

Converting Colors

HunterLab(49.9089, 51.0025,
-80.7443)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(49.9089, 51.0025,
-80.7443) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(49.9382, 51.0730,
-80.6589)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A766FF
RGB	167, 102, 255
RGB Percent	65%, 40%, 100%
CMY	0.3451, 0.6000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.35, 0.60, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	265°, 100%, 70%
HSV	265°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	38.7377, 24.9382, 97.3796
YIQ	138.8770, -10.3730, 61.3630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

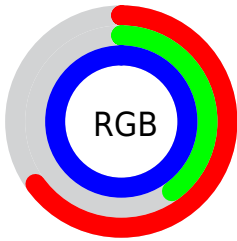
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 102, 255
Decimal	10970879
CIE Lab	57.02, 55.99, -66.80
CIE LCh	57, 87.164, 309.967
Yxy	24.9391, 0.2405, 0.1548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289160959 (0xFFA766FF)
YUV	138.8770, 57.2486, 24.6639
Hunter-Lab	49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589

Details

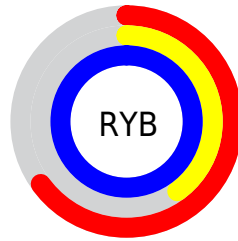
The HunterLab color $49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9966FF$. A complement of this color would be $91.3380, -43.7707, 47.3556$, and the grayscale version is $50.5458, -2.6970, 2.7463$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68.6773, 39.1469, -38.6722$, and $30.9251, 47.0373, -81.3941$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.7794, 60.7137, -100.0867$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.9506, 41.1225, -62.6813$.

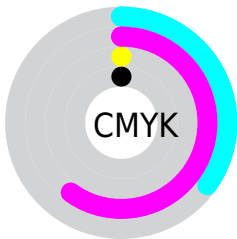
Distribution



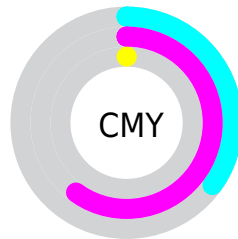
- Red (65%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

49.9382, 51.0730,
-80.6589

49.9382, 51.0730,
-80.6589

166.5936, 64.1942,
-87.2891

40.0396, 49.1239,
-80.8239

71.8042, 54.6613,
-81.4985

30.8975, 47.0926,
-81.7984

83.6893, 56.2980,
-82.2091

22.5818, 45.0371,
-84.2996

96.1663, 57.8347,
-83.0094

15.1845, 43.1278,
-90.0295

109.2083, 59.2763,
-83.8572

8.8131, 42.1454,
-104.3914

122.7917, 60.6281,
-84.7247

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.8958, 61.8953,

-85.5936

0.0000, NaN, -NF

151.5020, 63.0825,
-86.4513

■ 49.9382, 51.0730,
-80.6589

■ 49.9382, 51.0730,
-80.6589

■ 43.7794, 60.7137,
-100.0867

■ 56.9506, 41.1225,
-62.6813

■ 38.6822, 69.1770,
-119.9628

■ 64.6406, 31.2851,
-46.3977

■ 34.8544, 75.1170,
-138.1430

■ 72.8768, 21.7167,
-31.6830

■ 32.2947, 77.6613,
-152.4312

■ 81.5610, 12.4441,
-18.2988

■ 32.2945, 77.6614,
-152.4323

■ 90.6206, 3.4408,
-5.9985

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.9390, 10.1107, -118.4366



49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589



49.9390, 82.1702, -26.0919

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.9390, 51.0729, -80.6565



49.9390, 23.8072, 33.5809



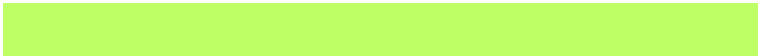
49.9390, -54.8077, -10.3171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589



91.3380, -43.7707, 47.3556

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9390, -53.0878, 20.6470



49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589



49.9390, -14.2771, 33.9235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.9390, 51.0729, -80.6565



49.9390, 63.5467, 29.4386



49.9390, -40.3185, 31.6241



49.9390, -45.9776, -62.2644

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589



49.9390, 89.0244, 2.6802



49.9390, -40.3185, 31.6241



49.9390, -55.3664, 2.7564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.9390, 51.0729, -80.6565



83.3441, 10.6239, -15.7605



68.8593, -11.0715, -39.2233



37.3603, 6.1425, -9.0074

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.9390, 51.0729, -80.6565



42.6674, 62.5385, -104.0792



59.7032, 73.4283, -55.8787



42.1366, 1.3887, -2.5048



23.5227, 56.3210, -109.1217



7.7556, 18.0178, -31.7022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7203, 65.2985, -11.8604



53.8440, 76.3509, -11.2852



87.2396, -60.1941, 44.1593



42.6172, 2.6857, 0.6543



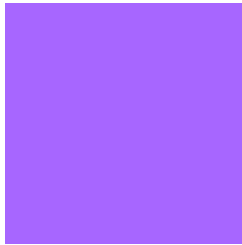
34.9779, 63.1190, -2.3456



11.0141, 20.0557, -2.1363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

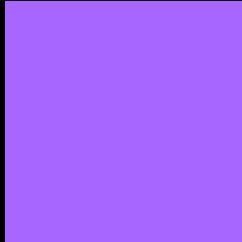
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

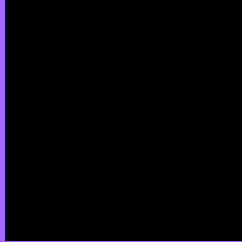
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589.

-80.6589.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589

Protanopia

50.3335, 14.8881, -80.1665

Deuteranopia

50.1803, 4.7460, -72.9664



Tritanopia

49.8080, 2.7833, -0.6684

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589

Protanomaly

49.1968, 26.2134, -83.2437

Deuteranomaly

47.7660, 15.9646, -82.5498

Tritanomaly

49.1447, 18.4136, -24.1036

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

49.6462, 14.4953, -21.3624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 102, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 102, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 102, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 102, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

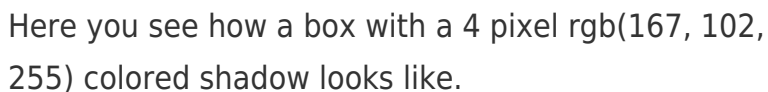
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 102, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 102, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 102, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 102, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 102, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 102,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.9382, 51.0730, -80.6589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 102, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
102, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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