

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.4029, 10.6612,
7.6156)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.4029, 10.6612,
7.6156) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.4040, 10.6405,
7.6266)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9807F
RGB	169, 128, 127
RGB Percent	66%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4980, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.25, 0.34
HSL	1°, 20%, 58%
HSV	1°, 25%, 66%
XYZ	27.9121, 25.4056, 23.5113
YIQ	140.1450, 24.7570, 8.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

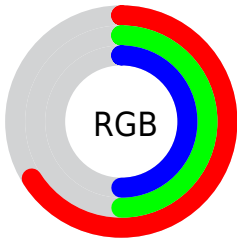
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 128, 127
Decimal	11108479
CIE _{Lab}	57.47, 15.67, 6.68
CIE _{LCh}	57, 17.033, 23.103
Yxy	25.4068, 0.3633, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289298559 (0xFFA9807F)
YUV	140.1450, -6.4805, 25.3058
Hunter-Lab	50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266

Details

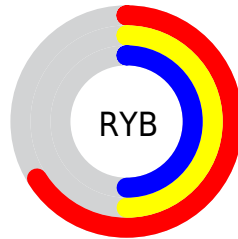
The HunterLab color $50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $59.4818, -14.3175, -1.0135$, and the grayscale version is $51.2873, -2.7366, 2.7865$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.3537, 11.0754, 9.3942$, and $31.3927, 9.7333, 5.9015$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45.8727, 16.7002, 9.4551$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.2667, 4.8213, 5.8757$.

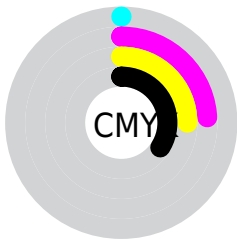
Distribution



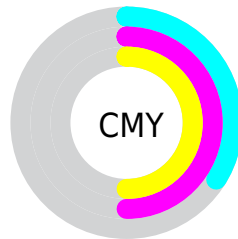
- Red (66%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.4040, 10.6405,
7.6266

■ 50.4040, 10.6405,
7.6266

167.2895, 10.4217,
16.6083

■ 40.4727, 10.3239,
6.7040

■ 72.3301, 11.0169,
9.5092

■ 31.2949, 9.9092,
5.7867

■ 84.2428, 11.0984,
10.4720

■ 22.9399, 9.3769,
4.8678

■ 96.7459, 11.1171,
11.4511

■ 15.4985, 8.7030,
3.9330

109.8129, 11.0780,
12.4472

■ 9.0936, 7.8869,
3.5416

123.4204, 10.9855,
13.4608

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.5476, 10.8433,

14.4921

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.1762, 10.6545,
15.5413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.4040, 10.6405,
7.6266

■ 50.4040, 10.6405,
7.6266

■ 45.8727, 16.7002,
9.4551

■ 55.2667, 4.8213,
5.8757

■ 41.7318, 22.9531,
11.3374

■ 60.4068, -0.7456,
4.2048

■ 38.0570, 29.2632,
13.2249

■ 65.7851, -6.0791,
2.6109

■ 34.9318, 35.3748,
15.0284

■ 71.3694, -11.2056,
1.0863

■ 32.4388, 40.8917,
16.6144

■ 77.1341, -16.1537,
-0.3777

■ 30.6397, 45.3274,
17.8274

■ 83.0584, -20.9507,
-1.7897

■ 29.5467, 48.2637,
18.5501

■ 89.1256, -25.6211,
-3.1578

■ 29.1937, 49.2235,
18.8507

■ 93.3676, -29.2381,
-3.0567

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.4052, 11.7517, 1.1418



50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266



50.4052, 5.8630, 12.1530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4052, 10.6386, 7.6274



50.4052, -13.2597, 10.0056



50.4052, -4.3386, -12.1052

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266



59.4818, -14.3175, -1.0135

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.4052, -10.7123, -8.9234



50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266



50.4052, -15.6730, 4.2947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4052, 10.6386, 7.6274



50.4052, -7.9933, 13.3859



50.4052, -14.7671, -2.6836



50.4052, 2.8375, -10.8853

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266



50.4052, 1.3816, 13.7571



50.4052, -14.7671, -2.6836



50.4052, -6.6406, -11.5017

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.4052, 10.6386, 7.6274



79.2463, 0.6674, 6.1262



51.4319, 17.7485, -10.8724



36.8160, 0.5029, 2.9174



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.4052, 10.6386, 7.6274



63.9479, 18.8113, 11.5867



56.0068, 0.4482, 13.2630



27.5135, 0.8008, 2.3373



25.2255, 42.4181, 16.2865



4.0439, 6.2530, 2.6013

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.4818, -14.3175, -1.0135



78.7111, -21.9510, -2.5210



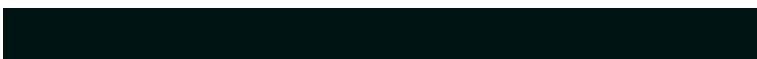
53.2332, -4.6528, -9.0865



29.1562, -3.6868, 0.7824



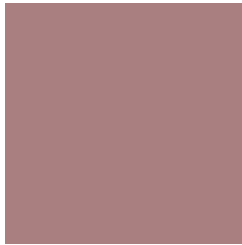
47.1092, -24.2171, -6.6045



7.4107, -3.8523, -0.9466

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

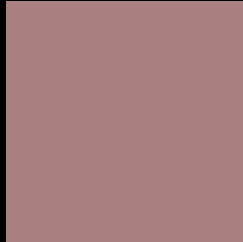
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.4040, 10.6405,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266

Protanopia

50.5902, -2.4105, 5.5475

Deuteranopia

50.3481, 3.5859, 7.8428



Tritanopia

50.4999, 12.7550, 3.9942

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266

Protanomaly

50.3362, 2.3503, 6.1823

Deuteranomaly

50.3150, 6.2457, 7.8537

Tritanomaly

50.4165, 12.3235, 5.1863

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

50.9283, 1.7928, 4.7281

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 128, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 128, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 128, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 128, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 128, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 128, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 128, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 128, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 128, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 128,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.4040, 10.6405, 7.6266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 128, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
128, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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