

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.1253, -4.9840,
0.0787)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.1253, -4.9840, 0.0787)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.1154, -4.9127,
0.0509)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	818B8F
RGB	129, 139, 143
RGB Percent	51%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.4941, 0.4549, 0.4392
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	197°, 6%, 53%
HSV	197°, 10%, 56%
XYZ	23.2438, 25.1155, 29.6093
YIQ	136.4660, -7.2440, -0.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

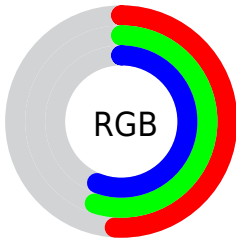
Format	Color
R _Y B	129, 135, 143
Decimal	8489871
CIE Lab	57.19, -2.79, -3.39
CIE LCh	57, 4.389, 230.514
Yxy	25.1166, 0.2981, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286679951 (0xFF818B8F)
YUV	136.4660, 3.2213, -6.5477
Hunter-Lab	50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509

Details

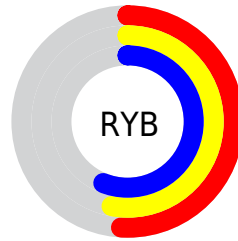
The HunterLab color $50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.1930, -0.1714, 5.2773$, and the grayscale version is $49.7943, -2.6569, 2.7054$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.8857, -6.0668, 0.6217$, and $31.0492, -3.4211, -0.7026$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.8679, -6.7955, -2.8109$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52.4602, -2.7483, 2.9074$.

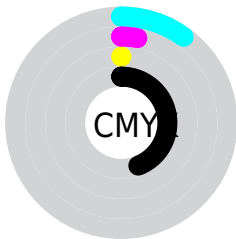
Distribution



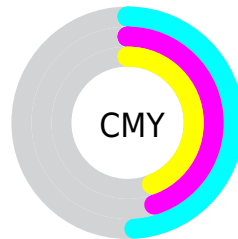
- Red (51%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.1154, -4.9127,
0.0509

■ 50.1154, -4.9127,
0.0509

166.8586,
-12.2687, 5.1447

■ 40.2044, -4.2229,
-0.3088

■ 72.0044, -6.3748,
0.9167

■ 31.0487, -3.5589,
-0.6143

■ 83.9000, -7.1441,
1.4137

■ 22.7180, -2.9212,
-0.8575

■ 96.3870, -7.9387,
1.9496

■ 15.3039, -2.3077,
-1.0276

109.4385, -8.7578,
2.5223

■ 8.9210, -1.8398,
-1.1336

123.0311, -9.6009,
3.1297

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.1440,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.4674, 3.7702

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.7587,
-11.3569, 4.4423

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1154, -4.9127,
0.0509

■ 50.1154, -4.9127,
0.0509

■ 47.8679, -6.7955,
-2.8109

■ 52.4602, -2.7483,
2.9074

■ 45.7210, -8.3622,
-5.6727

■ 54.8929, -0.3286,
5.7504

■ 43.6822, -9.5813,
-8.5232

■ 57.4088, 2.3185,
8.5770

■ 41.7579, -10.4203,
-11.3490

■ 60.0022, 5.1689,
11.3850

■ 39.9539, -10.8495,
-14.1343

■ 62.6681, 8.2013,
14.1732

■ 38.2745, -10.8446,
-16.8610

■ 65.4019, 11.3966,
16.9414

■ 36.7225, -10.3918,
-19.5108

■ 68.1991, 14.7382,
19.6898

■ 35.2969, -9.4934,
-22.0680

■ 71.0560, 18.2115,
22.4193

■ 33.9668, -8.2679,
-24.5756

■ 73.6191, 20.7070,
24.7973

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1165, -5.9577, 1.5303



50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509



50.1165, -3.2603, -0.7176

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1165, -4.9137, 0.0517



50.1165, 0.8721, 2.1684



50.1165, -3.9145, 5.7882

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509



49.1930, -0.1714, 5.2773

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1165, -2.0905, 5.9450



50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509



50.1165, 0.6908, 3.8968

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1165, -4.9137, 0.0517



50.1165, 0.0919, 0.5333



50.1165, -0.3999, 5.2643



50.1165, -5.3866, 4.8277

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509



50.1165, -2.0275, -0.7063



50.1165, -0.3999, 5.2643



50.1165, -3.3228, 5.9352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1165, -4.9137, 0.0517



69.1629, -4.6657, 2.6413



50.9951, -8.3576, 5.4904



33.0056, -2.3416, 1.1258



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1165, -4.9137, 0.0517



66.3131, -7.2328, -0.8740



48.1272, -1.6347, -2.3874



24.2067, -2.3066, 0.1092



31.9707, -7.8344, -23.0483



3.6798, -1.5290, -1.2988

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3784, 3.2946, -0.0686



63.4252, 6.4847, -1.0548



51.1581, -3.4702, 7.3919



23.4203, 1.4017, 0.0536



24.5320, 45.4962, -11.1587



2.4767, 4.7251, -2.1482

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

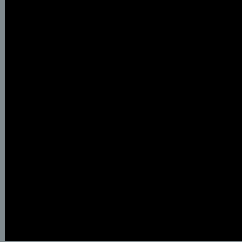
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

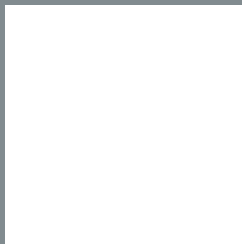
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1154, -4.9127,

0.0509.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509

Protanopia

49.9346, -1.2606, 0.8270

Deuteranopia

49.9917, 3.4010, -0.4290



Tritanopia

50.0926, -3.1411, -2.8426

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509

Protanomaly

49.9952, -2.4467, 0.4150

Deuteranomaly

49.9169, 0.3032, -0.5762

Tritanomaly

50.0294, -3.4885, -1.9465

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

49.7413, -3.5099, 1.4738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 139, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 139, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 139, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 139, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 139, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 139, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 139, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 139, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 139, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 139,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.1154, -4.9127, 0.0509 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 139, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
139, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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