

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.4223, -42.9251,
30.1008)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.4223, -42.9251,
30.1008) contains.

HunterLab(50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.5387,
-43.0472, 30.1860)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06A106
RGB	6, 161, 6
RGB Percent	2%, 63%, 2%
CMY	0.9765, 0.3686, 0.9764
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.96, 0.37
HSL	120°, 93%, 33%
HSV	120°, 96%, 63%
XYZ	12.8528, 25.5416, 4.4249
YIQ	96.9850, -42.6250, -81.0650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

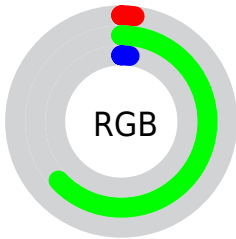
Format	Color
RYB	6, 161, 161
Decimal	434438
CIELab	57.60, -60.60, 58.13
CIELCh	58, 83.975, 136.190
Yxy	25.5427, 0.3002, 0.5965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278624518 (0xFF06A106)
YUV	96.9850, -44.8556, -79.7938
Hunter-Lab	50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860

Details

The HunterLab color **50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **32.0631, 61.8892, -41.5008**, and the grayscale version is **34.7437, -1.8538, 1.8877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4567, -51.2550, 38.4489**, and **32.7492, -28.0825, 19.6883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4884, -43.2936, 30.3523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.7157, -42.2078, 29.6179**.

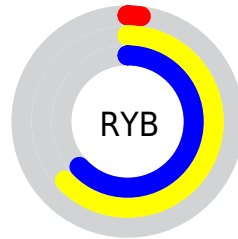
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (63%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (63%)

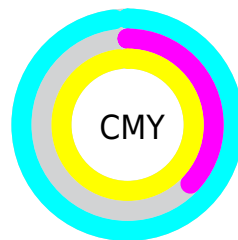


Cyan (96%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5387, -43.0472,
30.1860

■ 50.5387, -43.0472,
30.1860

167.4902,
-76.0895, 63.1381

■ 40.5978, -38.4924,
25.6998

■ 72.4819, -51.3773,
38.4840

■ 31.4098, -33.5732,
21.1033

■ 84.4024, -55.2520,
42.3580

■ 23.0435, -28.1659,
16.1304

■ 96.9131, -58.9790,
46.0846

■ 15.5894, -23.0149,
10.9126

■ 109.9873,
-62.5826, 49.6849

■ 9.1728, -16.0525,
6.4210

■ 123.6017,
-66.0816, 53.1770


0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 137.7357,


-69.4913, 56.5753


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 152.3707,
-72.8239, 59.8923


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 50.5387, -43.0472,
30.1860


 50.5387, -43.0472,
30.1860


 50.4884, -43.2936,
30.3523

 50.7157, -42.2078,
29.6179

 51.0372, -40.6818,
28.5857

 51.5293, -38.3677,
27.0207

 52.2065, -35.2243,
24.8951

 53.0784, -31.2455,
22.2051

■ 54.1500, -26.4553,
18.9670

■ 55.4224, -20.9020,
15.2136

■ 56.8938, -14.6509,
10.9894

■ 58.5593, -7.7783,
6.3461

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5397, -20.3180, 33.7979



50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



50.5397, -53.2813, 15.8986

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5397, -43.0479, 30.1862



50.5397, -17.9474, -109.2292



50.5397, 80.7219, 17.6839

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



32.0631, 61.8892, -41.5008

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5397, 81.8760, -15.2812



50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



50.5397, 17.7217, -107.3584

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5397, -43.0479, 30.1862



50.5397, -41.7264, -69.8668



50.5397, 56.4214, -65.7676



50.5397, 53.6027, 30.7250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



50.5397, -54.1415, -4.7435



50.5397, 56.4214, -65.7676



50.5397, 84.3710, 9.2488

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5397, -43.0479, 30.1862



73.5812, -30.5097, 22.0746



57.5163, -15.3803, 34.9944



34.1409, -15.6771, 11.2766



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5397, -43.0479, 30.1862



67.5648, -57.9366, 40.6184



51.1486, -39.2521, 21.2261



28.0981, -4.7941, 3.7671



45.1198, -38.6900, 27.1248



6.5404, -5.6082, 3.9316

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.0631, 61.8892, -41.5008



42.6350, 83.8202, -56.2207



28.8789, 50.4864, 1.6684



26.8369, 2.0178, -0.8876



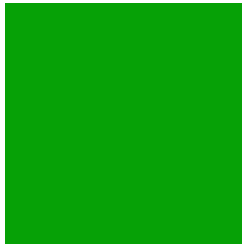
28.4716, 55.9752, -37.5444



4.1272, 8.1141, -5.4428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5387,

-43.0472, 30.1860.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860

Protanopia

50.1453, -7.2846, 30.7718

Deuteranopia

49.9708, 3.7091, 28.9701



Tritanopia

50.6461, -18.8047, -9.1377

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



Protanomaly

48.3000, -26.6633, 29.2249



Deuteranomaly

47.4978, -21.5948, 27.8112



Tritanomaly

49.6880, -32.3940, 14.1032

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860



Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785



Achromatomaly

38.5916, -22.4091, 15.9356

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 161, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 161, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 161, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 161, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 161, 6) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 161, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 161, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 161, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 161, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 161, 6) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.5387, -43.0472, 30.1860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 161, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 161,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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