

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.7226, 28.1715,  
1.1302)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.7226, 28.1715,  
1.1302) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(49.8093, 28.2230,  
1.1907)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF718D
RGB	191, 113, 141
RGB Percent	75%, 44%, 55%
CMY	0.2510, 0.5568, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.26, 0.25
HSL	338°, 38%, 60%
HSV	338°, 41%, 75%
XYZ	32.1986, 24.8097, 28.2909
YIQ	139.5140, 37.5000, 25.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

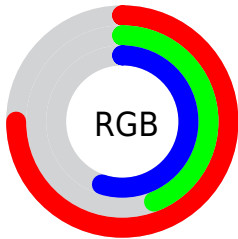
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	191, 113, 141
Decimal	12546445
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.89, 34.37, -1.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 34.428, 356.754
Yxy	24.8109, 0.3775, 0.2909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290736525 (0xFFBF718D)
YUV	139.5140, 0.7326, 45.1532
Hunter-Lab	49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907

# Details

The HunterLab color **49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **65.8918, -28.4799, 8.9230**, and the grayscale version is **51.0042, -2.7215, 2.7712**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.6605, 30.4092, 1.9722**, and **30.8943, 25.7789, 0.4937** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.4350, 36.0960, 1.6373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.6950, 20.2099, 1.2727**.

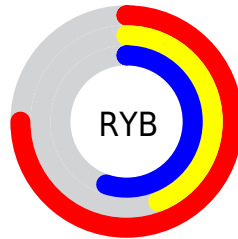
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (44%)

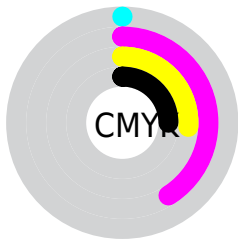
Blue (55%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (55%)

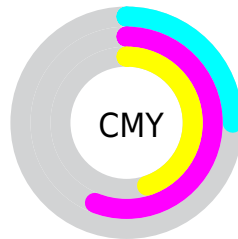


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.8093, 28.2230,  
1.1907

■ 49.8093, 28.2230,  
1.1907

166.4015, 34.6378,  
6.8054

■ 39.9202, 27.0359,  
0.7580

■ 71.6591, 30.2483,  
2.1909

■ 30.7880, 25.7232,  
0.3739

■ 83.5366, 31.1113,  
2.7499

■ 22.4832, 24.2760,  
0.0456

■ 96.0064, 31.8852,  
3.3451

■ 15.0981, 22.7072,  
-0.2182

■ 109.0414, 32.5772,  
3.9747

■ 8.7341, 21.3075,  
-0.4497

122.6181, 33.1934,  
4.6369

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.7158, 33.7392,

5.3303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.3159, 34.2194,  
6.0535

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8093, 28.2230,  
1.1907

■ 49.8093, 28.2230,  
1.1907

■ 45.4350, 36.0960,  
1.6373

■ 54.6950, 20.2099,  
1.2727

■ 41.6594, 43.5172,  
2.6936

■ 60.0084, 12.2483,  
1.7892

■ 38.5761, 50.0146,  
4.4071


■ 65.6841, 4.4268,  
2.6590


■ 36.2604, 55.0245,  
6.7421


■ 71.6679, -3.2207,  
3.8141


■ 34.7405, 58.0691,  
9.5439


■ 77.9164, -10.6920,  
5.2003

 33.9125, 59.3270,  
12.2173

 84.3949, -18.0001,  
6.7752

 91.0757, -25.1644,  
8.5062

 94.2474, -27.0169,  
6.2517

 94.6435, -24.7593,  
0.6078

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8105, 22.7675, -14.0615



49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907



49.8105, 24.6525, 13.2010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.8105, 28.2206, 1.1918



49.8105, -14.5596, 21.0073



49.8105, -16.9940, -24.8406

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907



65.8918, -28.4799, 8.9230

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8105, -25.1189, -10.7126



49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907



49.8105, -23.8299, 15.1324

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.8105, 28.2206, 1.1918



49.8105, -1.0778, 22.5374



49.8105, -27.4727, 4.1845



49.8105, -4.2236, -31.5474



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907



49.8105, 17.8375, 18.3755



49.8105, -27.4727, 4.1845



49.8105, -20.3005, -20.6354

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.8105, 28.2206, 1.1918



86.8493, 7.3293, 3.3766



48.2665, 27.5593, -30.3237



40.2195, 4.0786, 1.5024



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.8105, 28.2206, 1.1918



61.3895, 47.2097, 2.0910



51.5123, 19.3536, 14.0972



30.9701, 1.5244, 1.3096



27.5175, 48.1890, 9.5302



5.5611, 9.9573, 0.2308



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8105, 28.2206, 1.1918



61.3895, 47.2097, 2.0910



63.3706, -18.9100, -7.3988



30.9701, 1.5244, 1.3096



27.5175, 48.1890, 9.5302



5.5611, 9.9573, 0.2308



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

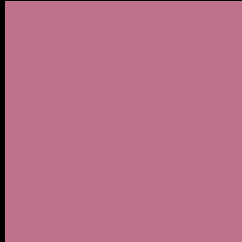
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

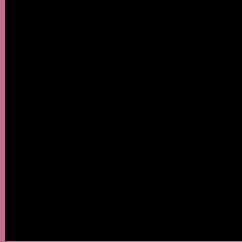
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8093, 28.2230,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907

### Protanopia

50.0432, -0.0003, -5.9040

### Deuteranopia

50.0940, 3.3874, 2.4682



## Tritanopia

49.7898, 23.7659, 7.9923

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907

## Protanomaly

49.6074, 9.4108, -3.7535

## Deuteranomaly

49.7847, 11.9717, 1.7969

## Tritanomaly

49.8471, 25.4339, 5.6203

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907

## Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

## Achromatomaly

50.2291, 8.1003, 1.8061

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 113, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 113, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 113, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 113, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 113, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 113, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 113, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 113, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 113, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 113,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.8093, 28.2230, 1.1907 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 113, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
113, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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