

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.7585, -1.9767,
0.9474)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.7585, -1.9767, 0.9474)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.7353, -2.0093,
1.0341)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88888C
RGB	136, 136, 140
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.4667, 0.4667, 0.4510
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	240°, 2%, 54%
HSV	240°, 3%, 55%
XYZ	23.6911, 24.7360, 28.3368
YIQ	136.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

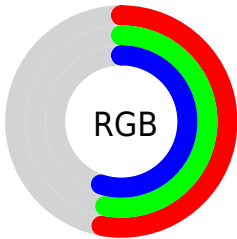
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 136, 140
Decimal	8947852
CIE Lab	56.82, 0.80, -2.14
CIE LCh	57, 2.287, 290.447
Yxy	24.7371, 0.3086, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137932 (0xFF88888C)
YUV	136.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999
Hunter-Lab	49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341

Details

The HunterLab color $49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $51.0969, -3.3526, 4.3991$, and the grayscale version is $49.7943, -2.6569, 2.7054$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.4906, -2.9599, 1.6717$, and $30.6140, -1.0345, 0.1128$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.6686, 0.6359, -5.3971$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.9445, -4.4825, 7.0045$.

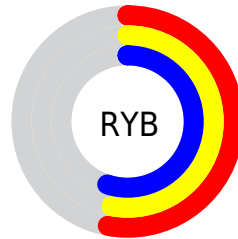
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (53%)

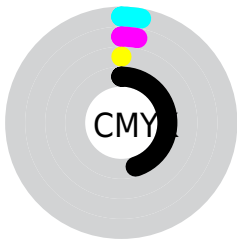
Blue (55%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (55%)

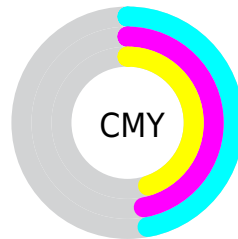


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.7353, -2.0093,
1.0341

■ 49.7353, -2.0093,
1.0341

166.2907, -7.9171,
6.5743

■ 39.8513, -1.5282,
0.6117

■ 71.5754, -3.0939,
2.0148

■ 30.7249, -1.0903,
0.2390

■ 83.4485, -3.6900,
2.5649

■ 22.4263, -0.7015,
-0.0770

■ 95.9141, -4.3195,
3.1517

■ 15.0483, -0.3687,
-0.3270

108.9451, -4.9807,
3.7732

■ 8.6881, -0.0633,
-0.5496

122.5180, -5.6723,
4.4277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.6120, -6.3930,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1135

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.2085, -7.1416,
5.8295

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.7353, -2.0093,
1.0341

■ 49.7353, -2.0093,
1.0341

■ 44.6686, 0.6359,
-5.3971

■ 54.9445, -4.4825,
7.0045

■ 39.7626, 3.5104,
-12.4331

■ 60.2767, -6.8208,
12.6177

■ 35.0474, 6.6848,
-20.2604

■ 65.7204, -9.0558,
17.9544

■ 30.5634, 10.2503,
-29.1191

■ 71.2655, -11.2105,
23.0752

■ 26.3685, 14.3139,
-39.2900

■ 76.9036, -13.3026,
28.0261

■ 22.5474, 18.9672,
-51.0173

■ 82.6280, -15.3456,
32.8429

■ 19.2233, 24.1893,
-64.2561

■ 88.4329, -17.3501,
37.5534

■ 16.5637, 29.6202,
-78.0874

■ 94.3134, -19.3243,
42.1795

■ 14.7534, 34.2910,
-90.0186

■ 97.3003, -20.3329,
44.4812

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.7364, -2.9622, 0.9456



49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341



49.7364, -1.2262, 1.5769

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.7364, -2.0104, 1.0349



49.7364, -1.4764, 4.0413



49.7364, -4.4624, 2.9976

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341



51.0969, -3.3526, 4.3991

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.7364, -4.0707, 3.8117



49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341



49.7364, -2.3500, 4.4068

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.7364, -2.0104, 1.0349



49.7364, -0.9163, 3.3164



49.7364, -3.2992, 4.3235



49.7364, -4.3731, 2.0904

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341



49.7364, -0.9063, 2.1164



49.7364, -3.2992, 4.3235



49.7364, -4.3828, 3.2910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.7364, -2.0104, 1.0349



67.2958, -3.2876, 2.8707



50.8746, -3.9095, 2.3949



32.3256, -1.5888, 1.4039



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.7364, -2.0104, 1.0349



65.8987, -2.5995, 1.2048



49.8997, -1.4422, 1.2423



23.4462, -0.8585, 0.2565



12.9768, 35.1566, -92.1130



1.0600, 2.8551, -7.4882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9618, -1.4595, 3.1178



66.2199, -1.8152, 4.1723



50.9344, -3.9241, 4.2027



23.5837, -0.5233, 1.5271



22.2580, 38.1183, 14.3771



1.8143, 3.1074, 1.1698

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

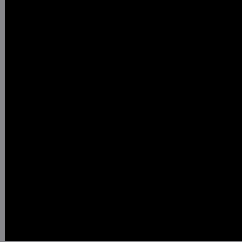
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

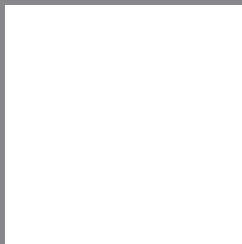
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.7353, -2.0093,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341

Protanopia

49.9050, -1.4225, 1.2494

Deuteranopia

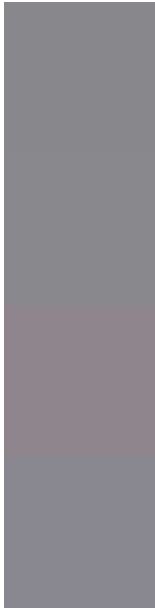
49.6273, 3.4021, 0.5339



Tritanopia

49.7209, -0.2444, -1.7944

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341

Protanomaly

49.8198, -1.7168, 1.1415

Deuteranomaly

49.5356, 1.6803, 0.3916

Tritanomaly

49.6588, -0.5818, -0.9137

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.6475, -2.4899, 2.2854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 136, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 136, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 136, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 136, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 136, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 136, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 136, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 136, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 136,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.7353, -2.0093, 1.0341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 136, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
136, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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