

Converting Colors

HunterLab(5.6341, 6.9859,
2.6137)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(5.6341, 6.9859, 2.6137)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(5.6442, 6.8171,
2.6924)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	1C0303
RGB	28, 3, 3
RGB Percent	11%, 1%, 1%
CMY	0.8902, 0.9882, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.89, 0.89
HSL	0°, 81%, 6%
HSV	0°, 89%, 11%
XYZ	0.5279, 0.3186, 0.1198
YIQ	10.4750, 14.9000, 5.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

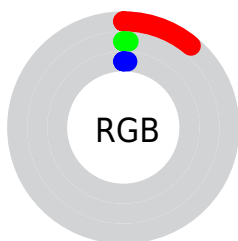
Format	Color
RYB	28, 3, 3
Decimal	1835779
CIELab	2.88, 9.22, 3.25
CIELCh	3, 9.776, 19.406
Yxy	0.3186, 0.5463, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280025859 (0xFF1C0303)
YUV	10.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694
Hunter-Lab	5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924

Details

The HunterLab color **5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **9.6626, -4.6732, -0.8688**, and the grayscale version is **5.6466, -0.3013, 0.3068**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.5284, 4.6005, 2.9521**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **5.0167, 8.3766, 3.1701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.2089, 5.6254, 2.3340**.

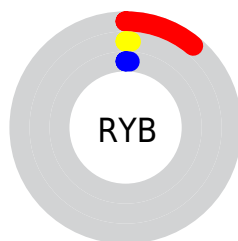
Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (1%)

Blue (1%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (1%)

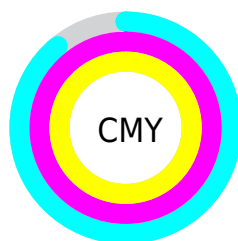


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)


Magenta (99%)


Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 5.6442, 6.8171,
2.6924

 5.6442, 6.8171,
2.6924


 90.9331, 4.4160,
7.9444

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 19.4028, 4.7017,
2.7902

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 27.3514, 4.9021,
3.4527

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 36.1610, 5.0012,
4.1381

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 45.7543, 5.0155,
4.8484

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 56.0719, 4.9565,
5.5842


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 67.0661, 4.8327,


6.3457


 78.6975, 4.6509,
7.1325


 5.6442, 6.8171,
2.6924


 5.6442, 6.8171,
2.6924


 5.0167, 8.3766,
3.1701


 6.2089, 5.6254,
2.3340

 4.9689, 8.5081,
3.2107

 6.7262, 4.6653,
2.0495

 7.2153, 3.8481,
1.8109

 7.7370, 3.0541,
1.5825

 8.2961, 2.2755,
1.3619

■ 8.8879, 1.5173,
1.1505

■ 9.5087, 0.7815,
0.9487

■ 10.1552, 0.0682,
0.7562

■ 10.8244, -0.6237,
0.5727

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.6444, 7.1166, -1.0127



5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924



5.6444, 4.6092, 3.9511

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



5.6444, 6.8166, 2.6925



5.6444, -6.0320, 3.9511



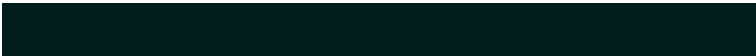
5.6444, -1.6890, -6.7602

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



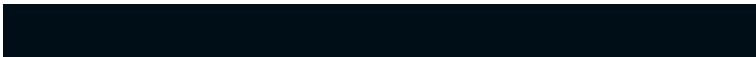
5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924



9.6626, -4.6732, -0.8688

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.6444, -5.2121, -5.1441



5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924



5.6444, -7.7196, 1.6271

Square

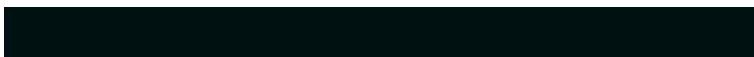
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



5.6444, 6.8166, 2.6925



5.6444, -2.8089, 3.9511



5.6444, -7.4195, -2.0780



5.6444, 2.2060, -6.4666

Rectangle

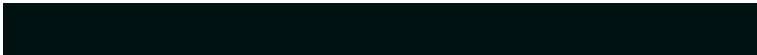
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924



5.6444, 2.3531, 3.9511



5.6444, -7.4195, -2.0780



5.6444, -2.9560, -6.4148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



5.6444, 6.8166, 2.6925



10.8906, 1.8393, 1.4030



6.2915, 9.4468, -6.3107



6.4834, 0.9613, 0.7904



53.3523, -2.8467, 2.8987



7.7337, -0.4127, 0.4202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



5.6444, 6.8166, 2.6925



6.0805, 10.4118, 3.9290



7.8063, 1.7344, 4.1863



5.9946, -0.0475, 0.4170



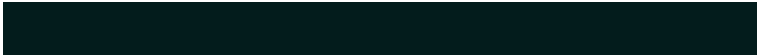
12.4785, 21.3685, 8.0633



35.8295, 61.3579, 23.1522

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.6626, -4.6732, -0.8688



11.7010, -6.2031, -1.2346



6.7759, -0.6590, -5.4490



6.1996, -0.5942, 0.2486



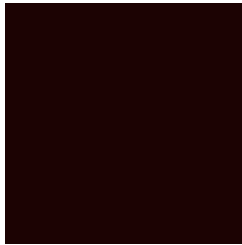
24.0134, -12.7302, -2.5338



68.9505, -36.5525, -7.2758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

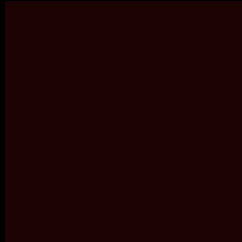
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

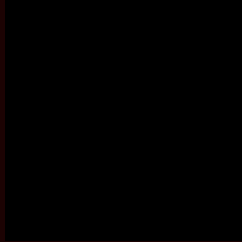
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 5.6442, 6.8171,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924

Protanopia

6.5969, -0.7723, 2.7610

Deuteranopia

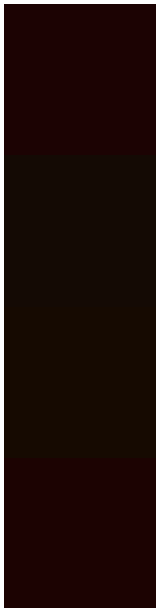
6.6534, -0.7378, 4.0869



Tritanopia

5.6248, 6.7349, 2.9785

Trichromacy



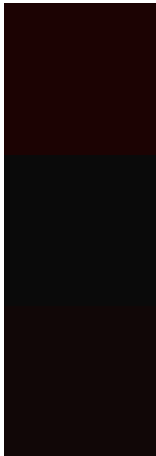
Original Color
5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924

Protanomaly
6.1202, 1.5085, 2.6849

Deuteranomaly
6.2438, 1.7923, 3.6061

Tritanomaly
5.6248, 6.7349, 2.9785

Monochromacy



Original Color
5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924

Achromatopsia
5.5093, -0.2940, 0.2993

Achromatomaly
5.3523, 2.1559, 1.1091

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 3, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 3, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 3, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 3, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 3, 3) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 3, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 3, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 3, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 3, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 3, 3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 5.6442, 6.8171, 2.6924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 3, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 3,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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