

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.0319, -26.8517,
-4.5703)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.0319, -26.8517,
-4.5703) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.0168,
-26.9414, -4.3579)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009997
RGB	0, 153, 151
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4000, 0.4078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	179°, 100%, 30%
HSV	179°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	16.9771, 25.0168, 33.2121
YIQ	107.0250, -90.5460, -33.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

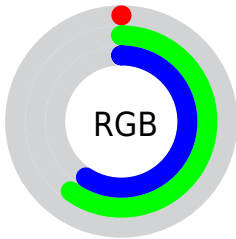
Format	Color
RYB	0, 77, 153
Decimal	39319
CIELab	57.09, -33.46, -8.61
CIELCh	57, 34.554, 194.427
Yxy	25.0177, 0.2257, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229399 (0xFF009997)
YUV	107.0250, 21.6797, -93.8609
Hunter-Lab	50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579

Details

The HunterLab color **50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.0336, 44.5953, 16.6901**, and the grayscale version is **38.3017, -2.0437, 2.0810**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.8980, -31.9964, -3.8862**, and **31.9804, -17.1520, -2.9464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.0176, -26.9421, -4.3573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.1282, -26.4911, -4.3056**.

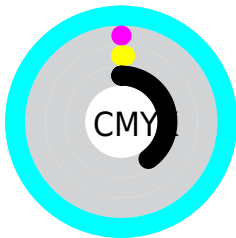
Distribution



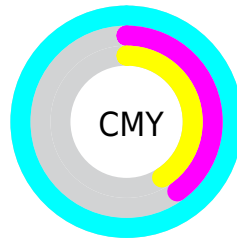
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.0168, -26.9414,
-4.3579

50.0168, -26.9414,
-4.3579

166.7112,
-47.4038, -1.1161

40.1127, -24.3005,
-4.4641

71.8930, -31.8821,
-3.9626

30.9646, -21.4941,
-4.5015

83.7828, -34.2309,
-3.6853

22.6422, -18.4558,
-4.4601

96.2642, -36.5206,
-3.3602

15.2374, -15.0737,
-4.3289

109.3104,
-38.7624, -2.9906

8.8612, -15.5071,
-4.1377

122.8979,
-40.9653, -2.5791

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.0059,

-43.1362, -2.1283

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.6159,
-45.2809, -1.6400

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0168, -26.9414,
-4.3579

■ 50.0168, -26.9414,
-4.3579

■ 50.0176, -26.9421,
-4.3573

■ 50.1282, -26.4911,
-4.3056

■ 50.3151, -25.7408,
-4.1490

■ 50.6125, -24.5612,
-3.8415

■ 51.0323, -22.9144,
-3.3690

■ 51.5833, -20.7799,
-2.7232

■ 52.2715, -18.1519,
-1.9011

■ 53.1008, -15.0379,
-0.9041

■ 54.0728, -11.4561,
0.2626

■ 55.1874, -7.4339,
1.5906

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0177, -26.8259, 9.3411



50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579



50.0177, -21.0900, -19.6664

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0177, -26.9415, -4.3572



50.0177, 18.4121, -20.2017



50.0177, 5.0471, 22.1452

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579



26.0336, 44.5953, 16.6901

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0177, 18.8705, 17.9747



50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579



50.0177, 27.1660, -4.9456

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0177, -26.9415, -4.3572



50.0177, 4.4768, -30.4352



50.0177, 27.3427, 8.8983



50.0177, -9.4396, 22.2195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579



50.0177, -14.1622, -27.6499



50.0177, 27.3427, 8.8983



50.0177, 9.9604, 21.2440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0177, -26.9415, -4.3572



70.9876, -20.3956, -1.2976



47.7492, -40.8552, 28.7067



33.1480, -10.3665, -0.8614



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0177, -26.9415, -4.3572



66.9328, -36.0647, -5.8067



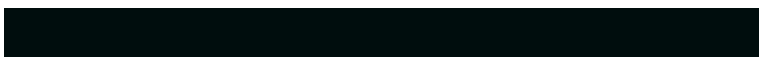
28.1089, 5.1091, -46.1597



26.5050, -3.4098, 0.8140



45.4713, -24.4903, -3.9675



5.5632, -2.9740, -0.5335

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0336, 44.5953, 16.6901



34.8341, 59.6708, 22.3821



34.1544, 21.6746, 21.4240



24.9478, 0.7872, 2.0252



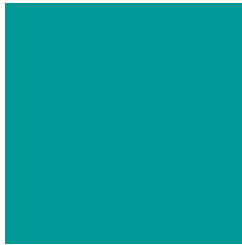
23.6669, 40.5472, 15.1613



2.8990, 4.9773, 1.7756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579.



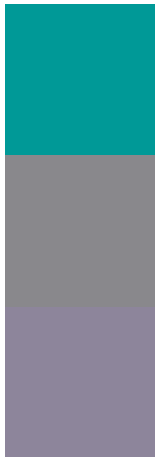
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0168,

-26.9414, -4.3579.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579

Protanopia

49.8198, -1.7168, 1.1415

Deuteranopia

49.8040, 3.4782, -6.1670



Tritanopia

50.0536, -22.6433, -10.5980

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579

Protanomaly

48.3589, -15.8342, -2.8284

Deuteranomaly

48.2316, -12.5072, -8.0801

Tritanomaly

50.0980, -24.4109, -8.3764

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579

Achromatopsia

38.3441, -2.0459, 2.0833

Achromatomaly

41.3211, -15.4340, -1.6961

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 151) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.0168, -26.9414, -4.3579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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