

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.8201, -28.1051,
-1.5975)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.8201, -28.1051,
-1.5975) contains.

HunterLab(49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(49.8265,
-28.0789, -1.6646)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009991
RGB	0, 153, 145
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4000, 0.4314
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.40
HSL	177°, 100%, 30%
HSV	177°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.5021, 24.8268, 30.7104
YIQ	106.3410, -88.6200, -34.9240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

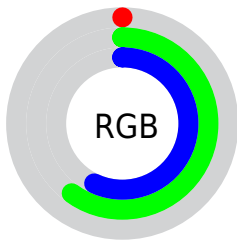
Format	Color
RYB	0, 79, 153
Decimal	39313
CIELab	56.91, -35.32, -5.46
CIELCh	57, 35.735, 188.788
Yxy	24.8277, 0.2291, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229393 (0xFF009991)
YUV	106.3410, 19.0589, -93.2611
Hunter-Lab	49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646

Details

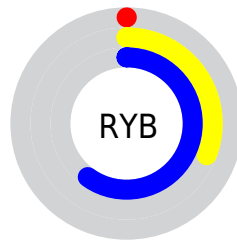
The HunterLab color **49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.0587, 44.6894, 16.3155**, and the grayscale version is **38.0507, -2.0303, 2.0674**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7000, -33.1601, -1.0800**, and **31.8333, -18.0312, -0.8646** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.8273, -28.0797, -1.6637**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.9566, -27.5149, -1.8774**.

Distribution



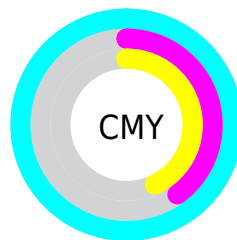
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.8265, -28.0789,
-1.6646

■ 49.8265, -28.0789,
-1.6646

166.4268,
-49.3851, 2.6710

■ 39.9359, -25.3086,
-1.9189

■ 71.6782, -33.2477,
-0.9931

■ 30.8024, -22.3582,
-2.1119

■ 83.5568, -35.6988,
-0.5864

■ 22.4961, -19.1564,
-2.2341

■ 96.0275, -38.0848,
-0.1367

■ 15.1095, -15.5829,
-2.2732

■ 109.0634,
-40.4179, 0.3530

■ 8.7445, -15.3029,
-2.2628

■ 122.6410,
-42.7076, 0.8805

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 136.7395,

-44.9615, 1.4438

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.3404,
-47.1857, 2.0411

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8265, -28.0789,
-1.6646

■ 49.8265, -28.0789,
-1.6646

■ 49.8273, -28.0797,
-1.6637

■ 49.9566, -27.5149,
-1.8774

■ 50.1625, -26.6485,
-1.9897

■ 50.4792, -25.3504,
-1.9551

■ 50.9185, -23.5839,
-1.7581

■ 51.4890, -21.3297,
-1.3889

■ 52.1968, -18.5837,
-0.8426

■ 53.0453, -15.3546,
-0.1186

■ 54.0363, -11.6620,
0.7794

■ 55.1693, -7.5342,
1.8448

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.8274, -26.7973, 11.6522



49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646



49.8274, -23.2068, -17.7159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.8274, -28.0790, -1.6640



49.8274, 16.7224, -23.7600



49.8274, 8.2082, 22.1082

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646



26.0587, 44.6894, 16.3155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8274, 21.8691, 17.0192



49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646



49.8274, 27.1748, -8.2697

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.8274, -28.0790, -1.6640



49.8274, 1.8219, -32.7299



49.8274, 29.1621, 6.7243



49.8274, -6.9914, 22.9204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646



49.8274, -16.7425, -26.9180



49.8274, 29.1621, 6.7243



49.8274, 13.1810, 20.9329

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.8274, -28.0790, -1.6640



70.9120, -20.8276, -0.2242



47.8009, -40.6344, 28.7426



33.1078, -10.5971, -0.2912



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



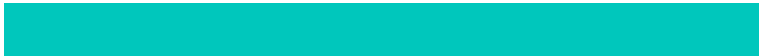
35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.8274, -28.0790, -1.6640



66.6732, -37.6160, -2.1335



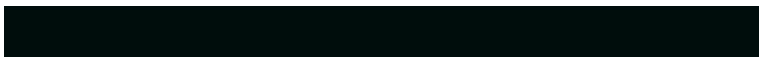
30.1159, 1.4413, -40.7511



26.4971, -3.4537, 0.9266



45.2995, -25.5169, -1.5366



5.5520, -3.0409, -0.3751

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0587, 44.6894, 16.3155



34.8586, 59.7619, 22.0178



32.7195, 25.1401, 20.6006



24.9553, 0.8275, 1.9183



23.6923, 40.6417, 14.7835



2.9179, 5.0470, 1.4972

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

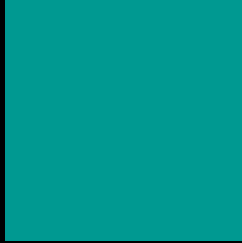
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

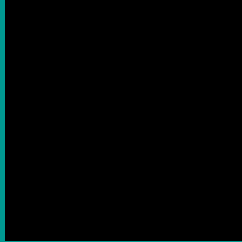
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646.



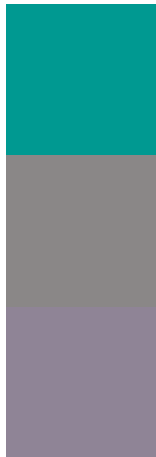
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.8265,

-28.0789, -1.6646.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646

Protanopia

49.4778, -1.7393, 2.9901

Deuteranopia

49.5421, 3.6789, -3.9395



Tritanopia

49.7967, -21.9878, -10.9565

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646

Protanomaly

48.2543, -16.5371, -0.5677

Deuteranomaly

48.0816, -13.4664, -5.1561

Tritanomaly

49.7032, -24.4980, -7.3211

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

40.8843, -15.7160, -0.8513

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.8265, -28.0789, -1.6646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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