

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.2112, -2.6316,
7.9778)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.2112, -2.6316, 7.9778)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(50.2112, -2.6387,
7.9835)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F897D
RGB	143, 137, 125
RGB Percent	56%, 54%, 49%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4627, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.13, 0.44
HSL	40°, 7%, 53%
HSV	40°, 13%, 56%
XYZ	23.9750, 25.2116, 23.0048
YIQ	137.4260, 7.4280, -2.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

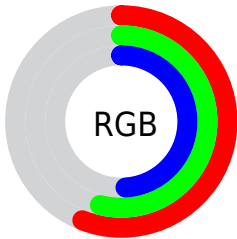
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 143, 125
Decimal	9406845
CIE Lab	57.28, 0.05, 7.23
CIE LCh	57, 7.228, 89.590
Yxy	25.2128, 0.3321, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287596925 (0xFF8F897D)
YUV	137.4260, -6.1260, 4.8884
Hunter-Lab	50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Details

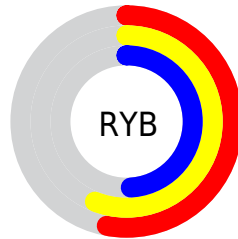
The HunterLab color $50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $47.5135, -2.2581, -3.1897$, and the grayscale version is $50.2076, -2.6790, 2.7279$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.0497, -3.5141, 9.6749$, and $31.0891, -1.4292, 6.0922$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.5266, -2.2888, 11.5924$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.9516, -2.7895, 3.9552$.

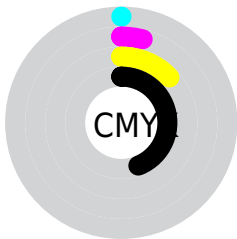
Distribution



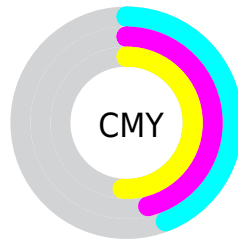
- Red (56%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.2112, -2.6387,
7.9835

■ 50.2112, -2.6387,
7.9835

167.0017, -8.8573,
17.1832

■ 40.2935, -2.1133,
7.0281

■ 72.1125, -3.8044,
9.9241

■ 31.1305, -1.6270,
6.0748

■ 84.0138, -4.4376,
10.9132

■ 22.7917, -1.1852,
5.1153

■ 96.5062, -5.1025,
11.9171

■ 15.3684, -0.7927,
4.1333

109.5628, -5.7976,
12.9369

■ 8.9787, -0.4545,
3.8257

123.1604, -6.5217,
13.9731

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.2780, -7.2737,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

15.0260

0.0000, NaN, NaN

151.8974, -8.0525,
16.0960

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.2112, -2.6387,
7.9835

■ 50.2112, -2.6387,
7.9835

■ 48.5266, -2.2888,
11.5924

■ 51.9516, -2.7895,
3.9552

■ 46.8970, -1.7264,
14.7541

■ 53.7419, -2.7469,
-0.4689

■ 45.3261, -0.9453,
17.4449

■ 55.5807, -2.5224,
-5.2624

■ 43.8164, 0.0606,
19.6434

■ 57.4656, -2.1264,
-10.4008

■ 42.3700, 1.2943,
21.3327

■ 59.3945, -1.5689,
-15.8609

■ 40.9888, 2.7549,
22.5036

■ 61.3650, -0.8598,
-21.6204

■ 39.6740, 4.4360,
23.1585

■ 63.3752, -0.0084,
-27.6591

■ 38.4258, 6.3234,
23.3185

■ 65.4231, 0.9763,
-33.9578

■ 37.5346, 7.7991,
23.2652

■ 67.5070, 2.0860,
-40.4990

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2123, 0.3128, 7.2984



50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835



50.2123, -5.5373, 7.3343

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.2123, -2.6401, 7.9842



50.2123, -7.6670, -0.0923



50.2123, 2.4621, -0.1652

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835



47.5135, -2.2581, -3.1897

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.2123, 0.2388, -2.3493



50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835



50.2123, -5.6080, -2.3054

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.2123, -2.6401, 7.9842



50.2123, -8.3973, 2.7729



50.2123, -2.7237, -3.1544



50.2123, 3.3012, 2.6934

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835



50.2123, -7.0579, 6.2075



50.2123, -2.7237, -3.1544



50.2123, 1.8493, -1.0087

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.2123, -2.6401, 7.9842



69.1696, -3.7197, 6.1349



47.0595, 3.9700, 2.0135



33.0454, -1.7774, 3.1231



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.2123, -2.6401, 7.9842



66.5719, -3.4320, 12.0603



51.6733, -6.3496, 9.4673



24.4678, -1.3068, 3.2062



35.3499, 7.2264, 21.9089



4.0013, -0.2604, 2.4610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.5135, -2.2581, -3.1897



62.1900, -2.8051, -6.0958



46.0869, 1.4348, -5.0080



23.5166, -1.1736, -0.7294



19.0590, 16.5021, -59.4455



2.6850, -0.0734, -3.1976

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

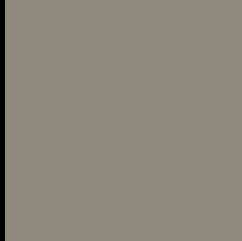
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

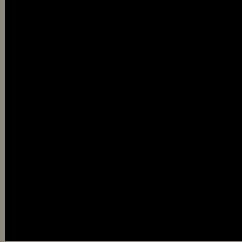
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

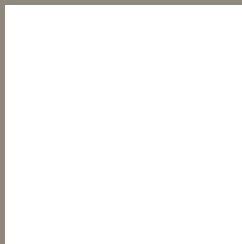
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835.

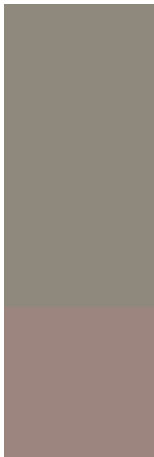


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Protanopia

50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Deuteranopia

50.2494, 3.2543, 7.7304



Tritanopia

50.2051, 2.7686, -0.6509

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Protanomaly

50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Deuteranomaly

50.1357, 1.4615, 7.5762

Tritanomaly

50.1823, 0.8522, 2.5284

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835

Achromatopsia

50.0158, -2.6687, 2.7175

Achromatomaly

50.0737, -2.6926, 4.5335

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 137, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 137, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 137, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 137, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 137, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 137, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 137, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 137, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 137, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 137,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.2112, -2.6387, 7.9835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 137, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
137, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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