

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.0750, -0.9694,
2.0191)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.0750, -0.9694, 2.0191)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.0478, -0.9884,
1.8851)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C888B
RGB	140, 136, 139
RGB Percent	55%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4667, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.45
HSL	315°, 2%, 54%
HSV	315°, 3%, 55%
XYZ	24.2796, 25.0478, 27.9812
YIQ	137.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

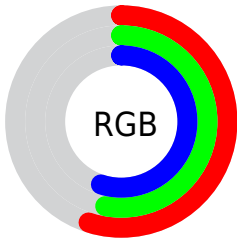
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 136, 139
Decimal	9209995
CIE Lab	57.12, 2.07, -1.08
CIE LCh	57, 2.335, 332.416
Yxy	25.0489, 0.3141, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287400075 (0xFF8C888B)
YUV	137.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592
Hunter-Lab	50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851

Details

The HunterLab color $50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $50.7909, -4.3707, 3.5920$, and the grayscale version is $50.2275, -2.6800, 2.7290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.8821, -1.7308, 3.1298$, and $30.9039, -0.0914, 0.9088$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.1072, 5.1946, -1.2109$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.1825, -7.0475, 5.0430$.

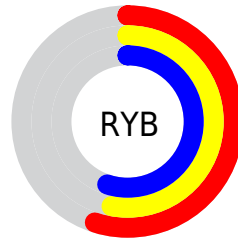
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (53%)

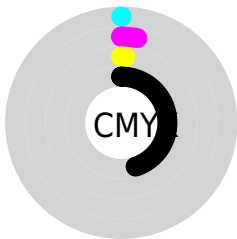
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (55%)

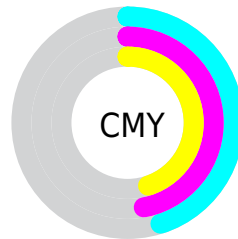


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.0478, -0.9884,
1.8851

■ 50.0478, -0.9884,
1.8851

166.7577, -6.4012,
7.8308

■ 40.1416, -0.5782,
1.4050

■ 71.9281, -1.9445,
2.9709

■ 30.9911, -0.2168,
0.9700

■ 83.8198, -2.4814,
3.5694

■ 22.6661, 0.0882,
0.5861

■ 96.3030, -3.0545,
4.2024

■ 15.2584, 0.3271,
0.2605

109.3508, -3.6618,
4.8682

■ 8.8801, 0.5412,
-0.0213

122.9399, -4.3015,
5.5651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.0495, -4.9721,

6.2920

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.6610, -5.6725,
7.0475

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0478, -0.9884,
1.8851

■ 50.0478, -0.9884,
1.8851

■ 46.1072, 5.1946,
-1.2109

■ 54.1825, -7.0475,
5.0430

■ 42.3877, 11.4882,
-4.2130

■ 58.4835, -12.9789,
8.2390

■ 38.9270, 17.8440,
-7.0672

■ 62.9316, -18.7927,
11.4606

■ 35.7684, 24.1666,
-9.6941

■ 67.5105, -24.5014,
14.7002

■ 32.9619, 30.2900,
-11.9818

■ 72.2064, -30.1190,
17.9534

■ 30.5607, 35.9592,
-13.7853

■ 77.0081, -35.6589,
21.2179

■ 28.6147, 40.8361,
-14.9414

■ 81.9062, -41.1336,
24.4925

■ 27.1594, 44.5530,
-15.3068

■ 86.8927, -46.5546,
27.7771

■ 26.2001, 46.8291,
-14.8171

■ 89.4525, -49.0255,
28.8848

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0489, -1.6576, 1.1851



50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851



50.0489, -0.7738, 2.7999

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0489, -0.9896, 1.8859



50.0489, -2.7527, 4.4848



50.0489, -4.2562, 1.7524

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851



50.7909, -4.3707, 3.5920

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0489, -4.5446, 2.6486



50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851



50.0489, -3.6807, 4.2161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0489, -0.9896, 1.8859



50.0489, -1.7964, 4.2894



50.0489, -4.3348, 3.5484



50.0489, -3.5440, 1.1070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851



50.0489, -0.9167, 3.4040



50.0489, -4.3348, 3.5484



50.0489, -4.4057, 2.0349

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0489, -0.9896, 1.8859



67.4431, -2.8022, 3.2681



49.8210, -1.7174, 1.1425



32.3917, -1.3711, 1.5821



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0489, -0.9896, 1.8859



66.3429, -1.1450, 2.4177



49.9910, -1.3049, 2.7109



23.6362, -0.2372, 0.7774



24.2141, 45.2219, -13.4583



2.0320, 3.8923, -1.8841

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.0489, -0.9896, 1.8859



66.3429, -1.1450, 2.4177



50.8479, -4.0570, 2.7790



23.6362, -0.2372, 0.7774



24.2141, 45.2219, -13.4583



2.0320, 3.8923, -1.8841

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

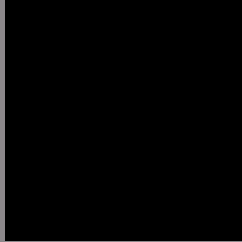
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0478, -0.9884,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851

Protanopia

49.9614, -1.2866, 1.7766

Deuteranopia

50.0580, 3.3835, 1.5181



Tritanopia

50.0659, 0.9351, -1.3376

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851

Protanomaly

49.9614, -1.2866, 1.7766

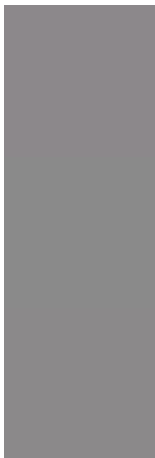
Deuteranomaly

50.0546, 1.9593, 1.4890

Tritanomaly

49.9738, 0.4367, -0.0298

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851

Achromatopsia

50.4135, -2.6899, 2.7391

Achromatomaly

50.2148, -1.9206, 2.5182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 136, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 136, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 136, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 136, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 136, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 136, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 136, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 136, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 136, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 136,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.0478, -0.9884, 1.8851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 136, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
136, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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