

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.0772, 6.6226,  
-1.4653)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.0772, 6.6226, -1.4653)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(50.0802, 6.6047,  
-1.2204)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	998392
RGB	153, 131, 146
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 57%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4863, 0.4274
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.05, 0.40
HSL	319°, 10%, 56%
HSV	319°, 14%, 60%
XYZ	26.4415, 25.0803, 30.6415
YIQ	139.2880, 8.2970, 9.3290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

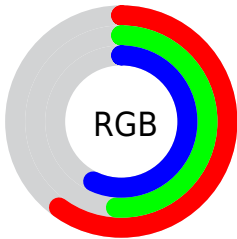
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 131, 146
Decimal	10060690
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.15, 11.08, -4.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 12.132, 335.998
Yxy	25.0814, 0.3218, 0.3053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288250770 (0xFF998392)
YUV	139.2880, 3.3090, 12.0254
Hunter-Lab	50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204

# Details

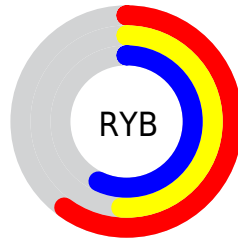
The HunterLab color  $50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $54.2618, -11.6004, 6.9584$ , and the grayscale version is  $50.9124, -2.7166, 2.7662$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $71.9142, 6.4423, -0.6252$ , and  $31.1511, 6.2715, -1.7577$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.9587, 13.4309, -4.0208$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $54.4556, -0.1130, 1.7362$ .

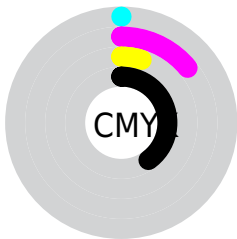
# Distribution



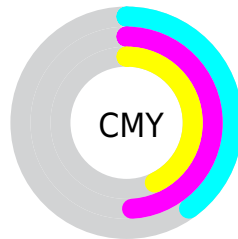
- Red (60%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.0802, 6.6047,  
-1.2204

■ 50.0802, 6.6047,  
-1.2204

166.8061, 4.6830,  
3.3121

■ 40.1717, 6.5227,  
-1.5018

■ 71.9647, 6.5484,  
-0.4983

■ 31.0188, 6.3559,  
-1.7239

■ 83.8583, 6.4277,  
-0.0682

■ 22.6910, 6.0877,  
-1.8773

■ 96.3433, 6.2524,  
0.4039

■ 15.2802, 5.6954,  
-1.9501

109.3929, 6.0266,  
0.9151

■ 8.8998, 5.2194,  
-1.9540

122.9836, 5.7540,  
1.4633

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.0948, 5.4375,

2.0467

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.7079, 5.0798,  
2.6634

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0802, 6.6047,  
-1.2204

■ 50.0802, 6.6047,  
-1.2204

■ 45.9587, 13.4309,  
-4.0208

■ 54.4556, -0.1130,  
1.7362

■ 42.1301, 20.3129,  
-6.6021

■ 59.0468, -6.6966,  
4.8014

■ 38.6460, 27.1356,  
-8.8701

■ 63.8265, -13.1461,  
7.9461

■ 35.5642, 33.7019,  
-10.6996

■ 68.7716, -19.4705,  
11.1501

■ 32.9461, 39.7121,  
-11.9383

■ 73.8635, -25.6832,  
14.4004

■ 30.8483, 44.7756,  
-12.4284

■ 79.0865, -31.7992,  
17.6881

■ 29.3082, 48.4831,  
-12.0547

■ 84.4281, -37.8333,  
21.0074

■ 28.3227, 50.5605,  
-10.8103

■ 89.8774, -43.7991,  
24.3545

■ 27.8895, 51.3681,  
-9.9349

■ 90.5551, -43.8048,  
23.2043

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0813, 3.2209, -5.4248



50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204



50.0813, 7.4571, 3.6911

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0813, 6.6033, -1.2195



50.0813, -3.6956, 11.1454



50.0813, -10.3653, -3.0734

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204



54.2618, -11.6004, 6.9584

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0813, -12.0604, 1.7414



50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204



50.0813, -8.3100, 9.7020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0813, 6.6033, -1.2195



50.0813, 1.3774, 10.5221



50.0813, -11.3233, 6.3746



50.0813, -6.6023, -6.5678



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204



50.0813, 6.4487, 6.6456



50.0813, -11.3233, 6.3746



50.0813, -11.1888, -1.5384

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0813, 6.6033, -1.2195



73.0534, -0.4165, 2.4439



48.9226, 3.2032, -6.3220



34.1292, 0.0990, 1.0148



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0813, 6.6033, -1.2195



65.3506, 11.5269, -2.7660



49.7557, 4.8744, 3.4145



25.0802, 1.4995, 0.1377



25.3668, 46.7430, -9.2021



3.2051, 6.0832, -2.5361



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.0813, 6.6033, -1.2195



65.3506, 11.5269, -2.7660



54.5686, -9.8758, 2.5725



25.0802, 1.4995, 0.1377



25.3668, 46.7430, -9.2021

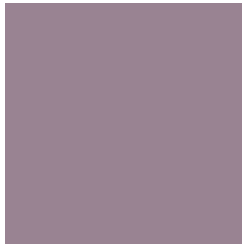


3.2051, 6.0832, -2.5361



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

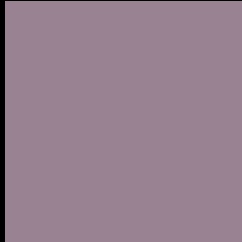
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204.

-1.2204.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204

### Protanopia

50.0125, -0.4987, -2.8996

### Deuteranopia

50.0534, 3.7312, -1.3044



## Tritanopia

50.1308, 5.1434, 0.7135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204

## Protanomaly

49.9391, 2.0575, -2.4548

## Deuteranomaly

49.9674, 4.8446, -1.3933

## Tritanomaly

50.1608, 5.3035, 0.2856

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204

## Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

## Achromatomaly

50.4882, 0.6981, 1.0702

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 131, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 131, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 131, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 131, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 131, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 131, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 131, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 131, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 131, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 131,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.0802, 6.6047, -1.2204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 131, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
131, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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