

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.7970, 46.3847,  
-16.5985)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.7970, 46.3847,  
-16.5985) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(49.8093, 46.4415,  
-16.7719)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD62AF
RGB	205, 98, 175
RGB Percent	80%, 38%, 69%
CMY	0.1961, 0.6157, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.15, 0.20
HSL	317°, 52%, 59%
HSV	317°, 52%, 80%
XYZ	37.2824, 24.8097, 43.3812
YIQ	138.7710, 39.0550, 46.6310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

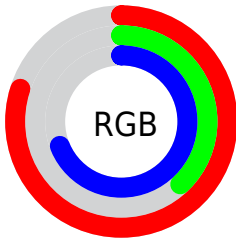
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 98, 175
Decimal	13460143
CIE Lab	56.89, 51.83, -21.49
CIE LCh	57, 56.108, 337.475
Yxy	24.8108, 0.3535, 0.2352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291650223 (0xFFCD62AF)
YUV	138.7710, 17.8609, 58.0828
Hunter-Lab	49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719

# Details

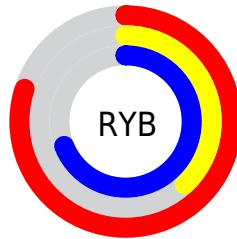
The HunterLab color **49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **69.1510, -41.5984, 24.3707**, and the grayscale version is **50.6419, -2.7021, 2.7515**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.3463, 46.6290, -19.5557**, and **30.7063, 42.7007, -15.8832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.0783, 55.1474, -19.1001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.2047, 36.9634, -13.6219**.

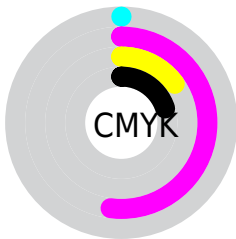
# Distribution



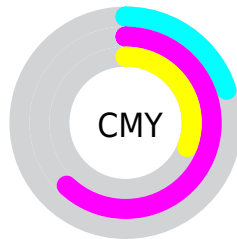
- Red (80%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



49.8093, 46.4415,  
-16.7719

49.8093, 46.4415,  
-16.7719

166.4015, 58.3595,  
-17.5425

39.9202, 44.6150,  
-16.3912

71.6590, 49.7590,  
-17.3364

30.7880, 42.6928,  
-15.9515

83.5366, 51.2588,  
-17.5263

22.4831, 40.7138,  
-15.4674

96.0064, 52.6589,  
-17.6580

15.0981, 38.8082,  
-14.9928

109.0414, 53.9651,  
-17.7344

8.7341, 37.6832,  
-14.8169

122.6181, 55.1831,  
-17.7585

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.7158, 56.3183,

-17.7329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.3159, 57.3756,  
-17.6601

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8093, 46.4415,  
-16.7719

■ 49.8093, 46.4415,  
-16.7719

■ 46.0783, 55.1474,  
-19.1001

■ 54.2047, 36.9634,  
-13.6219

■ 43.0912, 62.5176,  
-20.3559

■ 59.1714, 27.1510,  
-9.8889

■ 40.9048, 67.9441,  
-20.3330

■ 64.6270, 17.2801,  
-5.7560

■ 39.5187, 71.0030,  
-18.9790

■ 70.4990, 7.5077,  
-1.3552

■ 38.8616, 72.0144,  
-17.2350

■ 76.7267, -2.0910,  
3.2237

■ 83.2605, -11.4900,  
7.9223

■ 90.0602, -20.6912,  
12.7030

■ 94.7200, -26.3332,  
15.0927

■ 94.8844, -25.3966,  
12.7328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8105, 27.9872, -45.0100



49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719



49.8105, 50.6477, 7.9953

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.8105, 46.4391, -16.7704



49.8105, -8.4148, 29.3005



49.8105, -33.7397, -31.2550

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719



69.1510, -41.5984, 24.3707

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8105, -40.0714, -3.2236



49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719



49.8105, -27.3221, 26.2113

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.8105, 46.4391, -16.7704



49.8105, 15.8973, 28.3434



49.8105, -37.9622, 16.5494



49.8105, -18.8451, -55.7342



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719



49.8105, 44.2087, 18.7699



49.8105, -37.9622, 16.5494



49.8105, -36.8008, -21.5332

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.8105, 46.4391, -16.7704



87.1547, 14.6021, -4.0263



41.9772, 28.8991, -55.2074



39.5969, 7.9623, -2.4063

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.8105, 46.4391, -16.7704



58.2913, 72.2337, -24.8046



48.1093, 38.6889, 7.2398



33.6868, 2.2397, -0.0411



30.6896, 56.9184, -13.9781



7.0599, 13.2459, -4.3959



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8105, 46.4391, -16.7704



58.2913, 72.2337, -24.8046



70.3965, -34.1654, 6.3966



33.6868, 2.2397, -0.0411



30.6896, 56.9184, -13.9781



7.0599, 13.2459, -4.3959



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

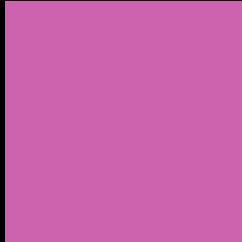
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

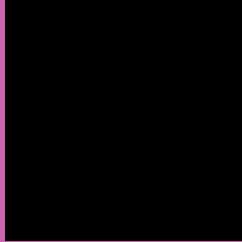
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719.

-16.7719.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719

### Protanopia

50.2167, 5.9013, -35.6619

### Deuteranopia

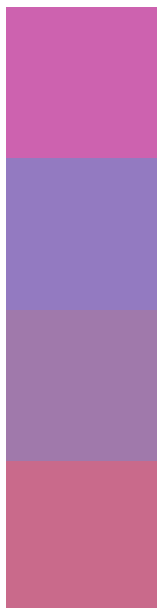
49.9831, 3.6598, -13.6620



## Tritanopia

49.8427, 29.4080, 10.4668

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719

## Protanomaly

48.9616, 18.6496, -30.5985

## Deuteranomaly

49.0801, 18.4354, -15.9772

## Tritanomaly

49.5880, 35.2556, 1.9679

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719

## Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

## Achromatomaly

49.4660, 14.3994, -4.8726

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 98, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 98, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 98, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 98, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 98, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 98, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 98, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 98, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 98, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 98,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.8093, 46.4415, -16.7719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 98, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 98,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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