

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.1568, 1.2784,
4.6502)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.1568, 1.2784, 4.6502)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.0395, 1.5086,
4.5681)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	948685
RGB	148, 134, 133
RGB Percent	58%, 53%, 52%
CMY	0.4196, 0.4745, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.42
HSL	4°, 7%, 55%
HSV	4°, 10%, 58%
XYZ	24.9715, 25.0395, 25.7072
YIQ	138.0720, 8.6650, 2.6570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

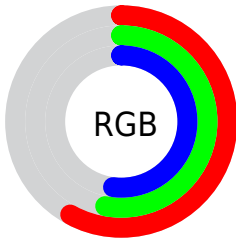
Format	Color
RYB	148, 134, 133
Decimal	9733765
CIELab	57.11, 5.09, 2.45
CIELCh	57, 5.647, 25.680
Yxy	25.0406, 0.3298, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287923845 (0xFF948685)
YUV	138.0720, -2.5005, 8.7069
Hunter-Lab	50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681

Details

The HunterLab color $50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.9071, -6.7172, 1.0861$, and the grayscale version is $50.4503, -2.6919, 2.7411$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71.8626, 0.8957, 5.9701$, and $30.8579, 2.1108, 2.9358$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.9218, 6.0633, 6.1931$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.3593, -2.8462, 2.9779$.

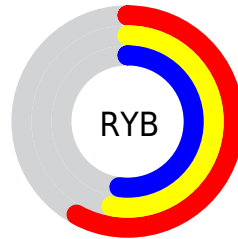
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (53%)

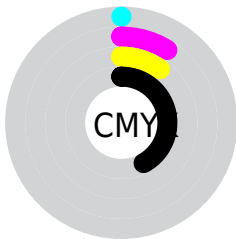
Blue (52%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (52%)

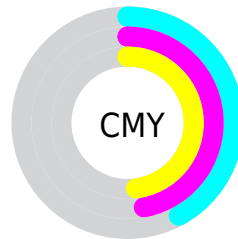


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.0395, 1.5086,
4.5681

■ 50.0395, 1.5086,
4.5681

166.7454, -2.7180,
11.8621

■ 40.1339, 1.7499,
3.8935

■ 71.9188, 0.8596,
6.0057

■ 30.9841, 1.9293,
3.2476

■ 83.8100, 0.4644,
6.7656

■ 22.6598, 2.0355,
2.6311

■ 96.2927, 0.0265,
7.5523

■ 15.2528, 2.0533,
2.0429

109.3401, -0.4513,
8.3649

■ 8.8751, 2.0325,
1.6261

122.9287, -0.9665,
9.2029

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.0379, -1.5172,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.0655

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.6490, -2.1015,
10.9521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0395, 1.5086,
4.5681

■ 50.0395, 1.5086,
4.5681

■ 45.9218, 6.0633,
6.1931

■ 54.3593, -2.8462,
2.9779

■ 42.0361, 10.8320,
7.8441

■ 58.8513, -7.0162,
1.4210

■ 38.4242, 15.8013,
9.5052

■ 63.4950, -11.0256,
-0.1040

■ 35.1357, 20.9197,
11.1438

■ 68.2729, -14.8968,
-1.6006

■ 32.2282, 26.0691,
12.7031

■ 73.1709, -18.6502,
-3.0724

■ 29.7644, 31.0394,
14.0980

■ 78.1772, -22.3044,
-4.5234

■ 27.8035, 35.5202,
15.2197

■ 83.2821, -25.8750,
-5.9571

■ 26.3873, 39.1447,
15.9628

■ 88.4774, -29.3756,
-7.3767

■ 25.5162, 41.5339,
16.4501

■ 92.2149, -33.5760,
-4.5938

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0406, 1.9600, 2.3957



50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681



50.0406, -0.0734, 6.1785

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.0406, 1.5072, 4.5689



50.0406, -6.3865, 5.1104



50.0406, -3.0161, -1.8016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681



52.9071, -6.7172, 1.0861

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.0406, -5.2200, -0.9961



50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681



50.0406, -7.1428, 3.0498

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.0406, 1.5072, 4.5689



50.0406, -4.6351, 6.4807



50.0406, -6.7198, 0.8057



50.0406, -0.6796, -1.3490

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681



50.0406, -1.5389, 6.7505



50.0406, -6.7198, 0.8057



50.0406, -3.7966, -1.6680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.0406, 1.5072, 4.5689



70.5034, -2.1158, 4.5690



50.1775, 4.2079, -1.6242



33.4741, -0.8010, 2.2600



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.0406, 1.5072, 4.5689



65.2951, 3.2526, 6.5195



52.1414, -2.0837, 6.8598



24.2363, 0.5252, 2.1235



23.6168, 38.2700, 15.2226



2.8394, 3.5228, 1.8113

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9071, -6.7172, 1.0861



69.8816, -9.9131, 0.9451



50.7300, -3.1917, -1.5411



25.4883, -3.0666, 0.6024



41.7062, -20.1302, -8.6739



4.7851, -2.4356, -0.7233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

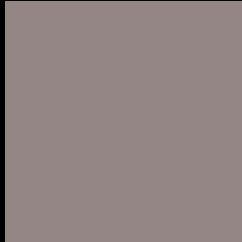
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

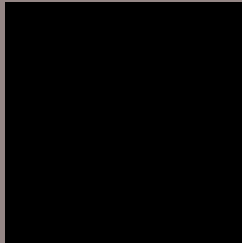
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.0395, 1.5086,

4.5681.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681

Protanopia

50.1876, -2.2413, 4.2413

Deuteranopia

50.1437, 3.2720, 4.7178



Tritanopia

49.8751, 4.3524, -0.0831

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681

Protanomaly

50.1689, -0.8566, 4.2441

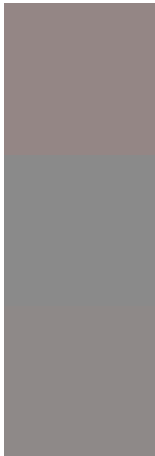
Deuteranomaly

50.0478, 2.9495, 4.6027

Tritanomaly

50.0287, 3.2262, 1.9361

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681

Achromatopsia

50.4135, -2.6899, 2.7391

Achromatomaly

50.4179, -1.3324, 3.6526

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 134, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 134, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 134, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 134, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 134, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 134, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 134, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 134, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 134, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 134,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.0395, 1.5086, 4.5681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 134, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
134, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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