

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.7456, 97.8004,
-65.6107)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.7456, 97.8004,
-65.6107) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.8162, 97.9403,
-65.7046)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F000F0
RGB	240, 0, 240
RGB Percent	94%, 0%, 94%
CMY	0.0588, 0.9998, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	300°, 100%, 47%
HSV	300°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	51.6633, 24.8165, 84.5052
YIQ	99.1200, 66.0000, 125.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

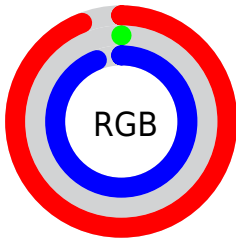
Format	Color
R _{YB}	240, 0, 240
Decimal	15728880
CIE _{Lab}	56.90, 93.84, -58.11
CIE _{LCh}	57, 110.380, 328.233
Yxy	24.8177, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918960 (0xFFFF00F0)
YUV	99.1200, 69.4538, 123.5518
Hunter-Lab	49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046

Details

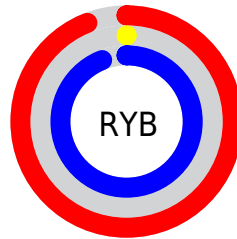
The HunterLab color **49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **78.9439, -67.6932, 47.4589**, and the grayscale version is **35.1071, -1.8732, 1.9074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6301, 77.6309, -51.6802**, and **36.0591, 71.2334, -50.1952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.8165, 97.9408, -65.7042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.4695, 95.5608, -64.0740**.

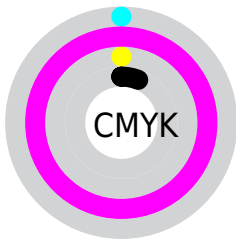
Distribution



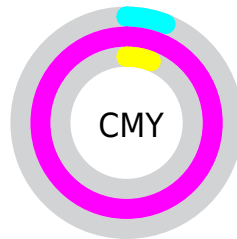
- Red (94%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)





- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49.8162, 97.9403,
-65.7046


 49.8162, 97.9403,
-65.7046


166.4118,
120.1207, -72.3758


 39.9265, 95.3697,
-65.4345


 71.6668, 103.2616,
-66.9379


 30.7939, 93.0588,
-65.6795


 83.5448, 105.8899,
-67.7078


 22.4884, 91.3638,
-66.9255

 96.0149, 108.4574,
-68.5119

 15.1027, 91.1621,
-70.3341

 109.0503,
110.9517, -69.3230

 8.7383, 95.5747,
-79.7138

 122.6274,
113.3667, -70.1243

0.0000, INF, -NF

136.7254,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

115.6998, -70.9046

0.0000, NaN, -NF

151.3258,
117.9508, -71.6566

■ 49.8162, 97.9403,
-65.7046

■ 49.8162, 97.9403,
-65.7046

■ 49.8165, 97.9408,
-65.7042

■ 50.4695, 95.5608,
-64.0740

■ 51.8980, 90.5145,
-60.6166

■ 54.2741, 82.5661,
-55.1685

■ 57.6107, 72.2275,
-48.0778

■ 61.8543, 60.2442,
-39.8521

■ 66.9147, 47.3380,
-30.9841

■ 72.6892, 34.0674,
-21.8554

■ 79.0786, 20.7999,
-12.7176

■ 85.9940, 7.7441,
-3.7144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8174, 46.8654, -144.6004



49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



49.8174, 121.2892, 0.0270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.8174, 97.9376, -65.7020



49.8174, 0.1162, 34.8722



49.8174, -59.3544, -56.3297

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



78.9439, -67.6932, 47.4589

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8174, -64.0894, 5.2548



49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



49.8174, -38.1827, 34.8014

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



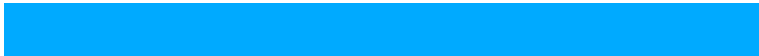
49.8174, 97.9376, -65.7020



49.8174, 53.4410, 34.5181



49.8174, -58.0240, 29.8742



49.8174, -41.4169, -136.5035

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



49.8174, 113.3069, 22.6052



49.8174, -58.0240, 29.8742



49.8174, -62.1737, -31.7508

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.8174, 97.9376, -65.7020



77.7947, 36.6583, -23.5251



25.0848, 68.0293, -178.2038



34.7424, 19.7501, -12.8038

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.8174, 97.9376, -65.7020



53.3666, 104.9204, -70.3865



44.5903, 79.3995, 5.2305



40.0393, 3.2867, -1.5125



36.8577, 72.4635, -48.6126



10.6308, 20.9005, -14.0212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8174, 97.9376, -65.7020



53.3666, 104.9204, -70.3865



79.7984, -62.3574, 34.8723



40.0393, 3.2867, -1.5125



36.8577, 72.4635, -48.6126



10.6308, 20.9005, -14.0212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

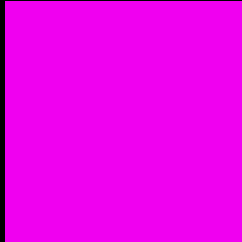
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

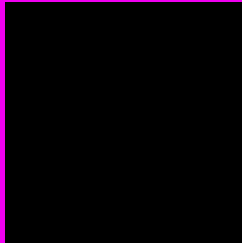
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046.

-65.7046.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046

Protanopia

50.6438, 14.4600, -79.3002

Deuteranopia

50.4597, 4.7158, -53.3673



Tritanopia

49.9330, 46.1509, 17.2606

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



Protanomaly

42.8785, 50.5858, -97.7516



Deuteranomaly

42.7059, 44.6425, -77.8631



Tritanomaly

47.2113, 67.9909, -6.4871

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046



Achromatopsia

35.3231, -1.8847, 1.9192



Achromatomaly

34.9872, 40.0964, -26.6359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 0, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 0, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 0, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 0, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 0, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 0, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.8162, 97.9403, -65.7046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 0, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 0,  
240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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