

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.4615, 38.9464,
-79.3839)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.4615, 38.9464,
-79.3839) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.3643, 39.1742,
-79.6544)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9272FF
RGB	146, 114, 255
RGB Percent	57%, 45%, 100%
CMY	0.4274, 0.5529, 0.0000
CMYK	0.43, 0.55, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	254°, 100%, 72%
HSV	254°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	35.9214, 25.3656, 97.6106
YIQ	139.6420, -26.1890, 50.6350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

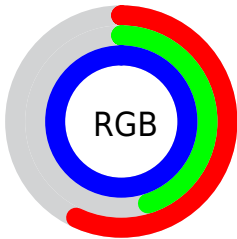
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 114, 255
Decimal	9597695
CIE _{Lab}	57.43, 44.99, -66.24
CIE _{LCh}	57, 80.075, 304.185
Yxy	25.3664, 0.2261, 0.1596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287787775 (0xFF9272FF)
YUV	139.6420, 56.8715, 5.5760
Hunter-Lab	50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544

Details

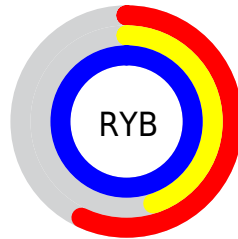
The HunterLab color $50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9966FF$. A complement of this color would be $94.0332, -33.1453, 47.3246$, and the grayscale version is $50.8565, -2.7136, 2.7631$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.1640, 26.1875, -38.0244$, and $31.1837, 36.1099, -80.5862$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.2897, 48.8864, -102.0449$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.2300, 29.9787, -59.9242$.

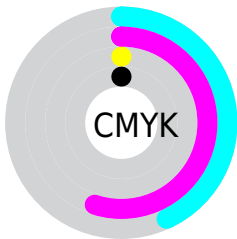
Distribution



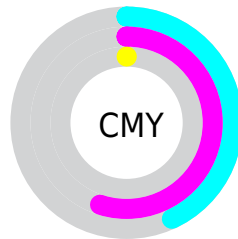
- Red (57%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

50.3643, 39.1742,
-79.6544

50.3643, 39.1742,
-79.6544

167.2297, 48.9763,
-86.3350

40.4355, 37.5865,
-79.7618

72.2849, 42.0054,
-80.5490

31.2608, 35.8813,
-80.6376

84.1952, 43.2612,
-81.2707

22.9091, 34.0752,
-82.9600

96.6961, 44.4201,
-82.0759

15.4715, 32.2363,
-88.3265

109.7610, 45.4889,
-82.9243

9.0699, 30.6863,
-101.5435

123.3664, 46.4737,
-83.7894

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.4916, 47.3800,

-84.6536

0.0000, NaN, -NF

152.1183, 48.2127,
-85.5048

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.3643, 39.1742,
-79.6544

■ 50.3643, 39.1742,
-79.6544

■ 43.2897, 48.8864,
-102.0449

■ 58.2300, 29.9787,
-59.9242

■ 37.2492, 58.6435,
-126.6087

■ 66.7073, 21.3818,
-42.6092

■ 32.5492, 67.2271,
-151.0994

■ 75.6729, 13.3206,
-27.2631

■ 29.4649, 72.6687,
-170.9437

■ 85.0391, 5.6953,
-13.4609

■ 28.4884, 74.1302,
-178.0450

■ 94.7430, -1.5894,
-0.8530

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.3651, 2.1307, -105.7613



50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544



50.3651, 69.9974, -32.2030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.3651, 39.1744, -79.6521



50.3651, 28.7774, 32.6590



50.3651, -52.4235, -1.9717

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544



94.0332, -33.1453, 47.3246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.3651, -48.7851, 22.8870



50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544



50.3651, -7.3360, 33.6193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.3651, 39.1744, -79.6521



50.3651, 62.9701, 26.5459



50.3651, -34.1950, 31.7314



50.3651, -45.8945, -45.6999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544



50.3651, 79.4318, -3.9183



50.3651, -34.1950, 31.7314



50.3651, -52.3335, 8.6002

Sweetspot

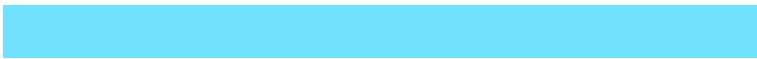
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.3651, 39.1744, -79.6521



83.4154, 6.9701, -15.7231



80.2192, -25.1953, -20.9349



37.7134, 3.9251, -8.5279

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.3651, 39.1744, -79.6521



42.8256, 49.5835, -103.7228



58.0601, 58.5917, -59.8098



41.9244, 0.6673, -2.7924



20.7246, 53.6945, -127.7147



6.8153, 17.0610, -37.3749

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1470, 65.2314, -27.1638



57.4694, 76.8508, -30.8270



89.2189, -51.8679, 43.4886



42.6915, 3.0839, -0.4024



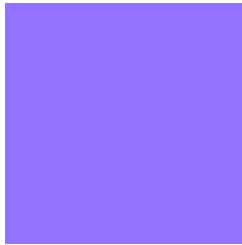
36.3894, 68.1796, -21.9246



11.4269, 21.5303, -7.8200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

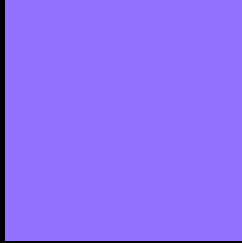
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

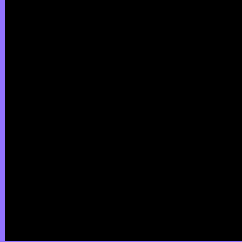
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544.

-79.6544.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544

Protanopia

50.7208, 14.7018, -79.0801

Deuteranopia

50.5307, 4.5518, -72.9849



Tritanopia

50.3803, -6.4005, -4.0272

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544

Protanomaly

50.1080, 22.3683, -80.6763

Deuteranomaly

48.9434, 12.8095, -80.1777

Tritanomaly

49.6513, 8.4066, -26.7481

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544

Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824

Achromatomaly

50.3595, 10.1076, -20.8959

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 114, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 114, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 114, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 114, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 114, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 114, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 114, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 114, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 114, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 114,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.3643, 39.1742, -79.6544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 114, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
114, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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