

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA6A00
RGB	218, 106, 0
RGB Percent	85%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.1451, 0.5843, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 1.00, 0.15
HSL	29°, 100%, 43%
HSV	29°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	34.0674, 25.2135, 3.0711
YIQ	127.4040, 100.7780, -9.2220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

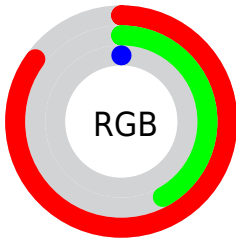
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 206, 0
Decimal	14313984
CIE Lab	57.28, 39.29, 65.47
CIE LCh	57, 76.355, 59.029
Yxy	25.2148, 0.5464, 0.4044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292504064 (0xFFDA6A00)
YUV	127.4040, -62.8102, 79.4527
Hunter-Lab	50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228

# Details

The HunterLab color **50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **40.8044, 9.2975, -71.0719**, and the grayscale version is **46.4391, -2.4779, 2.5231**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.1540, 23.7881, 37.9287**, and **31.3054, 31.1799, 19.8361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.2137, 33.2298, 31.5232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.6624, 27.9705, 32.0964**.

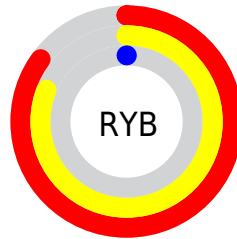
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (42%)

Blue (0%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (0%)

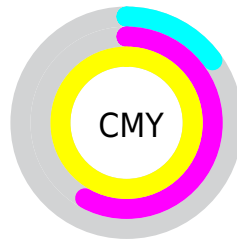


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228

50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228

167.0049, 41.2336,  
68.1710

40.2954, 31.8508,  
26.5422

72.1149, 35.6360,  
40.7752

31.1322, 30.3481,  
21.7926

84.0163, 36.6838,  
45.0967

22.7933, 28.7223,  
15.9553

96.5088, 37.6383,  
49.2500

15.3698, 27.0081,  
10.7589

109.5655, 38.5068,  
53.2575

8.9800, 25.4533,  
6.2860

123.1632, 39.2953,  
57.1384


0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


137.2810, 40.0095,


60.9088


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 151.9004, 40.6542,  
64.5824


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228


 50.2130, 33.2321,  
31.5228


 50.2137, 33.2298,  
31.5232

 52.6624, 27.9705,  
32.0964

 55.3432, 22.9145,  
31.9920

 58.2519, 18.1780,  
31.0596

 61.3738, 13.8103,  
29.3066

 64.6930, 9.8330,  
26.7745

■ 68.1941, 6.2483,  
23.5211

■ 71.8618, 3.0461,  
19.6101

■ 75.6824, 0.2080,  
15.1051

■ 79.6432, -2.2886,  
10.0659

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2144, 63.5573, 23.7059



50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228



50.2144, -1.6309, 33.1403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.2144, 33.2283, 31.5234



50.2144, -50.7259, 3.7190



50.2144, 30.9504, -80.5864

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228



40.8044, 9.2975, -71.0719

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.2144, -3.7246, -98.6817



50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228



50.2144, -46.0874, -34.9644

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.2144, 33.2283, 31.5234



50.2144, -45.4329, 24.5460



50.2144, -30.6831, -78.2756



50.2144, 62.0264, -37.8889



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228



50.2144, -21.2791, 32.5957



50.2144, -30.6831, -78.2756



50.2144, 19.0902, -90.6066

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.2144, 33.2283, 31.5234



85.7041, 3.7348, 23.5552



40.1117, 71.6435, 3.0370



38.7789, 2.4576, 11.8552

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.2144, 33.2283, 31.5234



59.7279, 40.2629, 37.5089



79.4883, -19.9691, 48.6306



37.5386, -1.1369, 4.5913



39.1406, 25.0720, 24.5572



10.7918, 4.5234, 6.7290



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.8044, 9.2975, -71.0719



48.4291, 11.6951, -85.7784



22.6737, 60.2582, -158.4192



37.0377, -2.6982, -0.6799



31.9237, 6.5393, -54.0182



9.1246, -0.1375, -11.1081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.2130, 33.2321,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228

### Protanopia

50.2910, -6.6715, 30.1460

### Deuteranopia

50.2307, 2.9684, 31.0039



## Tritanopia

50.3148, 42.6113, 16.0011

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228

## Protanomaly

49.5297, 7.4481, 30.2340

## Deuteranomaly

49.8660, 13.6601, 30.9664

## Tritanomaly

50.1235, 37.9221, 25.2684

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228

## Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

## Achromatomaly

46.1100, 6.7157, 18.5206

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 106, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 106, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 106, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 106, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 106, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 106, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 106, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 106, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 106, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 106,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.2130, 33.2321, 31.5228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 106, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
106, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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