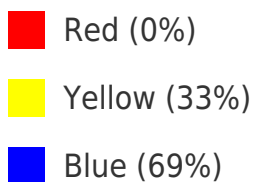
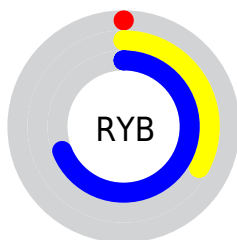
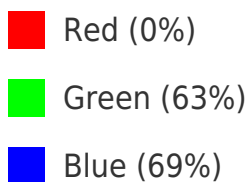
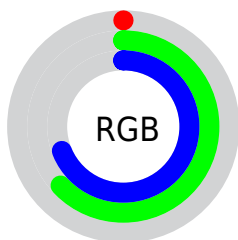
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 0, 84, 176 |
| Decimal | 41392 |
| CIELab | 60.45, -29.27, -17.73 |
| CIELCh | 60, 34.223, 211.208 |
| Yxy | 28.6254, 0.2173, 0.3022 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278231472 (0xFF00A1B0) |
| YUV | 114.5710, 30.2845, -100.4788 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 |

Details

The HunterLab color **53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **30.9400, 50.1407, 19.9411**, and the grayscale version is **41.1595, -2.1962, 2.2363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7435, -29.2346, -13.5990**, and **35.1672, -15.6386, -10.1966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.5016, -24.9611, -12.9884**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.1089, -25.1226, -12.1061**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53.5017, -24.9616,
-12.9876


 53.5017, -24.9616,
-12.9876


171.8846,
-43.4361, -12.5097


 43.3562, -22.6410,
-12.7513


 75.8164, -29.3507,
-13.2593


 33.9472, -20.1984,
-12.4454


 87.9081, -31.4562,
-13.3043


 25.3388, -17.5859,
-12.0698


 100.5819,
-33.5187, -13.2935

 17.6137, -14.7245,
-11.6378

 113.8122,
-35.5471, -13.2303

 10.8878, -12.7419,
-11.2081

 127.5767,
-37.5481, -13.1177

 2.2309, -3.9040,
-33.8620

 141.8551,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-39.5272, -12.9585

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.6298,
-41.4886, -12.7551

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.5017, -24.9616,
-12.9876

■ 53.5017, -24.9616,
-12.9876

■ 53.5016, -24.9611,
-12.9884

■ 54.1089, -25.1226,
-12.1061

■ 54.8159, -24.8953,
-11.0859

■ 55.6588, -24.1476,
-9.8807

■ 56.6492, -22.8419,
-8.4825

■ 57.7947, -20.9633,
-6.8917

■ 59.0991, -18.5146,
-5.1151

■ 60.5633, -15.5131,
-3.1640

■ 62.1862, -11.9868,
-1.0529

■ 63.9647, -7.9714,
1.2022

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5027, -28.2984, 2.3422



53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876



53.5027, -15.8090, -26.4366

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.5027, -24.9615, -12.9868



53.5027, 24.2516, -11.7332



53.5027, -3.4524, 23.4317

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876



30.9400, 50.1407, 19.9411

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.5027, 11.4564, 21.5317



53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876



53.5027, 28.4549, 3.4762

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.5027, -24.9615, -12.9868



53.5027, 12.5988, -25.5859



53.5027, 23.5435, 15.0608



53.5027, -16.7370, 21.1909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876



53.5027, -7.1123, -31.0801



53.5027, 23.5435, 15.0608



53.5027, 1.5342, 23.2610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.5027, -24.9615, -12.9868



81.4490, -21.1300, -4.4096



55.7539, -47.5926, 33.0535



37.5296, -10.6435, -2.5660



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



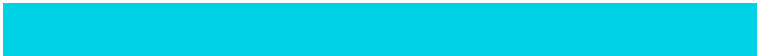
41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.5027, -24.9615, -12.9868



71.9360, -33.4713, -17.6587



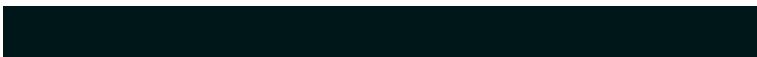
28.1894, 15.5276, -68.7498



30.8305, -3.7014, 0.6512



45.8738, -21.4384, -11.0589



8.3559, -4.0734, -1.6508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.3573, 66.3222, -35.8571



46.2498, 89.2582, -48.0510



43.4366, 17.3665, 27.0682



29.3836, 2.1473, -0.7008



29.4356, 56.8376, -30.8098



5.2561, 10.2032, -5.9212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

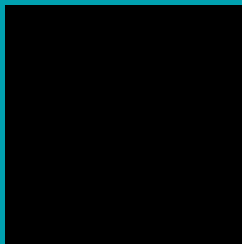
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876.



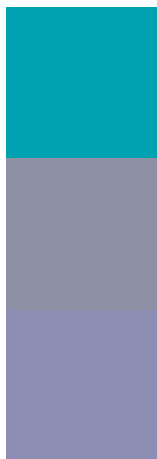
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876.

-24.9616, -12.9876.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876

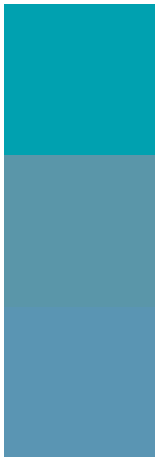
Protanopia

53.3047, 0.2121, -6.7445

Deuteranopia

53.2015, 3.8474, -15.2717

Trichromacy

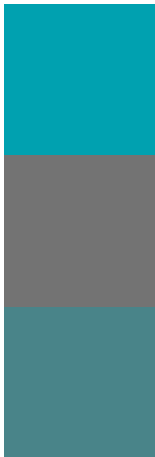


Original Color
53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876

Protanomaly
51.8179, -13.9175, -11.2625

Deuteranomaly
51.8876, -11.3343, -16.9576

Monochromacy



Original Color
53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876

Achromatopsia
41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly
44.4130, -15.3694, -4.4966

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 161, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 161, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 161, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 161, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 161, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 161, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161,  
176) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.5017, -24.9616, -12.9876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 161, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 161,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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