

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.5713, 28.2994,
-70.3834)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.5713, 28.2994,
-70.3834) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.5693, 28.2970,
-70.3827)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8178F3
RGB	129, 120, 243
RGB Percent	51%, 47%, 95%
CMY	0.4941, 0.5294, 0.0471
CMYK	0.47, 0.51, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	244°, 84%, 71%
HSV	244°, 51%, 95%
XYZ	31.9474, 24.5712, 87.8530
YIQ	136.7130, -34.1190, 40.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

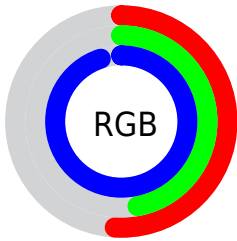
Format	Color
R _Y B	129, 120, 243
Decimal	8485107
CIE Lab	56.66, 34.48, -60.92
CIE LCh	57, 70.003, 299.505
Yxy	24.5720, 0.2213, 0.1702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286675187 (0xFF8178F3)
YUV	136.7130, 52.3995, -6.7643
Hunter-Lab	49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827

Details

The HunterLab color $49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $91.0767, -23.4234, 44.1430$, and the grayscale version is $49.7110, -2.6525, 2.7009$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.7676, 17.9971, -38.8795$, and $30.5235, 25.9429, -70.9720$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42.2805, 37.1904, -92.2035$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.5664, 20.3661, -51.5047$.

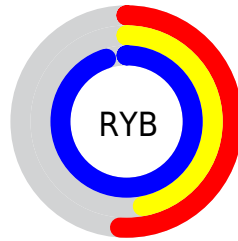
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (47%)

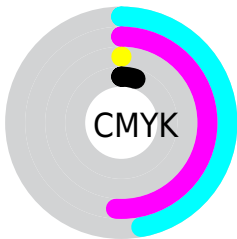
Blue (95%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (95%)

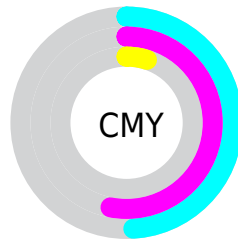


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.5693, 28.2970,
-70.3827

■ 49.5693, 28.2970,
-70.3827

166.0420, 34.7668,
-77.0972

■ 39.6969, 27.1056,
-70.2472

■ 71.3877, 30.3386,
-71.5050

■ 30.5833, 25.7854,
-70.7238

■ 83.2510, 31.2078,
-72.2629

■ 22.2989, 24.3310,
-72.3807

■ 95.7071, 31.9877,
-73.0724

■ 14.9368, 22.7565,
-76.5768

108.7292, 32.6854,
-73.9015

■ 8.5840, 21.4528,
-87.9587

122.2935, 33.3071,
-74.7299

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.3791, 33.8582,

-75.5441

0.0000, NaN, -NF

150.9676, 34.3434,
-76.3352

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 49.5693, 28.2970,
-70.3827

■ 49.5693, 28.2970,
-70.3827

■ 42.2805, 37.1904,
-92.2035

■ 57.5664, 20.3661,
-51.5047

■ 35.9332, 46.9469,
-116.9480

■ 66.1084, 13.2620,
-35.0810

■ 30.8519, 56.8058,
-142.9495

■ 75.0865, 6.8107,
-20.5685

■ 27.3967, 64.8623,
-165.4889

■ 84.4246, 0.8580,
-7.5128

■ 25.6859, 69.1804,
-178.6899

■ 94.0680, -4.7177,
4.4366

99.6249, -7.3949,
10.7949

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5701, -3.1337, -86.5087



49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827



49.5701, 55.9082, -32.9759

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5701, 28.2975, -70.3811



49.5701, 29.3401, 30.2388



49.5701, -47.3756, 3.1593

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827



91.0767, -23.4234, 44.1430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5701, -42.4838, 22.9320



49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827



49.5701, -2.1596, 31.9507

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5701, 28.2975, -70.3811



49.5701, 56.6020, 22.5153



49.5701, -27.4773, 30.3622



49.5701, -42.8005, -31.6624

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827



49.5701, 65.8857, -8.1019



49.5701, -27.4773, 30.3622



49.5701, -46.8053, 11.5091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5701, 28.2975, -70.3811



84.7717, 3.6307, -13.8699



83.5266, -31.6794, -9.2760



38.2562, 2.2962, -7.7702

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5701, 28.2975, -70.3811



44.2697, 39.8200, -98.7313



55.5096, 44.5244, -55.5852



39.9808, 0.0995, -2.8602



19.0839, 51.2914, -131.9272



5.8297, 15.3378, -37.7385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.9907, 60.0510, -35.1988



60.6444, 76.4070, -44.6697



86.2417, -41.7609, 40.1941



40.9220, 3.2297, -1.1714



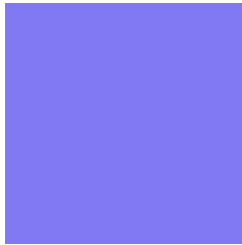
36.6833, 70.9956, -39.6626



10.9035, 21.1460, -12.1287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

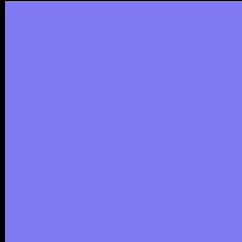
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.5693, 28.2970,

-70.3827.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827

Protanopia

49.7170, 15.7522, -81.9133

Deuteranopia

49.9668, 4.5489, -66.0294



Tritanopia

49.5873, -10.7097, -5.6659

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827

Protanomaly

49.3639, 19.6212, -78.8575

Deuteranomaly

49.0514, 11.7773, -69.2142

Tritanomaly

49.0979, 2.0529, -25.8078

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

49.4323, 6.6005, -18.6898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 120, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 120, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 120, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 120, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 120, 243) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 120, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 120, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 120, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 120, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 120,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.5693, 28.2970, -70.3827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 120, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
120, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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