

Converting Colors

HunterLab(50.5446, -12.2893,
-1.6359)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(50.5446, -12.2893,
-1.6359) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.5426,
-12.2494, -1.4515)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C9193
RGB	108, 145, 147
RGB Percent	42%, 57%, 58%
CMY	0.5765, 0.4314, 0.4235
CMYK	0.27, 0.01, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	183°, 15%, 50%
HSV	183°, 27%, 58%
XYZ	21.5762, 25.5455, 31.3974
YIQ	134.1650, -22.6940, -7.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

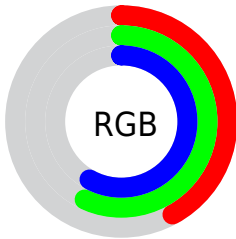
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 127, 147
Decimal	7115155
CIE _{Lab}	57.60, -12.24, -5.23
CIE _{LCh}	58, 13.314, 203.125
Yxy	25.5466, 0.2748, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285305235 (0xFF6C9193)
YUV	134.1650, 6.3277, -22.9467
Hunter-Lab	50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515

Details

The HunterLab color $50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $42.9392, 9.3092, 7.0314$, and the grayscale version is $48.8744, -2.6078, 2.6554$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.4827, -14.8845, -0.7977$, and $31.3022, -9.3643, -2.2967$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.4690, -15.0449, -2.8652$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.7477, -9.0359, 0.1010$.

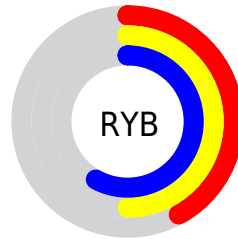
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (57%)

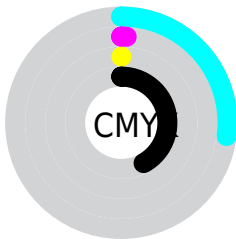
Blue (58%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (58%)

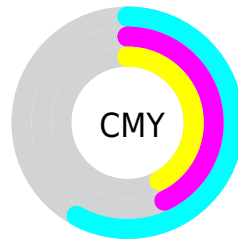


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5426, -12.2494,
-1.4515

■ 50.5426, -12.2494,
-1.4515

167.4960,
-23.4933, 2.9916

■ 40.6014, -10.9922,
-1.7211

■ 72.4862, -14.7319,
-0.7519

■ 31.4131, -9.7098,
-1.9307

■ 84.4070, -15.9679,
-0.3323

■ 23.0465, -8.3859,
-2.0710

■ 96.9180, -17.2057,
0.1295

■ 15.5920, -6.9904,
-2.1300

■ 109.9924,
-18.4479, 0.6310

■ 9.1751, -6.3053,
-2.0969

123.6069,
-19.6964, 1.1697

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

137.7411,

-20.9528, 1.7439

0.0000, NaN, NaN

152.3763,
-22.2181, 2.3517

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.5426, -12.2494,
-1.4515

■ 50.5426, -12.2494,
-1.4515

■ 49.4690, -15.0449,
-2.8652

■ 51.7477, -9.0359,
0.1010

■ 48.5244, -17.3973,
-4.1325

■ 53.0793, -5.4312,
1.7781

■ 47.7088, -19.2928,
-5.2449

■ 54.5353, -1.4687,
3.5678

■ 47.0188, -20.7272,
-6.1985

■ 56.1118, 2.8171,
5.4574

■ 46.4489, -21.7096,
-6.9940

■ 57.8040, 7.3917,
7.4341

■ 45.9904, -22.2647,
-7.6375

■ 59.6070, 12.2213,
9.4861

■ 45.6258, -22.4554,
-8.1500

■ 61.5156, 17.2744,
11.6026

■ 45.5062, -22.4949,
-8.3187

■ 63.5244, 22.5217,
13.7736

■ 65.6281, 27.9369,
15.9905

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5436, -12.9778, 3.9652



50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515



50.5436, -9.0163, -6.1731

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5436, -12.2501, -1.4507



50.5436, 6.2300, -3.8078



50.5436, -1.4007, 11.9223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515



42.9392, 9.3092, 7.0314

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5436, 3.9435, 10.2966



50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515



50.5436, 8.4718, 1.5063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5436, -12.2501, -1.4507



50.5436, 1.6108, -7.6344



50.5436, 7.6173, 6.6208



50.5436, -6.8702, 11.3142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515



50.5436, -5.7956, -8.0964



50.5436, 7.6173, 6.6208



50.5436, 0.4727, 11.6254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5436, -12.2501, -1.4507



70.7291, -8.0907, 2.0018



50.1804, -18.6990, 13.1800



33.6707, -4.1983, 0.8030



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5436, -12.2501, -1.4507



66.7366, -18.7541, -3.1241



44.8354, -3.3969, -8.9357



25.5183, -3.1144, 0.6378



42.3836, -20.9609, -7.7273



4.8211, -2.4789, -0.6748

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5581, 16.0049, -9.3442



55.4285, 27.3949, -16.3263



48.0683, -0.0112, 12.1192



24.2984, 1.7210, -0.6213



26.4704, 51.4855, -30.6016



2.9501, 5.7709, -3.6663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

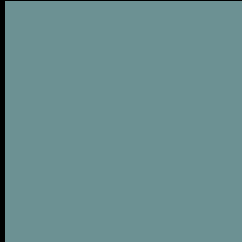
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

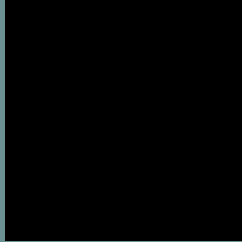
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515.



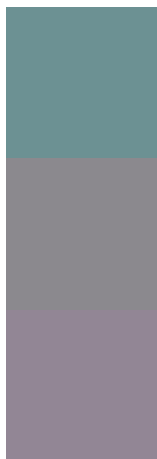
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5426,

-12.2494, -1.4515.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515

Protanopia

50.3322, -1.2801, 0.8463

Deuteranopia

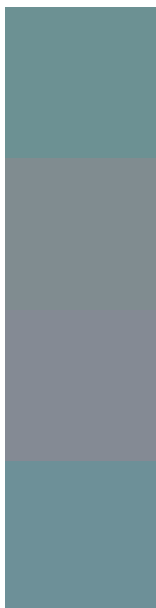
50.3300, 3.4386, -2.4224



Tritanopia

50.6242, -9.8921, -5.2975

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515

Protanomaly

50.3577, -5.4854, -0.1316

Deuteranomaly

50.2201, -2.7603, -2.1798

Tritanomaly

50.4626, -10.6755, -3.9943

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

49.3974, -6.2024, 1.0120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 145, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 145, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 145, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 145, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 145, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 145, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 145, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 145, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 145, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 145,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.5426, -12.2494, -1.4515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 145, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
145, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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