

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.9077, -17.9330,  
11.8614)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(49.9077, -17.9330,  
11.8614) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(49.9381,  
-17.8911, 11.9100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C9271
RGB	108, 146, 113
RGB Percent	42%, 57%, 44%
CMY	0.5765, 0.4274, 0.5569
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.23, 0.43
HSL	128°, 15%, 50%
HSV	128°, 26%, 57%
XYZ	19.4438, 24.9381, 19.4115
YIQ	130.8760, -12.0550, -18.3190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

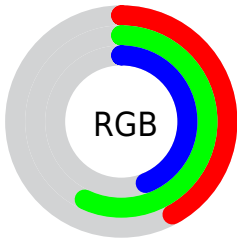
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 142, 146
Decimal	7115377
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.02, -20.11, 13.33
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 24.123, 146.468
Yxy	24.9392, 0.3048, 0.3909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285305457 (0xFF6C9271)
YUV	130.8760, -8.8129, -20.0623
Hunter-Lab	49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100

# Details

The HunterLab color  $49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $43.3125, 14.9734, -7.5454$ , and the grayscale version is  $47.6300, -2.5414, 2.5878$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $71.7626, -21.2569, 14.4373$ , and  $30.8154, -14.2480, 9.1167$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $48.8192, -22.7270, 14.9424$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $51.2235, -12.5027, 8.6227$ .

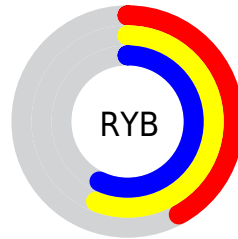
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (57%)

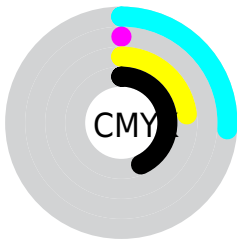
Blue (44%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (57%)

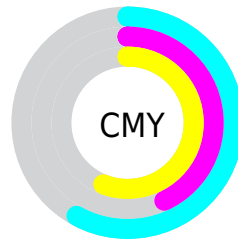


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.9381, -17.8911,  
11.9100

■ 49.9381, -17.8911,  
11.9100

166.5938,  
-32.4762, 23.6514

■ 40.0397, -16.1364,  
10.5715

■ 71.8043, -21.2612,  
14.5300

■ 30.8976, -14.3067,  
9.1955

■ 83.6895, -22.8997,  
15.8262

■ 22.5819, -12.3683,  
7.7598

■ 96.1665, -24.5186,  
17.1203

■ 15.1846, -10.2612,  
6.2250

■ 109.2084,  
-26.1233, 18.4155

■ 8.8132, -10.4130,  
6.1693

122.7918,  
-27.7184, 19.7145

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.8959,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-29.3072, 21.0192

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.5022,  
-30.8924, 22.3311

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.9381, -17.8911,  
11.9100

■ 49.9381, -17.8911,  
11.9100

■ 48.8192, -22.7270,  
14.9424

■ 51.2235, -12.5027,  
8.6227

■ 47.8655, -26.9545,  
17.6824

■ 52.6683, -6.6194,  
5.1164

■ 47.0775, -30.5334,  
20.0992

■ 54.2684, -0.3056,  
1.4292

■ 46.4517, -33.4396,  
22.1686

■ 56.0173, 6.3761,  
-2.4035

■ 45.9814, -35.6703,  
23.8754

■ 57.9078, 13.3664,  
-6.3496

■ 45.6561, -37.2483,  
25.2159

■ 59.9322, 20.6112,  
-10.3805

■ 45.4567, -38.2415,  
26.1960

■ 62.0829, 28.0624,  
-14.4722

■ 45.3943, -38.5502,  
26.4798

■ 64.3521, 35.6786,  
-18.6046

■ 66.7324, 43.4247,  
-22.7612

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.9392, -11.0575, 16.6257



49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100



49.9392, -20.6631, 3.8465

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.9392, -17.8920, 11.9106



49.9392, -3.8618, -19.5431



49.9392, 15.9971, 10.2932

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100



43.3125, 14.9734, -7.5454

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9392, 18.3038, 1.5632



49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100



49.9392, 6.3162, -16.8808

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.9392, -17.8920, 11.9106



49.9392, -12.9802, -15.3297



49.9392, 14.6327, -8.6413



49.9392, 8.5569, 15.8309



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100



49.9392, -20.0109, -2.8262



49.9392, 14.6327, -8.6413



49.9392, 17.4229, 7.6920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.9392, -17.8920, 11.9106



69.5255, -10.5098, 7.8109



52.3012, -9.3858, 15.9800



32.6642, -5.4745, 3.9910



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.9392, -17.8920, 11.9106



65.4677, -27.4546, 18.1188



50.3959, -15.2634, 5.3417



25.4561, -4.1668, 3.0506



42.5853, -36.1475, 24.8042



4.7367, -3.8401, 2.3691



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.3125, 14.9734, -7.5454



54.8964, 25.0930, -12.9505



42.7269, 11.9797, 0.7309



24.2821, 1.6337, -0.3901



25.9300, 49.5964, -23.4804



2.9195, 5.6645, -3.2676



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

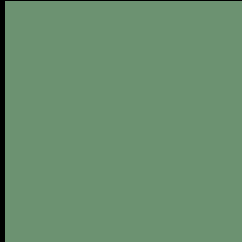
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

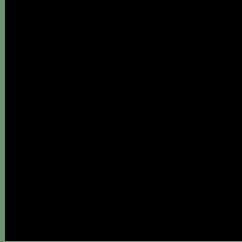
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9381,

-17.8911, 11.9100.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100

### Protanopia

49.7099, -3.7282, 13.6442

### Deuteranopia

49.6605, 3.5772, 10.9363



## Tritanopia

49.9616, -7.8941, -4.6043

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100

## Protanomaly

49.7870, -9.2973, 12.9482

## Deuteranomaly

49.3306, -4.7467, 10.8199

## Tritanomaly

49.9246, -11.9559, 1.9986

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100

## Achromatopsia

47.6409, -2.5420, 2.5884

## Achromatomaly

48.2437, -8.1677, 6.1496

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 146, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 146, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 146, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 146, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 146, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 146, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 146, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 146, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 146, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 146,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.9381, -17.8911, 11.9100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 146, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
146, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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