

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.1626, 6.3872,
-76.1473)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.1626, 6.3872,
-76.1473) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.1112, 6.3669,
-76.0189)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	058AFA
RGB	5, 138, 250
RGB Percent	2%, 54%, 98%
CMY	0.9801, 0.4588, 0.0196
CMYK	0.98, 0.45, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	207°, 96%, 50%
HSV	207°, 98%, 98%
XYZ	26.4064, 25.1113, 93.8976
YIQ	111.0010, -115.2200, 6.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

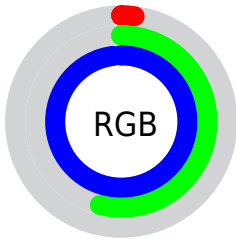
Format	Color
R _Y B	5, 91, 250
Decimal	363258
CIE Lab	57.18, 10.81, -64.19
CIE LCh	57, 65.093, 279.561
Yxy	25.1120, 0.1816, 0.1727
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278553338 (0xFF058AFA)
YUV	111.0010, 68.5265, -92.9629
Hunter-Lab	50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189

Details

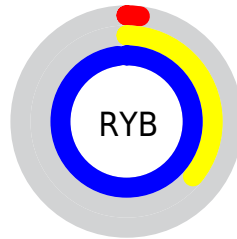
The HunterLab color **50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **57.5105, 41.5781, 36.0155**, and the grayscale version is **39.6565, -2.1160, 2.1546**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.2289, -9.3434, -38.5304**, and **33.1587, 13.0198, -69.5515** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.4175, 7.4870, -77.9297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6762, 1.2058, -66.8061**.

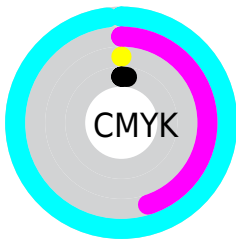
Distribution



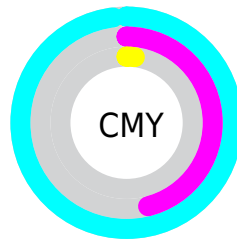
- Red (2%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.1112, 6.3669,
-76.0189

■ 50.1112, 6.3669,
-76.0189

■ 166.8519, 4.3436,
-82.7393

■ 40.2002, 6.3022,
-76.0248

■ 71.9992, 6.2866,
-77.0129

■ 31.0449, 6.1511,
-76.7341

■ 83.8946, 6.1535,
-77.7522

■ 22.7145, 5.8996,
-78.7798

■ 96.3813, 5.9663,
-78.5620

■ 15.3008, 5.5255,
-83.6584

■ 109.4326, 5.7291,
-79.4053

■ 8.9183, 5.0635,
-96.0152

■ 123.0249, 5.4455,
-80.2582

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.1376, 5.1184,

-81.1047

0.0000, NaN, -NF

151.7522, 4.7504,
-81.9342

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.1112, 6.3669,
-76.0189

■ 50.1112, 6.3669,
-76.0189

■ 49.4175, 7.4870,
-77.9297

■ 53.6762, 1.2058,
-66.8061

■ 57.5837, -2.9527,
-57.6919

■ 61.8294, -6.0638,
-48.7355

■ 66.3913, -8.1734,
-40.0022

■ 71.2431, -9.3633,
-31.5328

■ 76.3585, -9.7291,
-23.3448

■ 81.7126, -9.3669,
-15.4378

■ 87.2829, -8.3669,
-7.7998

■ 93.0492, -6.8097,
-0.4121

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1119, -19.7633, -70.5194



50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189



50.1119, 35.4425, -53.2572

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1119, 6.3683, -76.0176



50.1119, 44.6966, 25.2856



50.1119, -43.0728, 17.2510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189



57.5105, 41.5781, 36.0155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1119, -31.9848, 28.0104



50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189



50.1119, 17.0591, 30.6181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1119, 6.3683, -76.0176



50.1119, 60.5006, 10.3514



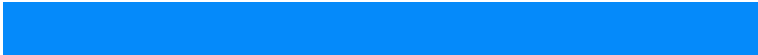
50.1119, -11.1222, 31.2421



50.1119, -44.7321, -6.3210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189



50.1119, 51.2520, -29.8438



50.1119, -11.1222, 31.2421



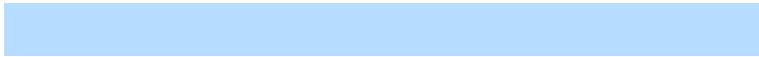
50.1119, -40.4592, 22.0409

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1119, 6.3683, -76.0176



82.9820, -9.6518, -16.6323



83.4559, -66.1391, 38.6820



37.3011, -4.5637, -9.2824

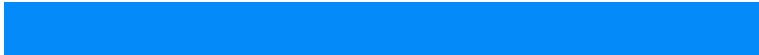
0.0000, NaN, NaN



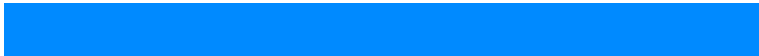
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1119, 6.3683, -76.0176



50.5078, 7.7221, -79.8001



27.1030, 67.9846, -179.9602



42.6662, -3.2778, -0.7050



36.3937, 4.7056, -55.6470



11.9948, -0.1935, -14.5748

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.1903, 84.1035, 0.3406



48.0691, 86.1610, 1.2858



90.1894, -19.3780, 55.1393



41.6927, 2.5545, 0.8105



34.2753, 61.5202, 0.2672



10.5331, 19.0922, -1.3634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

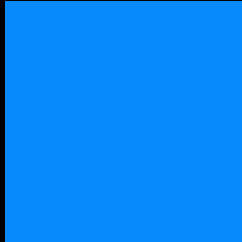
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

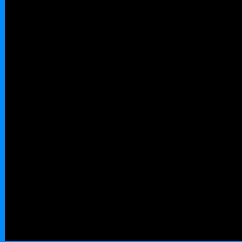
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

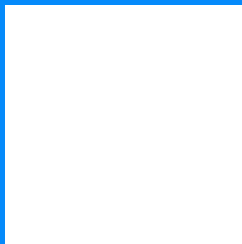
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189.

-76.0189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189

Protanopia

50.2062, 13.2396, -70.8474

Deuteranopia

50.1189, 4.4186, -72.1827



Tritanopia

50.0651, -24.3293, -10.0569

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189

Protanomaly

49.8554, 9.5231, -73.7607

Deuteranomaly

50.1932, 4.7889, -72.9311

Tritanomaly

49.7749, -14.6789, -30.3816

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189

Achromatopsia

39.8699, -2.1274, 2.1662

Achromatomaly

42.0251, -5.4510, -22.4251

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 138, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 138, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 138, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 138, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 138, 250) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 138, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 138, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 138, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 138, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 138,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.1112, 6.3669, -76.0189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 138, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 138,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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