

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.0775, 9.1823,  
-80.9941)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.0775, 9.1823,  
-80.9941) contains.

<b>HunterLab(49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(49.9569, 9.4188,  
-81.3346)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1288FF
RGB	18, 136, 255
RGB Percent	7%, 53%, 100%
CMY	0.9292, 0.4667, 0.0000
CMYK	0.93, 0.47, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 54%
HSV	210°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	27.1036, 24.9569, 97.9964
YIQ	114.2840, -108.5270, 11.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

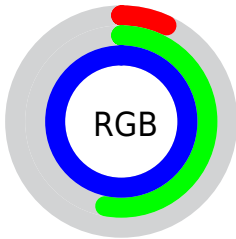
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	18, 97, 255
Decimal	1214719
CIE Lab	57.03, 14.31, -67.18
CIE LCh	57, 68.685, 282.022
Yxy	24.9576, 0.1806, 0.1663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279404799 (0xFF1288FF)
YUV	114.2840, 69.3730, -84.4411
Hunter-Lab	49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346

# Details

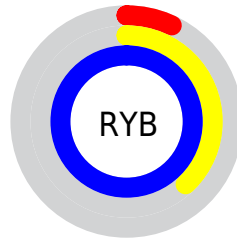
The HunterLab color **49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **62.6173, 33.8139, 38.6326**, and the grayscale version is **40.9074, -2.1827, 2.2226**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.7459, -7.8299, -39.3707**, and **32.9357, 15.4532, -74.5258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3097, 13.9142, -89.1698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.0180, 3.8964, -70.4873**.

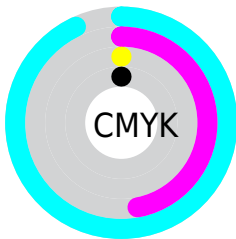
# Distribution



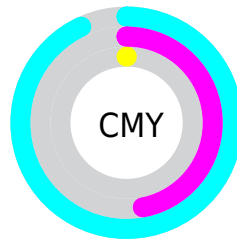
- Red (7%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.9569, 9.4188,  
-81.3346

■ 49.9569, 9.4188,  
-81.3346

166.6213, 8.7191,  
-87.9505

■ 40.0568, 9.1708,  
-81.5222

■ 71.8250, 9.6764,  
-82.1530

■ 30.9133, 8.8248,  
-82.5324

■ 83.7113, 9.7006,  
-82.8593

■ 22.5960, 8.3648,  
-85.0935

■ 96.1893, 9.6642,  
-83.6579

■ 15.1969, 7.7667,  
-90.9316

■ 109.2323, 9.5719,  
-84.5060

■ 8.8245, 7.0999,  
-105.5093

■ 122.8166, 9.4281,  
-85.3753

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

136.9217, 9.2360,

-86.2470

0.0000, NaN, -NF

151.5288, 8.9989,  
-87.1084

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 49.9569, 9.4188,  
-81.3346

■ 49.9569, 9.4188,  
-81.3346

■ 47.3097, 13.9142,  
-89.1698

■ 54.0180, 3.8964,  
-70.4873

■ 58.4737, -0.4919,  
-59.9059

■ 63.2957, -3.7730,  
-49.6839

■ 68.4496, -6.0334,  
-39.8751

■ 73.9010, -7.3829,  
-30.4945

■ 79.6186, -7.9340,  
-21.5303

■ 85.5745, -7.7920,  
-12.9545

■ 91.7444, -7.0507,  
-4.7315

■ 98.1073, -5.7913,  
3.1768

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.9575, -18.6645, -78.0269



49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346



49.9575, 40.1578, -54.5191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.9575, 9.4201, -81.3327



49.9575, 45.5869, 26.7179



49.9575, -45.2439, 16.4199

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346



62.6173, 33.8139, 38.6326

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.9575, -34.6460, 28.1842



49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346



49.9575, 15.6342, 31.3774

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.9575, 9.4201, -81.3327



49.9575, 63.9960, 12.5100



49.9575, -13.7064, 31.6961

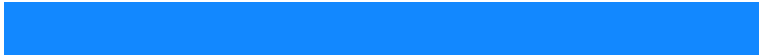


49.9575, -46.1740, -9.5690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346



49.9575, 56.3726, -28.9150



49.9575, -13.7064, 31.6961



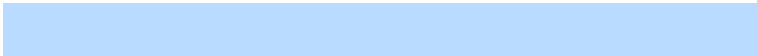
49.9575, -42.8284, 21.6826

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.9575, 9.4201, -81.3327



82.5216, -7.9446, -17.2633



85.6981, -65.6316, 35.4072



36.9992, -3.6753, -9.7154

0.0000, NaN, NaN

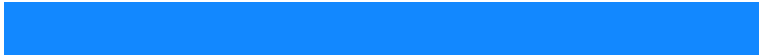


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.9575, 9.4201, -81.3327



47.3097, 13.9142, -89.1698



27.8986, 69.6556, -182.6494



43.4414, -3.0881, -0.9233



34.6315, 9.1936, -63.1326



11.7731, 1.0430, -16.9670



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.4477, 84.3336, 2.8242



47.7395, 84.9615, 5.9950



96.3451, -25.7419, 58.5633



42.5886, 2.5324, 1.0610



34.5524, 61.5739, 3.7088



10.8833, 19.5830, -0.2924



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

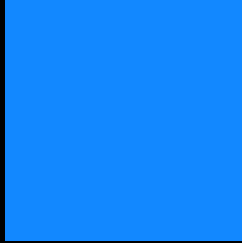
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

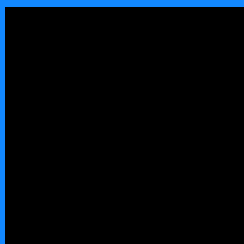
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

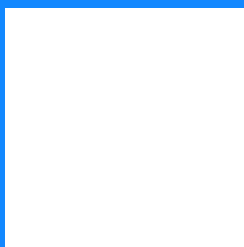
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346

### Protanopia

49.9634, 14.6176, -77.2603

### Deuteranopia

49.9969, 3.7666, -70.6227



## Tritanopia

49.7056, -24.1410, -10.0142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346

## Protanomaly

49.5859, 12.1459, -79.3516

## Deuteranomaly

49.9994, 5.7482, -74.3984

## Tritanomaly

49.5410, -13.8538, -31.5055

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346

## Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287

## Achromatomaly

42.7761, -4.0212, -23.0518

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 136, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 136, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 136, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 136, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 136, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 136, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 136, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 136, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 136, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 136, 255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 49.9569, 9.4188, -81.3346 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 136, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 136,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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